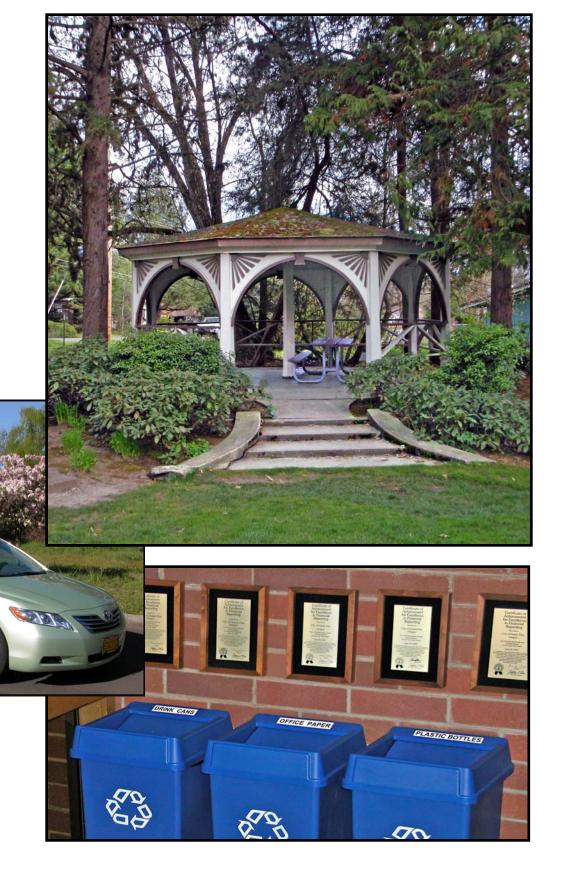


# City of Grants Pass, Oregon Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the year ended June 30, 2010



### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2010

Prepared by:

**City of Grants Pass Finance Department** 

Jay Meredith, Finance Director Tammy Canady, Analyst

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# WHERE THE ROGUE RIVER RUNS



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### **ELECTED OFFICIALS**

June 30, 2010 (as of Date)

<u>NAME</u>	TERM EXPIRES
Mike Murphy, Mayor	December 31, 2012
Del Renfro, NW – Ward 1	December 31, 2010
Dan DeYoung, NW – Ward 1	December 31, 2012
Rick Riker, NE – Ward 2	December 31, 2010
Lily Morgan, NE – Ward 2	December 31, 2012
Tim Cummings, SE – Ward 3	December 31, 2010
Richard Michelon, SE – Ward 3	December 31, 2012
Darin Fowler, SW – Ward 4	December 31, 2010
Kris Woodburn, SW – Ward 4	December 31, 2012

All council members receive mail at the address listed below.

### **CITY MANAGER**

Laurel Samson

### FINANCE DIRECTOR

Jay Meredith

City of Grants Pass Municipal Building 101 N.W. "A" Street Grants Pass, OR 97526

# WHERE THE ROGUE RIVER RUNS



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December 20, 2010

To the Honorable Mayor Mike Murphy, Members of the City Council, Reviewing Agencies, and the Citizens of Grants Pass:

We are please to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the City of Grants Pass, Oregon. This report is for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010.

Grants Pass Municipal government undergoes an annual audit to report information on local government financial affairs and to ensure compliance with government accounting standards and practices. Local government has very stringent reporting and accounting standards that require full disclosure of financial affairs to the public that it serves. This report is presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and is audited in conformance with generally accepted auditing standards.

The annual audit is prepared to meet legal requirements (ORS 297.425) and to respond to our Council's strong belief in total disclosure and effective communication. Pauly, Rogers and Co., P.C., a firm of certified public accountants, have audited the attached financial statements. The City is responsible for the accuracy of the data and the complete disclosure of our financial records. The auditors test transactions, verify the system, and assure accuracy. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Grants Pass. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. We believe that the financial information and disclosures of this report are accurate in all material respects, and that the report fairly represents the financial position of the City and the results of operations for the last year, as measured by financial activity. We have included all disclosures necessary for the reader to understand the financial condition of the City.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Grants Pass was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of the federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements

involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are included and are available in the Auditors' Comments and Disclosures section of this report.

Generally accepted accounting principals require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Grants Pass' MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

### **Profile of the City of Grants Pass**

Grants Pass has grown to an estimated population of 33,225 residents and is a beautiful community with a "hometown" feeling. The City was incorporated in 1887 and today encompasses 7,026 acres of land. Grants Pass is located on Interstate 5 in the "Sun Belt" of Southern Oregon, astride the banks of the Rogue River, one of America's premier white water rivers. The City is nestled among a series of mountains providing the valley a scenic backdrop. Grants Pass is the County seat of Josephine County and serves as the major commercial, cultural, and economic center for a County population of 83,665.

### **Factors Impacting Financial Conditions**

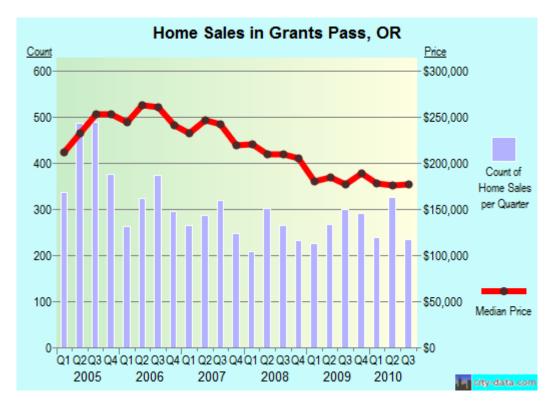
The City of Grants Pass continues to rank 15th in population among 242 communities in Oregon. Grants Pass' real estate assessed value rose by 3.9% in spite of the foreclosure and other housing market concerns during this fiscal year. This was in part due to assessed values still being well under average market values and a small amount of new development. The 2011 assessment change report also just came in, showing a 1.8% increase on assessed values for existing properties and approximately a 1% increase in values as a result of new development, for a total of a 2.8% increase for FY'11. Assessed property values are starting to keep up with market values for many properties.

In spite of the economic downturn, Grants Pass continues to see new development. The Building and Safety Division issued 72 structural permits during the year, down only 15 from the number of permits issued in the previous year. Total commercial construction units where up 2 in number and \$2.1M in value, while total residential construction declined by 17 units and \$3.2M in value as compared to FY'09. While FY'10 was the lowest level of construction out of any year in the last 10 years it was only down slightly in residential construction and actually up in commercial construction as compared to FY'09. A total of 58 single-family residential permits were issued compared to 75 for FY'09, while the number of multi-family permits held at 1 like FY'09. Commercial permits totaled 13 in the current year as compared to 11 in FY'09.

The immediate demand for planning and building inspections for all classes of construction continues to be slow given these factors. Despite development declines, escalating demands for transportation and public safety services are on-going.

Simultaneously, as the municipal boundaries grow and residents within the urban growth boundary connect to City utility services, additional citizens expect rural streets to be brought up to City standards and neighborhood parks to be planned and developed while protecting the natural environment.

The local housing market has experienced a decrease in the number of homes sold and the median price over the last year, in line with many other parts of the region and country. The median home sale price in the second calendar quarter of 2010 was approximately \$175,000 as compared to approximately \$180,000 in the second calendar quarter of 2009. Home sales by number of transactions increased slightly in Fiscal 2010 versus Fiscal 2009. It is difficult to predict when the market will change but it seems reasonable to assume that with the relatively higher amounts of housing inventory expect to be on the market in the near term, development will not be returning to the record breaking levels experienced in the 2005 calendar year in the near future.



The permitting of lands throughout the urban growth boundary by private developers for future subdivisions has decreased dramatically and will continue to depend upon the expansion of municipal utility services. Grants Pass requires Service and Annexation Agreements (S & A) prior to accessing municipal services for water, wastewater, police, and fire. Accordingly, property owners within the urban growth boundary are required to pay the equivalent of the City tax rate on assessed value for these services. At the time of annexation, this independent billing is replaced by the levy of the City property tax rate on the subject properties. It has been nearly four years since an annexation occurred in the City, however a new annexation policy will be among the top priorities of Council discussion in the coming year.

All property taxes received in Grants Pass are dedicated exclusively for the provision of public safety services. The permanent tax rate (\$4.1335) together with the local option

levy (\$1.79) and public safety bond (\$0.40) totaled \$6.33/\$1,000 assessed value and generated \$14.3M of the \$15.6M public safety operations budget. Citizens are aware of the increasing demands on the public safety operations and staff, and in May of 2009 voters approved a new two year local option levy at the rate of \$1.79/\$1,000 assessed value to replace the old levy of \$1.49 that expired this year. Citizens also reaffirmed that levy amount for an additional three years in the November 2010 vote with 65% of citizens voting yes for the levy renewal.

While many of the same influences affecting the nation as a whole continue to impact Grants Pass and Josephine County, the unemployment rate of 13.9% at June 30<sup>th</sup> was down 1.0% from the previous year. There were 4,710 unemployed compared to 5,144 last year while there were 30,437 employed compared to 30,587 the prior year. Grants Pass has a significant presence of manufacturing industries, led by wood products and housing-related manufacturing. As the current recession was fueled in part by the housing crisis, the impact on the economy in Grants Pass remains to be significant.

On the positive side, First Call Resolution, a call center company located in Roseburg, expanded into Grants Pass last year and recently announced new contracts that will allow them to hire 135 more employees in Grants Pass taking the total number of employees to over 200. They have located in downtown in a building that was previously vacant for over two years. ESAM, which laid off almost half its staff in the summer of 2008, has slowly been rehiring employees and are back to an expected employee level of 125 to 135 employees. Finally, as a direct result of the Business Development Center's Next Level program, companies like visp.net and Recognition Specialties have seen a dramatic increases in sales and are slowly adding staff.

Since last year the City of Grants Pass has been able to work closely with the Business Development Center to arrange for two \$100,000 Community Development Block Grant to allow low to moderate income people who want to start their own business to take classes at little or no cost to them. The City received the first grant in May of 2009 and 97 people were in rolled in the program. The second grant which began in September of 2010 currently has over 40 people registered. The grant promised a minimum of 40 participants. The City also invested \$2,500 through the Business Development Center to research the possibility of starting Economic Gardening program in Southern Oregon. Last but certainly not least, the City recently began a two-year trial period for a Micro Enterprise Loan program to assist small businesses with capital needs in the amounts of no more than \$10,000 each and \$50,000 in total for the trial program.

Levels of growth in residential and commercial real estate have a significant effect on the resources available to support capital projects and upgrade the City's utility and transportation infrastructure. System Development Charges (SDC's) are assessed at the start of new construction or change of use in a property and the funds are then restricted for use in capital projects. SDC revenue levels have fallen substantially in recent years, the City Council has temporarily lowered Transportation SDC rates with the desire to appear competitive with other regional cities and to encourage local economic development, and a Transportation SDC Task Force has been created to study the proper financing structure for Transportation. The shortfall in resources available to complete capital projects in the intermediate term will need to be addressed in the future. In late Fiscal 2009, the City Council has also rolled back annual Cost of

Living Index Adjustments (COLA) rate changes for all of the utility revenue rates (with the exception of Sewer rates), which means that while certain expenses increased during the year the utility revenue rates per unit remained constant. Upgrades to the City's water and sewer infrastructure have been planned out for a number of years into the future, and lower levels of economic development in combination with rolling back annual COLA rate changes have the potential to adversely impact the City's various infrastructure upgrade schedules. These developments will have to be monitored closely in order to avoid placing undue pressure on utility operational funds or capital finance needs at the time major projects are scheduled to be undertaken. Issues such as these will be reviewed periodically by the City Council.

### **City Organization and Services**

The City of Grants Pass has been organized under the Council/Manager form of government since 1946. The governing body consists of eight Council members elected at large, two from each of four wards, and a Mayor elected at large. Elected officials serve without compensation. The governing council is responsible for establishing policies, passing ordinances and resolutions, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the government's manager. The Council's mission is:

"To represent all of the citizens by providing leadership, policies, ordinances and decisions necessary to meeting citizens' needs and desires."

The government's manager, the City Manager, is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing council, managing the daily operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the government's departments. The City Manager is responsible for the operations and administrative functions for all divisions of the municipal corporation. Our local government structure is similar to that of other corporations. For instance, our Mayor is Chairman of the Board, our Council the Board of Directors, and our City Manager the Chief Executive/Operating Officer of the Corporation.

The City provides a full range of municipal services. General governmental functions include public safety, code enforcement, park maintenance, planning and development and parking enforcement. Street maintenance, landfill operations and other special operations are reported with the Special Revenue Funds. Services provided through enterprise funds are the water and sewer utilities, in which expenses are covered primarily by user charges. Administrative Services, Support Services, Insurance and Fleet Management are provided through Internal Service Funds. The following programs are administered by five departments under the direction of the City Manager:

**Community Development**: Directs the development of the community through planning and construction (utility systems, parking facilities, neighborhood improvements, etc.), and enforcement of state building standards.

**Public Safety**: Provides police protection, fire suppression and prevention, traffic control, code enforcement, educational programs and similar activities for the community.

**Parks & Community Services:** Directs the operations and maintenance of City facilities (parks, buildings), coordinates downtown events, supports tourism and recreation in the community, and provides information technology and fleet maintenance services.

**Public Works**: Directs the operations of the City's utilities, including the Street Utility, City Water and Wastewater utilities, landfill and special districts (Harbeck-Fruitdale Sewer District and the Redwood Sanitary Sewer Service District).

Administrative Services: Divided into four divisions, Management, Legal, Finance, and Human Resources. Provides management in coordinating and directing all City operations and policy development/analysis, risk management and legal services, economic development, payroll, personnel, debt administration, fiscal management, budget and other financial services to the City.

### **City Agencies and Special Districts**

This report includes all of the funds and account groups of the City as well as all activities for which the City exercises financial or oversight responsibilities consistent with the entity definition criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The Grants Pass Parkway Redevelopment Agency (GPPRA) is required to have a separate audit by licensed public accountants. Because the City Council is the governing board of this independent Agency and the City provides financial and administrative services to the Agency, the GPPRA is included in this report as a Capital Project Fund. The information presented has been condensed from the separate GPPRA audit report to conform to the City's reporting format.

The City Council was the governing body of the Harbeck-Fruitdale Sewer District (HFSD), an entity formed to provide a sewer collection system in a particular area of the City. The HFSD is reported as a component unit in the Enterprise Funds. During FY'10 the District was dissolved and assumed as part of the City's Wastewater Utility.

Effective August 1998, the City Council also became the governing body of the Redwood Sanitary Sewer Service District (RSSSD), an entity formed twenty years ago to provide sewer services to a specific geographical area outside the municipal boundary. The District was authorized through an intergovernmental agreement between the City and Josephine County. Effective fiscal year 2000, the City assumed responsibility for management of RSSSD from Josephine County for providing financial support services, including preparation of the financial report and contracting for a separate audit. RSSSD is required to have a separate audit, which is included as a component unit in this report and shown in the Enterprise Funds section.

Similarly, in September, 2001 the City of Grants Pass entered into an intergovernmental agreement with Josephine County, forming an entity known as the Josephine

County/City of Grants Pass Solid Waste Agency. This Agency has a six-member board, three each from the County and the City. This Board is responsible for oversight of the solid waste franchise agreements, establishing rates, and collecting and allocating environmental program fees. The Board granted managerial responsibilities of the Agency to the City of Grants Pass.

### **Goals Of The Community**

The Grants Pass City Council adopted the following goals for 2009-2011. These goals were affirmed by the Mayor and Council to provide a special emphasis on the central role of the Rogue River and our natural environment while guiding our community and our organization.

- 1. **Growth Management**: While prospering and growing we keep the sense of "Hometown," protect our natural resources and enhance our community improvements.
- 2. **Economic Development**: With emphasis on small and medium business, we diversify the local economy and create quality jobs for our residents.
- 3. **Public Safety**: Living in Grants Pass feels safe and is safe. We provide our residents with a sense of well-being and protection at an affordable cost.
- 4. **Environment**: We protect and enhance the natural environment of our valley, the air, land, hillsides, trees and Rogue River and its tributaries through the encouragement of sustainable practices.
- 5. **Parks & Recreation**: We provide an interconnected system of parks, trails, thriving green spaces and quality recreation opportunities for all ages.
- 6. **Infrastructure**: We recognize water, wastewater, storm water, transportation, and solid waste facilities are the backbone of our community. We will ensure that these systems are operated, maintained and as necessary, replaced, now and in the future.
- 7. **Management**: The City is an efficient and effective forward-looking organization that facilitates community decision making that is accessible to all citizens.

### **Measuring Performance**

Grants Pass is committed to the Government Finance Officers Association's recommended performance standards. Each operating division, as a part of the annual budgetary process, is required to define outcomes and service levels. These indicators of performance are reviewed semi-annually and then published at year-end, with notations addressing the attainment of each. In fiscal 2010, the City achieved 87% of the 121 performance indicators for outcomes and service levels.

### **Accounting Systems and Internal Controls**

The City's governmental and fiduciary fund types are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting with revenues recorded when measurable and available, and expenditures recorded when the goods or services are delivered and liabilities are

incurred. The City's enterprise and internal service funds are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that:

The cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations have been made within the framework described above. We believe the internal accounting controls meet the material standards for audit, adequately safeguard the City's assets, and provide reasonable assurance that financial transactions are properly reported.

### **Financial Policies**

The City's adopted financial policies guide decisions in the main areas of revenue, budgetary management, debt management, capital improvements, and financial management. A full description of the policies can be found in the annual budget book. Policies that had impacts on the financial statements for this period and potential impact in the future include: revenue, budgetary goals and services, financial planning, capital improvements, financial management and investments.

### Revenue

The City's revenue policies strive to maintain a diversified income base in order to minimize the impact of fluctuations in any one source. The City considers the financial burden of multiple taxing jurisdictions when setting taxes and tries to equitably share the costs of services. The City will use non-recurring income for capital projects and other one-time expenses. As in the prior year, the City had a higher than normal amount of grants earmarked for operations. The City anticipates grant activity and availability to remain high for the coming fiscal year. The use of grant money for operations is atypical however with the expansion of Public Safety to two newly constructed buildings; we knew there would be increased operational expenses. The grant opportunity allows us to defer the full impact of these staffing increases to future years. During the year, Council continued to review fees for a number of services and placed a priority on studying alternatives to the public safety property tax levy. Maintaining diversity in revenue sources and following policies that avoid long-term financial burdens will be important as Council continues its efforts to equitably share costs.

### **Budgetary Goals and Services**

The Council adopts City goals as part of their efforts to provide policy and direction for the City. The operating and capital budgets work to carry out the Council's goals and

policies. The 2009-2010 Work Plan was adopted by Council on December 2, 2009, and the next Council goal setting session is set for December 2010. Council is expected to adopt new goals prior to fiscal year 2012 budgeting, which will take place in the spring of 2011.

### Financial Planning

Policies under financial planning require the City to estimate income and expenses over a three-year horizon and to update those projections annually. The policy also requires each fund to maintain a contingency to meet unanticipated requirements during the fiscal year. During the year, Council and management adopted a fund balance policy for the general fund. Management will continue to bring fund balance policies for Council review and adoption. Additionally during the year an updated Investment Policy was adopted ensuring the City's funds are invested with a focus on safety first, followed by liquidity and yield.

### Capital Improvements

Under capital policies, the City strives to maintain five-year capital improvement plans and one-year capital improvement budgets. The budgets provide for adequate maintenance and the regular replacement of capital, plant and equipment. Multi-year capital improvement plans ensure that the proper financing programs are in place and regular maintenance prevents costly accelerated deterioration of capital assets.

### Financial Management

The City maintains an accounting system that is consistent with generally accepted accounting practices for local governments in order to promote an atmosphere of trust in its financial management system and to provide full disclosure of its financial condition. During fiscal 2009, the City implemented GASB 45 which measures and reports the liability for postemployment benefits other than pensions. This new governmental accounting standard measures the actuarial cost of offering certain benefits such as insurance to retirees and it will now affect both expenses and employer liabilities. Certain retirement insurance benefits measured under this standard are already being phased out by the City, however implementation of this standard will increase the City's expenses and liabilities until a higher percentage of employees are not eligible for these benefits. Next year in Fiscal 2011, there will be a minor change to Fund Balance reporting under GASB 54.

### Investments

The City strives to maximize interest income on cash assets for the benefit of the public. Cash in all City funds is pooled and invested in either the state managed Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) or short-term instruments, which are restricted to investments approved by the State Treasurer in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes 294.035 and 294.046 and a Council Adopted Investment Policy. During fiscal 2009 and 2010, a large portion of the City's investments were moved from the LGIP to US Agency bonds and Bank CD's or money market accounts as the interest rates were more attractive than the rates paid by the LGIP. During Fiscal 2010, a new Investment Policy was also approved by Council and allows a little more flexibility in the percentage of funds allocated to longer maturities, among other minor changes. It is expected the new Investments Policy will allow the City to earn a higher rate of return on the same safe investments as opposed to what a shorter term or LGIP investment would earn.

Interest income is distributed monthly to each fund's cash balance.

### **Awards**

The Government Financial Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Grants Pass for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. This was the 27<sup>th</sup> consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR). This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

### **Acknowledgements**

We would like to thank the Mayor and the City Council for their leadership and support. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated effort of the City Finance Department staff. We also appreciate the contributions made by all other City staff members and wish to express our gratitude for their assistance in this project. Special recognition and thanks go to Tammy Canady who has dedicated a great deal of effort in preparing these financial statements.

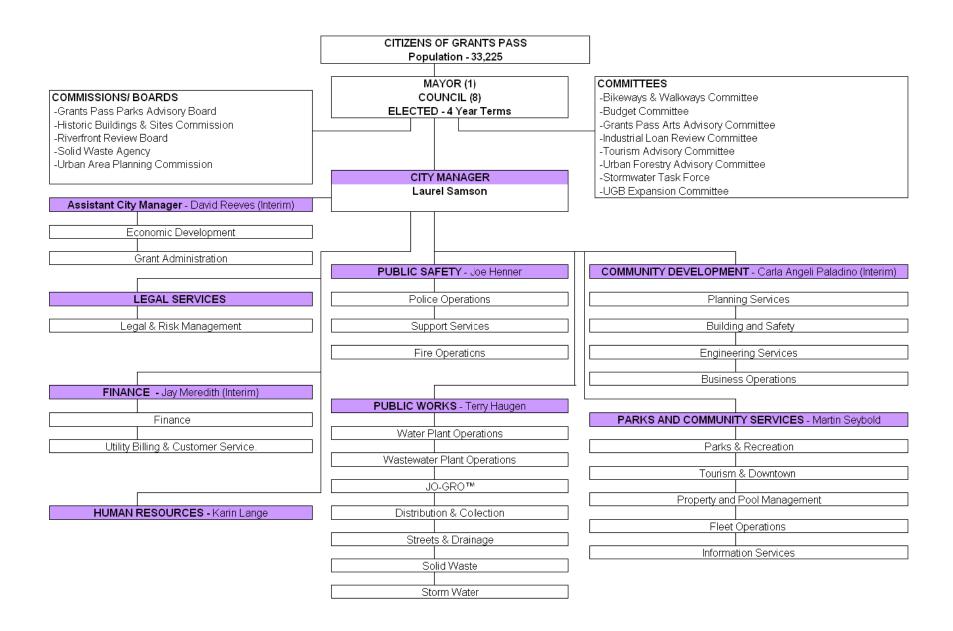
These combined efforts plus the participation of members of our community help the City plan and conduct the financial operations of the City in a positive and responsible manner. It is a pleasure to serve the City and its citizens.

Respectfully submitted,

.aurel Samson

City Manager

Jay Meredith Finance Director



### MAYOR & COUNCIL CITY MANAGER 1.00 City Manager Chief Executive Officer of all City operations, providing the leadership to carry ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER out Council Policy. Works with Council to development a long-range vision of the 1.00 Assistant City Manager community's potential and goals for achieving Provides project and administrative that vision. Sees that the Council Work Plan assistance. The position coordinates is implemented. In addition to preparation public involvement efforts, supervises the and management of the budget, represents Economic Development efforts and City government to the community and public grant programs. Implements the final phase jurisdictions, working towards effective of the Redevelopment Agency, oversees the relationships. alternative transportation program. 1.00 Department Support Technician LEGAL SERVICES 0.80 Grant Specialist 1.00 City Attorney ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1.00 Economic Development/Project Specialist Provides legal services for Mayor, Council, City Manager and all other City officials concerning City business. Represents City in civil litigations Responsible for encouraging and and administrative proceedings. Prepares supporting economic development ordinances and resolutions and provides risk within the urban growth boundary. management services to the City. Works with organizations and committees to attract businesses and support existing businesses. 0.50 Deputy City Attorney 0.95 Office Assistant II 0.80 Land Acquisition Specialist

SUPPORT

1.00 Administrative Coordinator

0.90 Office Assistant II

1.00 Office Assistant I

Note Unfunded Positions: 0.25 Office Assistant I

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Grants Pass Oregon

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

UNITED STATES

UNITED STATES

CAMPILA

COPPORATION

SEE AT

COPPORATION

SEE AT

COPPORATION

CO

President

**Executive Director** 

# WHERE THE ROGUE RIVER RUNS



City of Grants Pass

- 12700 SW 72ND AVENUE TIGARD, OREGON 97223
- (503) 620-2632 FAX (503) 684-7523

November 13, 2010

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Grants Pass, Oregon

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grants Pass, Josephine County, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grants Pass, Josephine County, Oregon, at June 30, 2010 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management Discussion and Analysis and the required supplementary information, as listed on the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Grants Pass's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information, including budgetary comparison schedules (which are required supplementary information for major special revenue funds) as listed in the Table of Contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information (including the Schedule of Property Tax Transactions and Balances of Taxes Uncollected) have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

Faly , Roges and Co. P.C.

### CITY OF GRANTS PASS, OREGON MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

This section of the City of Grants Pass' annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. Please read it in conjunction with the City's transmittal letter and the City's financial statements and notes, which follow this section.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The City's total combined net assets were \$266,534,324 on June 30, 2010.
- The City's net assets increased by \$6,503,408 during the year.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$10,197,778.

### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: *management's discussion and analysis* (this section), the *basic financial statements*, *and required supplementary information*. The basic financial statements include two types of statements that present different views of the City:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the City's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The *governmental fund* statements tell how *general government* services were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Proprietary fund* statements offer *short-* and *long-term* financial information about the activities the government operates *like businesses*.
- *Fiduciary fund* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the City acts solely as a *trustee or agent* for the benefit of others having ownership of the resources at issue.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

### **Government-wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets, the difference between the City's assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the City's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall fiscal health of the City, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the City include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as general government, public safety, planning, building and safety, streets and storm drainage, solid waste, economic development, parks and recreation, and interest on long-term debt. Most of these activities are financed by property taxes, franchise taxes, permits and fees, and intergovernmental revenues.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant *funds* - not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

The City has the following types of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- *Proprietary funds* Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information.
- *Internal service funds* These are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities.
- Fiduciary funds The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that, due to a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

### **Net Assets**

The City's combined net assets were \$267,163,518 on June 30, 2010.

## Statement of Net Assets at June 30, 2010 (In thousands)

	Governmental			Business-Type								
		Activities			Activities				Total			
		2010		2009		2010	2009		2010			2009
ASSETS:										<u></u>		
Current and Other Assets	\$	36,237	\$	39,136	\$	11,785	\$	12,529	\$	48,022	\$	51,665
Capital Assets		148,037		143,364		94,843		94,986		242,880		238,350
Total Assets	\$	184,274	\$	182,500	\$	106,628	\$	107,515	\$	290,902	\$	290,015
LIABILITIES:												
Current and Other Liabilities	\$	2,723	\$	5,736	\$	2,195	\$	1,915	\$	4,918	\$	7,651
Long-Term Liabilities		11,977		12,517		7,473		9,816		19,450		22,333
Total Liabilities		14,700		18,253		9,668		11,731		24,368		29,984
NET ASSETS:								<del></del>				
Invested in Capital Assets,												
Net of Related Debt		138,146		133,844		86,290		84,255		224,436		218,099
Restricted		483		1,525		-		-		483		1,525
Unrestricted		30,945		28,878		10,670		11,529		41,615		40,407
Total Net Assets	\$	169,574	\$	164,247	\$	96,960	\$	95,784	\$	266,534	\$	260,031

### **Governmental Activities**

The major reason for the 3.6% increase in net assets, or approximately \$6.0M in net assets was the City's capital and infrastructure improvement projects. The Transportation Capital Projects Fund, the Land and Buildings Capital Projects Fund, and the General Fund together added approximately \$6.7M of new capital assets (before considering depreciation). The General Fund also received a one time tax turnover as a result of the Redevelopment Agency winding down in the amount of approximately \$0.5M, and long-term liabilities were reduced by approximately \$0.5M during the year as a result of regularly scheduled debt payments.

Capital Asset activity primarily consisted of transportation infrastructure projects and completing the two new public safety stations that were funded by the general obligation bond. During FY'10, \$1.1M in progress payments were made on the construction of the new police/fire stations and related equipment for the new stations. The stations were complete at year-end and the final construction component of the training tower was nearly complete. Right-of-Way totaling approximately 552,000 square feet and valued at \$2.2M was added to the system in addition to \$169,735 for storm drains, catch basins and manholes, \$238,521 in curb and gutter work along with \$762,800 in concrete sidewalks. Other Transportation project specific enhancements included improvements on West Park Street for nearly \$831,000, the Darneille Lane LID for approximately \$1.0M. Other capital projects undertaken in FY'10 include the Tussing Park expansion, the demolition of the Woodson Reservoir, phase two developments at Redwood Park, and completion of the new River Vista property at Reinhart Park, all reported in Land & Building Capital Projects Fund. Annual debt service payments contributed to the decline in long-term liabilities.

### **Business-type Activities**

The 1.2% increase in net assets for the business-type activities was also primarily due to capital projects and water and sewer infrastructure projects. Approximately \$0.3M of capital asset value was added to the

Water Fund through the installation of 2,995 linear feet of various size water lines and installation of 6 hydrants and associated valves. The Sewer Fund increased capital assets \$0.2M through the addition of 1,750 linear feet of line, 5 manholes and 6 cleanouts. Other major Water projects included work on the Hilltop pump station, the Water Treatment Plant landscaping, influent pump work and other Water Treatment Plant upgrades. Other Sewer capital projects completed during the year were Jo-Gro upgrades, improvements at the Bridge Street pump station, and a relocation of a sewer pipe in the alley between "I" and "J" Streets.

Long-term liabilities were reduced both by annual debt service payments and through a bond offering that refinanced all of the debt in the City's Enterprise funds. Prior to 2010 the Water Fund, the Sewer Fund, and Redwood Sanitary Sewer Service District (RSSSD) each had long-term debt and a related cash reserve account that was required to be maintained while the old debt was outstanding. The requirement to maintain a reserve account was released and interest rates were significantly lowered through a City full faith and credit bond offering that will continue to be paid by these enterprise funds. Reserve accounts of approximately \$408,000 in the Water Fund, \$501,000 in the Sewer Fund, and \$456,000 in RSSSD were used to pay down the total debt outstanding in each of these funds. After the bond offering in December of 2009, the par amounts of the new bonds outstanding is \$1.13M in the Water Fund, \$5.085M in the Sewer Fund, and \$2.6M in RSSSD. The net present value of the combined savings from this offering was approximately \$731,000 as interest costs were reduced over the term of the debt schedules. Future annual debt service amounts are similar to the previous schedule but the debt will be paid off in full one to two years earlier for each of these three Enterprise funds.

### Statement of Activities for the Year Ended June 30, 2010

While the City dedicates the receipts from all property taxes exclusively to the Public Safety program in the budget process, Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 34 guidelines dictate that those revenues not be shown as an activity generated resource but rather appear under the heading of general revenues.

Taxable assessed values for FY'10 increased 3.9% from the previous year. This value increase of \$91M was due to small increases from residential and commercial assessments and increases from light residential and commercial growth. In May, 2009 the voters approved a two-year Local Option Levy of \$1.79/\$1,000 assessed value in support of Public Safety services. The combination of these factors generated an additional property tax levy of \$4.3M for Public Safety (above the permanent rate) of which approximately 95.5% was collected. Certain union operating divisions realized increases in personnel rates in accord with approved labor contracts. Recognizing that the City is not immune to challenging economic conditions, GPEA employees and supervisors (all non-union employees) decided not to take COLA salary rate increases that typically happen in January of each year. The local Firefighters and Teamsters unions also did not receive a COLA increase in this year, however minor contract changes were made and both of these new contracts can be reopened for negotiations on wages only in the next year. With the exception of Public Safety, most of the major primary government divisions experienced a slight decrease in total allocated expenses in FY'10 as compared to FY'09. Of the Business-type activities, Water expenses decreased slightly in line with slightly lower revenues and slightly lower treatment needs, while total Sewer expenses increased nearly 1.5%. Public Safety saw an expense increase due in large part to staffing and maintenance of the two new Public Safety stations, while Development saw a large decrease due partially to lower staffing needs for the full year and lower levels of building activity in the community.

### CITY OF GRANTS PASS - CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (In thousands of dollars)

Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities Total 2010 2009 REVENUES: Program Revenues: Charges for Services \$ 3,963 \$ 4,435 \$ 9,403 9,645 13,366 14,080 Operating Grants 2,193 256 241 909 2,434 1,165 & Contributions General Revenues: 18,913 17,809 18,913 17,809 Intergovernmental 3,359 3,929 316 328 3,675 4,257 2,099 Other 848 691 866 1.539 2,965 40,276 Total Revenues 29,276 28,528 10,651 11,748 39,927 EXPENSES: Public Safety 16,623 15,716 16,623 15,716 Transportation 1,720 1,720 1,668 1,668 Building 497 807 497 807 Parks 1,715 2,063 1,715 2,063 Development 1,534 2,789 1,534 2,789 1,039 229 1,039 229 General Government Solid Waste 285 179 285 179 Water 3,838 4,172 3,838 4,172 5,486 5,568 5,486 Sewer 5,568 Interest 657 504 657 504 Total Expenses 24,018 24,007 9,406 9,658 33,424 33,665 Change in Net Assets 5,258 1,245 2,090 6,503

4,521

4,911

159,336

164,247

390

(69)

1,176

95,784

96,960

(390)

1,700

94,084

95,784

69

5,327

164,247

169,574

6,611

6,611

253,420

260,031

6,503

260,031

266,534

before Transfers

Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Beginning Net Assets

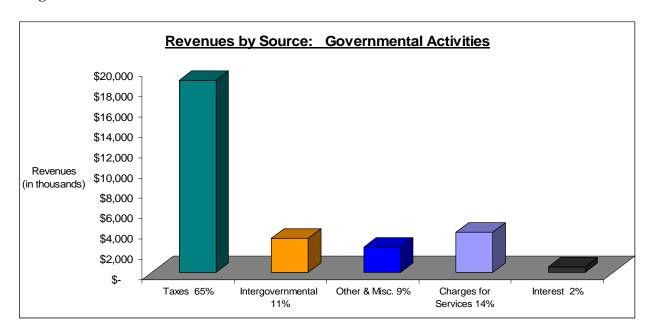
Ending Net Assets

Prior Period Adjustment

The City's total revenues were \$39.9M, of which a significant portion, 47.4%, came from taxes, while 33.5% relates to charges for services, including user fees, licenses and permits, and intergovernmental revenues. Operating Grants & Contributions increased significantly during the year primarily as a result of Transportation project funding provided from various State and Federal stimulus allocations. This helped partially offset lower local SDC and other development sensitive revenues received in fiscal 2010 as local building activity remains very weak compared to levels seen just a few years ago.

### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

### **Program Revenues**



Total tax revenue increased 6.2% in FY'10 generating approximately \$1.1M more in revenues than in FY'09. However, all major categories of taxes experienced slight revenue decreases from the previous year except property taxes. Due to a 3.9% increase in assessed values, a slightly higher local option levy amount compared to the previous year, and a one time property tax turnover from the winding down of the Redevelopment Agency, property taxes increased \$1.2M compared to the previous year. Approximately \$531,000 of the increase was due to the one time property tax turnover from the Redevelopment Agency. Property tax revenues increased approximately 9% from the previous year, while total franchise taxes declined 2%, business taxes declined 4%, and total transient room taxes declined 3% from FY'09.

As mentioned previously, the City dedicates all property tax revenue to the Public Safety program. These monies, together with program-generated revenues, such as grants or dispatch and call-taking contracts, were sufficient to cover the program costs for the fifth consecutive year. The general revenues supplement all other governmental activities except Transportation, which is dependent upon gas tax from the State and the Street Utility Fee, a fixed monthly fee assessed to all residents and commercial establishments dedicated to street, sidewalk, and bike path improvements.

The decrease in Charges for Services is largely attributed to a lower amount of building and development activity in combination with lower amounts of systems development charges and capital contributions from Transportation projects. Building charges for services (permit revenues) generated \$317,067 from the issuance of 72 structural permits, which is approximately 17% lower than the number of permits issued in the previous year. The total of commercial construction increased by \$2.1M in value, while total residential construction declined \$3.2M in value as compared to FY'09. FY'10 was by far the lowest level of construction in residential, and the second lowest year of commercial construction out of any year in the last 10 years. A total of 58 single-family residential permits were issued compared to 75 for FY'09, while the number of multi-family permits was 1 compared to just 1 again in FY'09. Commercial permits totaled 13 in the current year as compared to 11 in FY'09.

Transportation system development charge revenues went from approximately \$682,000 in FY'09 to \$479,000 in FY'10, a decrease of \$203,000, reflecting decreased volume in building permits. Parks

system development charges generated \$141,000 compared to \$194,000 in FY'09 while Storm Drain system development charges remained at approximately \$55,000 which was close to the same level as the previous year.

Operating Grants for Public Safety primarily reflect two awards received from the Department of Homeland Security for both Fire and Police, a Department of Justice-OSP pass through grant awarded to the Police division, and the SAFER Grant for the Fire division. The Transportation program gas tax receipts increased from approximately \$1.2M in FY'09 to nearly \$1.4M in FY'10 due in part to an increase in DMV fees. Gas tax revenue is expected to increase more in coming fiscal years as an increase in the tax amount per gallon is expected to be implemented no later than January of 2011.

### **Program Expenses**

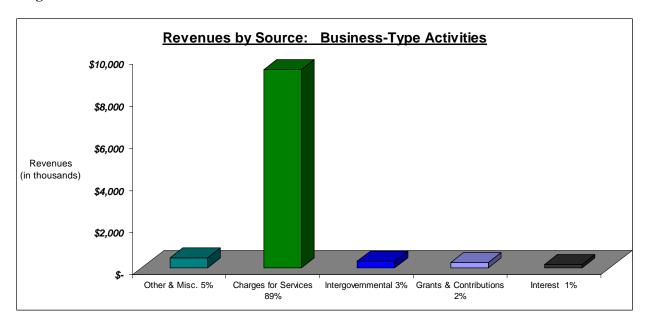
The Adopted FY'10 Budget did not authorize any additional staff in any City departments. However, the total number of unfunded positions increased from 11 in FY'09 to 18 in FY'10. With the decline in revenues in the Community Development department and other areas, the City has acted proactively in choosing to leave positions "unfilled" with positions that were authorized but unfunded. Two additional positions were unfunded in the Planning department, two additional positions were unfunded in the Building department, one position was unfunded in Community Development Management, and two positions were unfunded in Engineering.

Compensation adjustments equal to cost-of-living (COLA) or rate increases set by contract were granted to Police union employees effective January 1, 2010 per the contract. Both Teamsters and the Fire unions started new contract discussions early in fiscal 2010 as existing contracts were set to expire in December of 2009. The new Teamsters and Fire contracts do not have COLA provisions, however they can both be reopened for wages only in FY'11. All non-union employees and supervisors offered to forego COLA salary rate increases that typically happen in January of each year. Non-union employees also joined the American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees (AFSCME) union during calendar 2009 but withdrew from the union in 2010 before a new contract was completed.

Total Public Safety program allocated expenses increased during the year, largely the result of bringing the two new public safety stations online in FY'09 to FY'10, contract wage increases, and capital project activity. In the statement of activities, certain expenses such as depreciation and non-capitalized project expenditures are allocated to all departments based on pro-rated expenditure levels. Capital asset related transactions such as depreciation had a high allocation to all departments as compared to the previous years. Building and Development had large decreases in expenses for the year due to lower staffing and lower levels of building activity. General government expenses increased slightly for the year as the City Manager left his position and a contract severance amount was paid out of the General Fund in early fiscal 2010.

### **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES**

### **Program Revenues**



City utility accounts experienced a small amount of growth in the number of accounts. Total Water accounts increased by 81 in number, less than a 1% change compared to the previous year. However, Water charges for services decreased 6.3% largely due to a rainy summer season and unseasonably warm summer temperatures in the previous year. Wastewater service charge revenues were mostly flat compared to the previous year and increased only \$29,000 from last year. The cost-of-living index (COLA) of 2.54%, applied to all utility user fees effective January, 2008, impacted both Water and Wastewater revenues. However, the COLA increase implemented in January of 2009 of 4.45% was rolled back by Council to the 2008 levels effective March 1<sup>st</sup> of 2009 for all utilities. Due to deteriorating financial capacity for the Wastewater Fund, the 2009 COLA was implemented again in February of 2010 for Wastewater only. There was no regularly scheduled utility rate change in January 2010 due to the consumer price index being flat for the year.

The Redwood Sanitary Sewer Service District's charges for services remained mostly flat, with a small decrease of about 1% compared to the previous year. While the regular annual COLA was also implemented in January of 2009, the City Council (which serves as the RSSSD Board) rolled back rates to the 2008 levels effective March 1<sup>st</sup> of 2009. There was no regular rate change in January of 2010 for any of the City's component business type activities.

Water system development charge revenues went from \$290,000 in FY'09 to \$235,000 in FY'10, a decrease of \$55,000 and reflecting decreased volume in development activity. Sewer system development charges generated \$207,000 compared to \$212,000 in FY'09. These revenues are considered non-operating income for the Water and Sewer funds.

### **Program Expenses**

Slightly lower production levels for Water service decreased variable expenses and led to slightly lower expenses in most areas. Water operational expenses increased 1.8% in salaries and benefits, decreased 5.2% in materials and supplies, and decreased 14.8% in services and utilities combined. Sewer operational expenses increased 5.9% in salaries and benefits, increased 13.1% in materials and supplies, and decreased 10.6% in services and utilities.

While total business type activity depreciation expenses for the year remained flat compared to the previous year, there was a slight depreciation increase for the Water Fund and a slight depreciation expense decrease for the Sewer Fund. Large assets placed in service during the year included the Hilltop pump station, the Water Treatment Plant landscaping, influent pump work and other Water Treatment Plant upgrades. Sewer capital projects completed during the year were Jo-Gro upgrades, improvements at the Bridge Street pump station, and a relocation of a sewer pipe in the alley between "I" and "J" Streets.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

### **Governmental Funds**

The General Fund GAAP balance ended the year at \$10.2 million, an increase of \$2.5M for the year. The ending budgetary balance was closer to \$8.4M, with the difference being an interfund loan due from the Lands and Buildings Fund. The General Fund was budgeted to have a lower fund balance at the end of the year, however the majority of the loan from the Redevelopment Agency was paid back a year earlier than expected and many programs were significantly under expenditure budgets. The most notable was Public Safety, coming in nearly \$887,000 under budget expenditure appropriations. The Planning and Building departments also contributed approximately \$302,000 in total budget savings as a result of layoffs and not filling open positions. Many revenue categories were slightly higher than expected with the exception of intergovernmental revenues, which for the General Fund are mostly grants. Property taxes came in almost \$603,000 over budget due almost entirely to a one-time tax turnover from the Redevelopment Agency in the amount of approximately \$531,000. Total expenditures for the General Fund were \$2.1M under appropriation levels (including \$680,000 of unused contingencies) and total General Fund revenues were \$2.8M over budget estimates for the year. The Redevelopment Agency loan paid back to the General Fund a year early accounted for \$2.2M of the revenue over budget while the rest of the excess was primarily the one time property tax turnover of \$531,000.

System development charges are regulated by state statute and provide major revenue sources for Transportation projects and Lands & Building projects. The Transportation system development charge is committed to the development of collector and major arterial roadways as specified in City ordinance. Two Parks system development charges are reported under the Lands & Building Projects Fund. One is restricted to the acquisition (not development) of future park and trail land while the second, implemented in June, 2007, is designated for development. The Parkway Redevelopment Agency derived its revenues from property taxes that were restricted for only projects identified in the Agency's approved development plan and debt service. However, this Agency recently finished its 20<sup>th</sup> and last year of approved tax levies and ceased to collect property taxes during FY'09. The Agency turned over approximately \$1.6M of taxes back to the County in FY'10 which represented the estimated excess of the remaining cash above the amounts of the final obligations for the Agency. It is expected that the wind up of all the Agency's remaining project and debt obligations will occur during fiscal 2011.

Other major governmental funds and their respective changes in fund balance are shown in the table below:

### Schedule of Other Major Governmental Fund Balances As of June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009			Change		
Bancroft Bond Fund	\$ (1,360,828)	\$ (1,782,901)		\$	422,073		
General Obligation Bond Fund	68,937	60,113			8,824		
Transportation Projects Fund	7,985,396	8,124,585			(139,189)		
Solid Waste	2,917,754	2,975,454			(57,700)		
Lands & Buildings Project Fund	2,714,260	4,106,954			(1,392,694)		
Parkway Redevelopment Agency	 586,647	2,081,428			(1,494,781)		
Total Fund Balances	\$ 12,912,166	\$ 15,565,633		\$	(2,653,467)		

The Bancroft Bond fund provides assessment loans to citizens that don't want to pay for their entire portion of local improvement district assessments upon completion. The Bancroft Bond fund balance increased during the year due to repayments on loans. Internal loans have been used to provide resources to the Bancroft Bond Fund, because individual Local Improvement Districts have been insufficient in dollar value to warrant public borrowing. The general economic downturn has slowed the pace of Transportation capital project spending in the City. Major revenue sources for the Transportation Capital Projects Fund such as SDC's and contributions from the General Fund transfers are expected to decrease significantly in coming years and more of the Transportation Capital Fund balance is expected to be used in coming fiscal years. The fund balance for the Parkway Redevelopment Agency decreased for the year because nearly \$1.6M was turned back over to the County in property tax turnover. The remaining capital projects identified in the Agency's voter approved plan should be funded in the next fiscal year.

Significant FY'10 Transportation projects were funded by various sources such as the Redevelopment Agency, system development charges, grants as well as monies from both the Water and Sewer funds in some cases. Two transportation projects completed in the year were improvements on West Park Street for nearly \$831,000 and the Darneille Lane LID for approximately \$1.0M. FY'10 was the first year where the General Fund provided no capital project fund money, which has been heavily used in transportation projects in past years.

The decrease in the Lands and Buildings Project Fund is due to nearly completing all projects approved in the 2007 Public Safety General Obligation Bond. In June of 2007, \$9,820,000 of General Obligation Bonds, approved by voters in November, 2006, were issued for the construction of Public Safety facilities and acquisition of related equipment. The proceeds were placed in the Lands & Building Project Fund for routine progress payments as construction proceeds. During FY'10, \$1.1M in progress payments were made on the construction of the new police/fire stations, the new training tower, and related equipment for the new stations.

### Schedule of Other Major Business-type Unrestricted Net Assets

### As of June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010		_	2009	Change		
Water Fund	\$	3,469,583	\$	4,121,020	\$	(651,437)	
Sewer Fund		3,095,844		3,245,511		(149,667)	
Harbeck-Fruitdale Sewer District		-		(29,800)		29,800	
Redwood Sanitary Sewer Service District		1,211,098		1,568,610		(357,512)	
Total Fund Balances	\$	7,776,525	\$	8,905,341	\$	(1,128,816)	

### **Business-type Funds**

The operating segment of the Water Fund ended the year with an unrestricted fund balance of \$1.4M compared to an ending balance of \$1.3M in FY'09. Operating income for the Water Fund was \$191,000 and total net assets increased by \$543,000, however total capital assets increased by \$447,000 leading to the decrease in "unrestricted" net assets as shown above. Water revenues from operations, together with system development charges, were adequate to fund planned and appropriated projects including: Water projects included work on the Hilltop pump station, the Water Treatment Plant landscaping, influent pump work and other Water Treatment Plant upgrades. However, operating income continues to trend downward in recent years and current operating income plus SDC revenue is not sufficient to sustain capital project activity at similar levels in future years. Water rates will need to be reviewed to ensure the utility can keep up with infrastructure maintenance and growth needs.

The Sewer Fund posted an operating loss of \$198,000. This operational bottom line is about \$188,000 below the previous year's loss, which is partly why Council approved the reinstating of 2009 Sewer rate increase that was rolled back in 2009. New rates effective in February 2010 were designed to implement the rolled back COLA and recover the approximate amount of revenue that was missed during the roll back period. The Sewer operations fund ended with an unrestricted net assets balance of \$0.6M, up about \$0.1M from FY'09. Sewer SDC charge revenues were similar to last year's low levels and capital project activity did not match depreciation for the year and therefore net fixed asset values fell slightly for the year. Non-operating income types such as SDCs, intergovernmental revenue, and developer installed infrastructure (recorded as capital contributions) made up for the small increase in net assets for the Sewer Fund. Thanks to this non-operational activity the total unrestricted net assets increased for the Sewer Fund by approximately \$236,000.

Among other efforts, Sewer capital projects completed during the year were Jo-Gro upgrades, improvements at the Bridge Street pump station, and a relocation of a sewer pipe in the alley between "I" and "J" Streets. Similar to the Water Fund, operating income continues to trend downward in recent years for the Sewer Fund and current operating income plus SDC revenue is not sufficient to sustain capital project activity at the proper levels in future years. Sewer rates will also need to be reviewed to ensure the utility can keep up with infrastructure maintenance and growth needs.

The Redwood Sanitary Sewer Service District (RSSSD) ended the year with a \$1.2M unrestricted fund balance, about \$0.4M lower than FY'09. An extra principal payment and underwriting fees were paid during the year as a result of a debt refinancing. Proceeds from a debt refunding can be used to legally make these types of non-budgeted debt service related expenditures. The new debt structure eliminates the need to maintain cash reserves for the debt, and the refinancing transaction is the primary reason the unrestricted fund balance decreased for the year.

In December 2009, full faith and credit refunding bonds were issued to refinance all the fixed rate debt outstanding for the City's business-type activities. Prior to 2010 the Water Fund, the Sewer Fund, and Redwood Sanitary Sewer Service District (RSSSD) each had long-term debt and a related cash reserve account that was required to be maintained while the old debt was outstanding. The requirement to maintain a reserve account was released and interest rates were significantly lowered through this bond offering. Reserve accounts of approximately \$408,000 in the Water Fund, \$501,000 in the Sewer Fund, and \$456,000 in RSSSD were used to pay down the total debt outstanding in each of these funds in addition to the normal annual principal payments.

### **Other Budgetary Highlights**

During FY'10, events occurred that were not specifically anticipated at the time of budget hearings. The Council authorized transfers or other general appropriations to cover these occurrences, most of which were small in nature during FY'10 except the severance payment to the former City Manager. The City Manager left his position and a budget adjustment was made for the contract severance amount that was paid out in early fiscal 2010. This severance amount and budget adjustment was \$150,000 and the payment was made out of the General Program Operations of the General Fund.

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### **Capital Assets**

At the end of 2010, the City had invested \$242,880,645 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles, as reflected in the following table which represents a net increase (additions, deductions and depreciation) of \$4.53 million. Please refer to Note 5 for more detailed information.

The following table reconciles the change in capital assets. Additions include assets acquired or under construction at year-end. Reductions are for the disposition of assets and depreciation.

### Change in Capital Assets (In Millions)

		nmental vities		ss-type vities	To	al	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	
Beginning Balance	143.36	137.41	94.99	94.49	238.35	231.9	
Additions Retirement	21.58	8.31	2.91	3.24	24.49	11.55	
Other	-14.66	-0.41	-0.65	-0.39	-15.31	-0.80	
Depreciation	-2.24	-1.95	-2.41	-2.35	-4.65	-4.30	
Ending Balance	148.04	143.36	94.84	94.99	242.88	238.35	

Major additions to Governmental Activities assets for the year were generated by Transportation projects and finishing the two new bond funded Public Safety stations and related training tower. Progress payments on the new Public Safety stations added \$1.1M to Governmental activity capital assets. The stations were complete at year-end and the final construction component of the training tower was nearly complete. Right-of-Way totaling approximately 552,000 square feet and valued at \$2.2M was added to the system in addition to \$169,735 for storm drains, catch basins and manholes, \$238,521 in curb and gutter work along with \$762,800 in concrete sidewalks. Transportation project specific enhancements included improvements on West Park Street for nearly \$831,000, the Darneille Lane LID for

approximately \$1.0M. Other capital projects undertaken in FY'10 include the Tussing Park expansion, the demolition of the Woodson Reservoir, phase two developments at Redwood Park, and completion of the new River Vista property at Reinhart Park, all reported in Land & Building Capital Projects Fund. Utility specific projects included work on the Hilltop pump station, the Water Treatment Plant landscaping, influent pump work, Jo-Gro upgrades, improvements at the Bridge Street pump station, and a relocation of a sewer pipe in the alley between "I" and "J" Streets.

### **Long-Term Debt**

At year-end the City had bonds, contracts and notes outstanding that totaled \$19,057,103.

# Outstanding Debt at Year End (in millions)

	_	2010	  2009
Governmental:			
General obligation	\$	7.93	\$ 8.49
Post-Closure / environmental care costs		2.49	2.60
Notes and Contract payable		.09	.66
Sub To	otal	10.50	11.75
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>			
Bonds payable	\$	8.12	\$ 1.54
Unamortized Premium / Discount		0.43	-0.01
Notes and Contracts Payable		-0-	10.43
Sub To	otal	8.55	10.79
Total	\$	19.06	\$ 22.54

In December 2009, full faith and credit refunding bonds were issued to refinance all the fixed rate debt outstanding for the City's business-type activities. Prior to 2010 the Water Fund, the Sewer Fund, and Redwood Sanitary Sewer Service District (RSSSD) each had long-term debt and a related cash reserve account that was required to be maintained while the old debt was outstanding. The requirement to maintain a reserve account was released and interest rates were significantly lowered through this bond offering. While a full faith and credit issue of the City, the debt will continue to be paid by these utilities. Reserve accounts of approximately \$408,000 in the Water Fund, \$501,000 in the Sewer Fund, and \$456,000 in RSSSD were used to pay down the total debt outstanding in each of these funds. After the bond offering in December of 2009, the par amounts of the new bonds outstanding was \$1.13M in the Water Fund, \$5.085M in the Sewer Fund, and \$2.6M in RSSSD. The net present value of the combined savings from this offering was approximately \$731,000 as interest costs were reduced over the term of the debt schedules. Future annual debt service amounts are similar to the previous schedule but the debt will be paid off in full one to two years earlier for each of these three Enterprise funds. Regular annual debt service payments also contributed to the decline in most categories of debt. A \$560,000 principal payment was made on the general obligation bonds during the year. Detailed charts about the City's debt are presented in Note 7 of the financial statements.

### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Council, wishing to maintain service levels in our growing community, placed before the voters a two-year replacement Public Safety levy in 2009 at a \$1.79/\$1,000 assessed value. The measure was

approved by a large voting margin following a narrow failure for a \$1.89 levy vote in 2008. It provides a dedicated resource for Public Safety for fiscal years 2010 through 2011, allowing similar service levels to previous years. In addition, in November 2010 the renewal measure for the levy at \$1.79 for an additional three years also passed by a large margin. Public Safety now has the dedicated resources through Fiscal 2014 to maintain the current level of service. The additional three-year levy provides time to study financial alternatives to the local option levy funding structure and to do more strategic planning for Public Safety.

Most of the City's general revenue sources have been in a flat trend since 2008 and are expected to remain mostly flat in total through fiscal 2012. Property tax revenues increased slightly and are expected to continue to increase slightly for the coming years in the range of 2-3% including new development. The fiscal 2011 tax assessments came in with an increase of approximately 2.8%, with nearly 1% coming from new development and 1.8% from the County Assessor increases on existing properties. Last year the average housing market values were still well above current assessed values and the Josephine County Assessor is only allowed to increase annual property tax assessments by no more than 3% per year. With only a 1.8% increase on existing properties in FY'11 it's clear that some properties' market values have already reached assessed values due to the housing downturn. All other general revenue sources, such as franchise taxes and State revenue sharing in total are not expected to have significant changes in the near term. With limited economic growth currently expected, changes in the largest general revenue source of franchise taxes will remain dependent largely on rate changes by these utilities. The General Fund annual \$1M contribution to capital projects was taken out of the FY'10 budget in order to keep operational service levels the same across all the General Fund's departments (with the exception of Public Safety that uses limited general revenue sources). The lack of these general funds going to capital projects in addition to SDC revenues being down substantially due to low levels of building activity will cause a strain on the funds available for capital projects in coming years.

The City has not been immune to the national construction slowdown and FY'10 building permits and values were even lower than the extremely low levels of the past two years. Building issued 72 structural permits, which is approximately 17% lower than the number of permits issued in the previous year. The total of commercial construction increased by \$2.1M in value, while total residential construction declined \$3.2M in value as compared to FY'09. FY'10 was by far the lowest level of construction in residential, and the second lowest year of commercial construction out of any year in the last 10 years. A total of 58 single-family residential permits were issued compared to 75 for FY'09, while the number of multi-family permits was 1 compared to just 1 again in FY'09. Commercial permits totaled 13 in the current year as compared to 11 in FY'09. This significant change in the issuance of permits, together with a decline in average median price of local home sales, suggests the local residential housing market downturn may not be complete. However, there are some early signs that commercial development is picking up a little bit. A couple significant building projects within the City are on the short-term horizon such as a medical facility and Home Depot store. The Community Development departments have a significant number of positions open but unfunded for the coming year.

The health insurance premium increase for January, 2010 was 12% and close to the change budgeted for the year. Initial quotes for 2011 are for a 5.5% increase due almost entirely to better experience levels compared to previous years. Part of this increase, we are told, is due to a 1-3% upward adjustment from the insurance company for costs related to the new national healthcare bill. An insurance committee composed of labor representatives, the City's agent of record, and management, continues to look at ways to lower these costs. The amount factored into the budget for FY'11 was an increase of 10% for insurance as this has been our average annual rate change experience in recent years. The dual choice selection and use of a Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) will continue to be offered to employees. This effort is deemed a long-term strategy to encourage support from employees in managing health benefits and costs. While this change cannot be forced upon labor bargaining members without benefit of negotiation, providing dual choice allows all employees to make individual selections if they choose.

Labor contracts with the Fire and Teamsters bargaining units expired December 31, 2009 and new contracts were entered into during 2010. Recognizing that the City is not immune to challenging economic conditions, GPEA employees and supervisors (all non-union employees) decided for the second year in a row not to take COLA salary rate increases that typically happen in January of each year. The local Firefighters and Teamsters unions also did not receive a COLA increase in this year, however minor contract changes were made and both of these new contracts can be reopened for negotiations on wages only in the next year. The uncertainty of the Public Safety levy vote in May of 2009 kept negotiations from beginning prior to finalizing budgets for FY'10. As salaries for these groups escalate, the salary margin for supervisors is becoming a larger issue. In turn, equity questions arise when comparing management salaries across the organization. All union groups received a small wage increase in 2009, while all non-union employees and supervisors decided to recognize the challenging economic conditions and did not take an annual COLA wage increase. That being said, Police is the only bargaining unit currently with an established COLA rate. Wages and cost sharing of benefits will continue to be issues brought to the negotiation table. Non-union employees also joined the American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees (AFSCME) union during calendar 2009 but withdrew from the union in 2010 before finalizing a new wage contract.

Staff, at the direction of City Council, has presented to Council a Storm Water Master Plan together with a Storm Water and drainage system development charge and associated Storm Water utility fee for implementation. The system development charge was originally designed to be adopted in the fall of 2007 with billing for the monthly utility fee slated to begin in February, 2008. Final hearings and adoption of the Utility were expected in 2009-2010; however Council decided to focus their efforts in other areas such as existing utility fees, SDC fees, and the Public Safety levy. At this time it is uncertain when discussions on the Storm Water utility will continue.

Multiple discussions and workshops with the Council have been conducted dealing with funding mechanisms for infrastructure. Presently the City offers property owners the opportunity to pay for improvements fronting their property through the formation of a Local Improvement District (LID). Property owners gain the benefit of spreading the debt over a period of 5 to 20 years at an interest rate that is usually lower than that found in the open market. Another financing tool, used primarily by developers, is an Advanced Finance District whereby property owners, who wish to benefit from the extension of utility lines and street improvements across their frontage that were installed for access beyond their boundaries, are required to reimburse the developer for pro-rate costs at the time they develop. Both of these tools have caused concern regarding methodology of cost allocation and factors that determine the City's share of costs. As a result several major transportation projects have been put on hold because a significant portion of their funding would be generated by LIDs. However, through the assistance of new infrastructure grant programs the cost of certain major LIDs to the benefited properties have been reduced enough for one major LID to be completed in the last year. There is also a transportation SDC task force that was established in the last year and is nearing completion on the initial recommendations for properly funding transportation infrastructure.

In 2006 the City purchased 250 acres of agricultural land for future City uses including park development. Prior to the purchase a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) was conducted. Three recognized environmental conditions were identified in the ESA. Of primary concern was an approximately 50 x 50 foot area where pentachlorophenol was mixed with diesel fuel and then applied as a preservative to wood poles. The purchase agreement provided a credit of \$67,280 based on the Phase I ESA. More than \$150,000 has been spent to evaluate and manage the water and soil contamination. Final remediation and the sharing of those associated costs have not been exactly determined but the City received a Grant in the last year which is expected to pay for nearly all the remaining costs of the cleanup. Discussions on how to develop this major piece of property will be a major focus for Council and various committees in the next couple years.

External factors that could impact the City include the fiscal health of state government and changes to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). State legislative changes to PERS enacted during calendar year 2003 resulted in increased rates to all governmental agencies effective July 1, 2003. In the long run these changes will be helpful to reduce future costs, but poor financial market performance and actuarial liabilities due to the older class of public employees will cause significant PERS rate increases starting in Fiscal 2012.

PERS now changes rates every two years based on investment performance and portfolio valuations approximately 18 months prior to the date of change. Therefore, December 2007 values were used to calculate the rate that is in effect starting in July of 2009 (Fiscal 2010 and 2011 rates). Since current rates were calculated prior to the financial markets turning down significantly in 2008, PERS rates for FY'10-FY'11 are slightly less than the preceding two years. However, because of the large negative performance of the markets during 2008, large PERS rate increases are locked in for the next rate change cycle. The rates billed out to departments during fiscal 2010 stayed the same, billed rates increased slightly in FY'11, and the excess PERS reserves will be used to limit the impact of future rate increases. However, reserves that will have built up by the time the rate increase takes effect will not be sufficient to cover the increase for more than two fiscal years of the added expense and yet another increase is likely in the following cycle of FY'14-15. Based on current salaries, the cost to the City for PERS will increase \$500,000 to \$600,000 per year in total starting in fiscal 2012. How to better prepare for this known ongoing expense increase in the future will be a major topic of discussion in Council and Budget Committee hearings each year.

The employee's share of PERS retirement is 6% and had been paid by the employees following a series of salary adjustments in the early 1990's. The City of Grants Pass was one of few municipal PERS covered employers in the state that did not pay this benefit. Potential recruitments were negatively influenced by this 6% reduction in take-home pay when considering our compensation package and the employee's out-of-pocket share of benefits. In addition this issue had been repeatedly raised for a number of years at the labor bargaining table. Effective July 1, 2007, each of the bargaining groups agreed to a 3% salary reduction in exchange for having the City pay the employee's share of PERS. It is believed that this change will assist the City in recruiting quality candidates as well as be of benefit during labor negotiations when comparing Grants Pass to other municipalities.

### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Our financial report is designed to provide our taxpayers, ratepayers, investors and creditors with an overview of the City's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need any clarification of information please contact the Finance Department at the City of Grants Pass at (541) 474-6360, 101 N.W. "A" Street, Grants Pass, Oregon, 97526.

### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# WHERE THE ROGUE RIVER RUNS



City of Grants Pass

### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

			Prima	ry Government			Component Unit	
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		Josephine Count City of Grants Pass Solid Waste Agency	
ASSETS								
Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	31,791,272	\$	6,856,312	\$	38,647,584	\$	1,274,598
Receivables, net		3,752,178		1,424,997		5,177,175		21,813
Prepaid Items		285,518		5,602		291,120		-
Internal Balances		(2,893,681)		2,893,681		-		-
Restricted Assets:						-		-
Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,631,009		313,746		2,944,755		-
Receivables, net		670,523		290,158		960,681		-
Capital Assets not being depreciated		69,902,693		3,317,141		73,219,834		
Capital Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation		78,134,715		91,526,096		169,660,811		-
Total Assets		184,274,227		106,627,733		290,901,960		1,296,411
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities		838,875		498,991		1,337,866		16,397
Accrued Payroll		966,847		524,329		1,491,176		-
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		-
Retainage Payable		264,839		-		264,839		-
Customer Deposits		-		90,970		90,970		-
Noncurrent Liabilities								
Due Within One Year		652,500		1,080,000		1,732,500		-
Due in More than One Year		11,977,281		7,473,004		19,450,285		-
Total Liabilities		14,700,342		9,667,294		24,367,636		16,397
Net Assets:								
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt (1)		138,145,695		86,290,233		224,435,928		-
Restricted for Capital Purposes		482,870		-		482,870		-
Unrestricted (1)		30,945,320		10,670,206		41,615,526		1,280,014
Total Net Assets	\$	169,573,885	\$	96,960,439	\$	266,534,324	\$	1,280,014

<sup>(1) -</sup> refer to note 15 for unspent bond offering proceeds in the Land and Buildings Project Fund that affect the calculation of Unrestricted Net Assets.

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

					Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		(	Operating Grants and ontributions	Capital Grants			
Primary Government										
Governmental Activities										
Public Safety	\$	16,622,773	\$	508,343	\$	255,602	\$	2,600		
Transportation		1,668,081		1,679,342		1,824,106		_		
Building		496,906		317,067		-		_		
Parks		1,714,511		23,095		4,000		_		
Development		1,534,263		251,184		106,037		_		
General Government		1,039,310		898,500		-		_		
Solid Waste		284,876		285,757		-		_		
Interest		657,027		-		-		-		
Total Governmental Activities		24,017,747		3,963,288		2,189,745		2,600		
Business- Type Activities										
Water		3,837,597		4,041,855		144,514				
Sewer		5,567,558		5,360,977		96,215				
Total Business-Type Activities		9,405,155		9,402,832		240,729		-		
Total Primary Government	\$	33,422,902	\$	13,366,120	\$	2,430,474		2,600		
Component Unit										
Josephine County-City of Grants										
Pass Solid Waste Agency	\$	185,059	\$		\$					

			et Revenue (Expenses) and Changes in Net Asset					
		Primary Government		Component Unit				
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Josephine County City of Grants Pass Solid Waste Agency				
	\$ (15,856,228) 1,835,367	\$ -	\$ (15,856,228) 1,835,367	\$ -				
	(179,839) (1,687,416)	-	(179,839) (1,687,416)	-				
	(1,177,042) (140,810)	-	(1,177,042) (140,810)	-				
	(657,027)	<u>-</u>	(657,027)					
	(17,862,114)	· <del></del>	(17,862,114)					
	-	348,772 (110,366)	348,772 (110,366)					
		238,406	238,406					
	(17,862,114)	238,406	(17,623,708)					
		<u> </u>		(185,059				
General Revenues Taxes:								
Property Business	15,307,952 299,697	-	15,307,952 299,697					
Franchise Transient Room	2,364,958 940,765		2,364,958 940,765					
Intergovernmental-unrestricted Interest	3,359,165 550,250	315,658 145,702	3,674,823 695,952	224,819 13,58°				
Trust Receipts - unrestricted SDC Receipts	131,584	26,432 441,550	158,016 441,550					
Industrial Payments Miscellaneous	13,163 152,842	77,397	13,163 230,239	128,886				
Transfers Total General Revenues and Transfers	68,884 23,189,260	(68,884) 937,855	24,127,115	367,292				
Change in Net Assets	5,327,146	1,176,261	6,503,407	182,233				
Beginning Net Assets	164,246,739	95,784,178	260,030,917	1,097,781				
Ending Net Assets	\$ 169,573,885	\$ 96,960,439	\$ 266,534,324	\$ 1,280,014				

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

			SPECI	AL REVENUE		DEBT SI	ERVIC	E	
		GENERAL		SOLID WASTE		GEN OBLIGATION BOND		BANCROFT BOND	
ASSETS:									
Assets:									
Cash and Investments	\$	8,170,019	\$	1,408,929	\$	58,809	\$	150,463	
Receivables:									
Taxes		1,393,550		-		86,444		-	
Intergovernmental		127,572		-		-		-	
Accounts, net		175,027		(2)		-		-	
Accrued Interest		4,904		-		-		29,440	
Notes and Contracts		· <u>-</u>		21,813		-		-	
Grants		295,003		-		-		-	
Assessment Liens		· -		_		_		855,625	
Due from Other Funds		1,830,000		1,540,000		_		· -	
Prepaid Items		_		50		_		_	
Restricted Assets									
Cash and Cash Equivalents		_		_		_		_	
Notes and Taxes Receivable		_		_		_		_	
Accrued Interest Receivable		-		_		_		_	
Total Assets	\$	11,996,075	\$	2,970,790	\$	145,253	\$	1,035,528	
			·						
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:									
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable		283,438		52,767		-		-	
Salaries, Withholdings and Taxes Payable		323,762		269		-		-	
Accrued Interest Payable		-		-		-		731	
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		1,540,000	
Deferred Revenue		1,191,097		-		76,316		855,625	
Assessment Trust Payable		-		-		-		-	
Note Payable		-		-		-		-	
Retainage Payable		-		-		-		-	
Total Liabilities		1,798,297		53,036		76,316		2,396,356	
Fund Balances:									
Reserved for Debt Service		_		_		68,937		_	
Reserved for Capital Purposes		_		_		-		_	
Unreserved Reported in:									
General Fund		10,197,778		_		_		_	
Special Revenue Funds		-		2,917,754		_		_	
Debt Service Funds		_		-,,,,-,		_		(1,360,828)	
Capital Projects Funds		_		_		_		(1,500,020)	
Total Fund Balances		10,197,778		2,917,754		68,937		(1,360,828)	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	11,996,075	\$	2,970,790	\$	145,253	\$	1,035,528	
Total Elabilities and Fund Dalances	ψ	11,770,073	Ψ	4,710,130	Ψ	173,433	Ψ	1,033,340	

		CAPITA	L PROJECTS							
	ISPORTATION PROJECTS			BUILDING PARKWAY			TOTAL ON-MAJOR	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL		
\$	6,046,407	\$	4,349,297	\$	322,986	\$	2,990,502	\$	23,497,412	
	_		_		_		_		1,479,994	
	_		_		-		116,003		243,575	
	-		-		-		131,762		306,787	
	6,231		-		13,852		609		55,036	
	59,711		-		167,371		201,456		450,351	
	-		28,857		-		-		323,860	
	-		-		-		-		855,625	
	-		-		-		-		3,370,000	
	-		-		250,000		-		250,050	
	2,297,387		804		250,000		82,818		2,631,009	
	516,172		81,211		-		35,256		632,639	
	17,772		14,145		<u>-</u>		5,967		37,884	
\$	8,943,680	\$	4,474,314	\$	1,004,209	\$	3,564,373	\$	34,134,222	
	117,066		64,242		190		57,659		575,362	
	496		127		-		15,081		339,735	
	-		-		-		-		731	
	-		1,580,000		250,000		146,205		3,516,205	
	575,883		81,211		167,372		236,712		3,184,216	
	-		34,474		-		-		34,474	
	-		-		-		-		-	
	264,839		1.760.054		417.562		455 (57	-	264,839	
-	958,284		1,760,054		417,562		455,657	-	7,915,562	
	-		-		-		-		68,937	
	-		482,870		-		-		482,870	
	-		-		-		-		10,197,778	
	-		-		-		3,108,716		6,026,470	
	-		-		-		-		(1,360,828)	
	7,985,396		2,231,390		586,647			-	10,803,433	
	7,985,396		2,714,260		586,647		3,108,716		26,218,660	
\$	8,943,680	\$	4,474,314	\$	1,004,209	\$	3,564,373	\$	34,134,222	

### RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets.

Fund Balances \$ 26,218,660 The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress) is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The statement of net assets includes those capital assets among the assets of the City as a whole. 146,231,108 Net Capital Assets Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net assets. General Obligation Bonds (7.930.000)Post Closure Costs (2,255,198)**Environmental Liability** (228,900)Notes and Contracts Payable (90,000)(10,504,098)Net Adjustment Accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave (1,593,375)GASB45-OPEB (532,307)Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Deferred Revenue 3,184,216 Internal service funds are used by the City to account for the fleet operations, support services, administrative service and insurance services that are provided to the other departments and agencies on a cost reimbursement basis. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets. Internal Service Fund Net Assets 6,569,681 Total Net Assets 169,573,885

# WHERE THE ROGUE RIVER RUNS



City of Grants Pass

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

			Sl	PECIAL REVENUE		DEBT SERVICE				
		GENERAL		SOLID WASTE		OBLIGATION BOND	I	BANCROFT BOND		
REVENUES:	ф	16.025.201	Ф		Φ.	027.772	Φ.			
Taxes Licenses and Permits	\$	16,935,301 262,289	\$	2,690	\$	927,772	\$	-		
Intergovernmental		1,685,569		397,635		-		-		
Charges for Services		831,545		283,067		-		-		
Fines and Forfeitures		300,528		283,007		_		_		
Special Assessments		300,326		_		_		374,550		
Interest on Investments		169,881		23,818		52		(264)		
Interest on Assessments		102,001		25,616		32		68,268		
Trust Receipts		_		_		_		00,200		
Contributions		_		_		_		_		
Industrial and Other Loans		_		_		_		_		
Miscellaneous Revenues		104,169		16,899		-		_		
Total Revenues		20,289,282		724,109		927,824		442,554		
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
Public Safety		14,737,717		-		-		-		
Transportation		-		-		-		-		
Building		472,525		-		-		-		
Parks		1,547,370		-		-		-		
Development		1,299,385		-		-		-		
General Government		356,372						20,481		
Solid Waste		-		327,254		-		-		
Capital Outlay		-		59,132		-		-		
Tax Turnover		200.076		271 422		-		-		
Debt Service		200,076		371,423		919,000				
Total Expenditures		18,613,445		757,809		919,000		20,481		
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under)										
Expenditures		1,675,837		(33,700)		8,824		422,073		
Other Financing Sources, (Uses)										
Sale of Assets		4,968		-		-		-		
Loan Proceeds		-		-		-		-		
Transfers In		815,027		38,000		-		-		
Transfer Out		(35,000)		(62,000)		<u>-</u>				
Total Other Financing										
Sources, (Uses)		784,995		(24,000)		_		_		
, (,				(= :,= 30)						
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,460,832		(57,700)		8,824		422,073		
Beginning Fund Balance		7,736,946		2,975,454		60,113		(1,782,901)		
Ending Fund Balance	\$	10,197,778	\$	2,917,754	\$	68,937	\$	(1,360,828)		

	CAPITAL PROJECTS			
TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS	LAND AND BUILDING PROJECTS	PARKWAY REDEVELOPMENT	TOTAL NON-MAJOR	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 940,765	\$ 18,803,838
1 700 740	106.007	251 677	9,070	274,049
1,722,748 479,142	106,037 141,517	251,677	1,569,423 845,683	5,733,089 2,580,954
479,142	141,317	-	043,003	300,528
_	_	_	_	374,550
129,153	49,290	28,160	28,658	428,748
			,	68,268
16,219	-	115,365	-	131,584
1,659	-	-	-	1,659
-	-	-	13,163	13,163
34,104	11,248	5,380	12,035	183,835
2,383,025	308,092	400,582	3,418,797	28,894,265
				14,737,717
_	-	-	1,545,768	1,545,768
_	-	_	1,545,700	472,525
_	_	-	_	1,547,370
_	_	24,742	48,493	1,372,620
-	_	-	-	376,853
-	-	-	-	327,254
3,096,021	1,834,659	-	109	4,989,921
-	-	1,576,784	-	1,576,784
		293,837		1,784,336
3,096,021	1,834,659	1,895,363	1,594,370	28,731,148
(712,996)	(1,526,567)	(1,494,781)	1,824,427	163,117
-	-	-	107	5,075
-	102.072	2 5 41 5 44	-	4 150 451
573,807	183,873 (50,000)	2,541,744 (2,541,744)	(1,408,707)	4,152,451 (4,097,451)
573,807	133,873		(1,408,600)	60,075
(139,189)	(1,392,694)	(1,494,781)	415,827	223,192
8,124,585	4,106,954	2,081,428	2,692,889	25,995,468
\$ 7,985,396	\$ 2,714,260	\$ 586,647	\$ 3,108,716	\$ 26,218,660

# RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - TO

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities

Excess of Revenues over Expenditures		\$ 223,192
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capitalized Expenditures Capital Contributions Depreciation Expense Net Adjustment	\$ 5,932,483 784,663 (1,850,586)	4,866,560
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds. expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. This adjustment combines the net changes in liability balances.		
Compensated Absences GASB45-OPEB General Obligation Bond Payments Post Closure Costs Environmental Liability Loan Proceeds Notes and Contracts Payable	\$ (190,971) (287,435) 560,000 89,960 21,100	
Net Adjustment  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial	 370,713	569,397
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Property Taxes Special Assessments Misc Notes and Grants Net Adjustment	\$ 109,535 (374,551) (679,578)	(944,594)
Internal service funds are used by the City to account for the fleet operations, support services, administrative service and insurance services that are provided to the other departments and agencies on a cost reimbursement basis. The revenues and expenses of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of activities.		
Internal Service Fund Change in Net Assets		 612,591
Change in Net Assets		\$ 5,327,146

# WHERE THE ROGUE RIVER RUNS



City of Grants Pass

# CITY OF GRANTS PASS JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

ACCITION		WATER FUND		SEWER FUND	HARBECK- FRUITDALE SEWER SERVICE
ASSETS: Current Assets					
Cash and Investments	\$	2,995,249	\$	2,840,151	\$ -
Prepaid Items	φ	5,159	φ	2,840,131	ф -
Receivables		3,139		443	-
Taxes		1			
Accounts, net		574,482		561,219	<del>-</del>
Notes		40,659		39,688	-
Grants		40,037		37,000	_
Accrued Interest		209		1,821	_
Due From Other Funds		-		-	_
Restricted Assets			_		
Cash and Investments		262,115		51,631	_
Accrued Interest and Accounts Receivable		24,931		24,177	_
Notes		117,909		123,141	-
			_		
Total Current Assets		4,020,714		3,642,271	-
Capital Assets					
Capital Assets, Net		51,564,785		34,190,700	_
Total Capital Assets		51,564,785		34,190,700	
Total assets	\$	55,585,499	\$	37,832,971	\$ -
Total assets	Ψ	33,303,177	Ψ	37,032,771	Ψ
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS:					
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$	220,132	\$	229,822	\$ -
Salaries, Withholdings and Taxes Payable		236,936		287,393	-
Accrued Interest Payable		3,093		29,212	-
Bonds, Notes Payable Within One Year		380,000		320,000	-
Due To Other Funds Deferred Revenue		-		-	-
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets					
Accounts Payable		_		_	_
Salaries, withholdings and taxes payable		_		_	_
Customer Deposits		90,970		_	
Deferred Revenue		-		_	_
Contractor Retainage		_		_	_
Total Current Liabilities		931,131		866,427	
Long-Term Liabilities					
Notes Payable		=		=	=
General Obligation Revenue Bonds Payable		402,251		4,905,120	_
Total Long-Term Liabilities		402,251		4,905,120	
Total Liabilities		1,333,382		5,771,547	
	_	1,000,002	_	5,771,577	
NET ASSETS					
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt		50,782,534		28,965,580	-
Unrestricted		3,469,583		3,095,844	
Total Net Assets		54,252,117		32,061,424	
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	55,585,499	\$	37,832,971	\$ -

\$ 1,020,912 \$ 6,856,312 \$ 8,293,860	
- 5,602 35,468	
- 1 -	
125,739 1,261,440 36,950	
80,540 160,887 -	
639 2,669 -	
212.746	
- 313,746 - - 49,108 -	
1,227,830 8,890,815 8,512,483	
9,087,752 94,843,237 1,806,300	
9,087,752 94,843,237 1,806,300	
<u>\$ 10,315,582</u> <u>\$ 103,734,052</u> <u>\$ 10,318,783</u>	
\$ 4,681 \$ 454,635 \$ 228,309 - 524,329 627,112 12,051 44,356 - 380,000 1,080,000	
- 90,970 -	
396,732 2,194,290 855,421  Reconciliation of Net Asset Net Assets p. 29	ets to page 19 \$ 94,066,758
2,165,633 7,473,004 - Internal Service Fund Net	Assets 2,893,681
2,165,633 7,473,004 -	
2,562,365 9,667,294 855,421 Total Net Assets p. 19	\$ 96,960,439
6,542,119 86,290,233 1,806,300 1,211,098 7,776,525 7,657,062 7,753,217 94,066,758 9,463,362	
\$ 10,315,582 \$ 103,734,052 \$ 10,318,783	

# CITY OF GRANTS PASS <u>JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON</u> STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

OPERATING REVENUES		WATER FUND		SEWER FUND	FRU	ARBECK- UITDALE R DISTRICT
Charges for Services	\$	4,041,855	\$	4,362,152	\$	_
Special assessments	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	(20,624)
Trust receipts		24,337		2,095		-
Miscellaneous		19,105		63,085		-
Total Operating Revenue		4,085,297		4,427,332		(20,624)
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries, Wages, and Benefits		1,247,507		1,352,904		-
Operating Supplies		355,827		379,598		-
Repairs and Maintenance		114,455		94,635		-
Utilities		280,022		376,990		-
Professional Services		243,293		207,264		54
General, Administrative and Engineering		671,508		1,052,529		-
Depreciation and Amortization		981,968		1,161,182		
Total Operating Expenses		3,894,580		4,625,102		54
Total Operating Income (Loss)		190,717		(197,770)		(20,678)
NONOPERATING INCOME (LOSS)						
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		85		-		-
SDC Receipts		234,671		206,879		-
Intergovernmental		-		311,699		-
Taxes		1		-		-
Refunding Bonds Issued		1,130,000		5,085,000		
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow		(1,130,000)		(5,085,000)		
Interest Income		71,447		39,199		42
Interest Expense		(53,155)		(205,158)		(386)
Total Nonoperating Income (Expense)		253,049		352,619		(344)
Capital Contribution		144,514		111,198		(14,983)
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		588,280		266,047		(36,005)
TRANSFERS						
Transfers In		605,166		987,834		-
Transfers Out		(650,166)		(1,017,834)		
Total Transfers		(45,000)		(30,000)		
Change in Net Assets		543,280		236,047		(36,005)
Beginning Net Assets		53,708,837		31,825,377		36,005
Ending Net Assets	\$	54,252,117	\$	32,061,424	\$	_

	SANI	EDWOOD TARY SEWER ICE DISTRICT		TOTAL	A) Iì	ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES NTERNAL VICE FUNDS
	\$	998,825	\$	9,402,832	\$	7,679,377
		-		(20,624)		-
		-		26,432		-
				82,190		38,485
		998,825		9,490,830		7,717,862
		_		2,600,411		3,809,299
		23,533		758,958		347,001
		121,047		330,137		145,501
		24,055		681,067		118,102
		11,932		462,543		657,093
		350,661		2,074,698		1,685,306
		209,356		2,352,506		195,784
		740,584		9,260,320		6,958,086
		258,241		230,510		759,776
		- - -		85 441,550 311,699		13,012 - 12,946
		-		1		-
		2,600,000		8,815,000		-
		(2,600,000)		(8,815,000)		76.692
		11,566 (106,693)		122,254 (365,392)		76,682
		(95,127)		510,197		102,640
		-		240,729		-
		162 114				962.416
		163,114		981,436		862,416
		30,000		1,623,000		30,000
		(30,000)		(1,698,000)		(10,000)
		-		(75,000)		20,000
		163,114		906,436		882,416
		7,590,103		93,160,322		8,580,946
	\$	7,753,217	\$	94,066,758	\$	9,463,362
Change in N Internal Ser		ts d Change in Net	Asset		\$	906,436 269,825
Total Busin	ess Type	Change in Net A	Assets		\$	1,176,261

# CITY OF GRANTS PASS JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	 WATER FUND	 SEWER FUND	FR	ARBECK- UITDALE ER DISTRICT
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash Received from Customers Cash Paid to Suppliers Cash Paid to Employees Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 4,132,322 (1,631,470) (1,226,749) 1,274,103	\$ 4,381,837 (1,986,829) (1,327,647) 1,067,361	\$	(20,585) (55) - (20,640)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers In Transfers Out Intergovernmental and Taxes SDC Receipts Decrease (Increase) in Notes Receivable Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	 605,166 (650,166) 1 234,671 28,932 218,604	987,834 (1,017,834) 311,699 206,879 (12,170) 476,408		24,732 24,732
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities Proceeds from Issuance of Debt Principal Payments on Notes, Net of Refunding Proceeds Principal Payments on Bonds Interest Paid on Bonds and Contracts Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets Acquisition of Harbeck-Fruitdale District Assets Disposition of Property Net cash provided (used) by capital financing activities	 (745,541) (53,155) (1,286,630) - 85 (2,085,241)	 (529,840) (150,000) (205,158) (705,038) 5,839 - (1,584,197)		(386) - (5,839) - (6,225)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest on Investments	 71,447	 39,199		42
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments	(521,087)	(1,229)		(2,091)
Cash and investments, beginning of year	\$ 3,778,451	\$ 2,893,011	\$	2,091
Cash and investments, end of year	\$ 3,257,364	\$ 2,891,782	\$	
Composition of cash and investments, end of year Current cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$ 2,995,249 262,115	\$ 2,840,151 51,631	\$	- -
Total cash and investments	\$ 3,257,364	\$ 2,891,782	\$	
Noncash Capital Transactions Developer Installed Public Utility Improvements Refunded Bonds Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 144,514 1,130,000	\$ 96,214 5,085,000	\$	<u>-</u>
Operating Income Depreciation and Amortization (Increase) Decrease in Receivables/Prepaids Increase (Decrease) in Payables Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Revenue Increase (Decrease) in Payroll Liabilities	\$ 190,717 981,968 47,025 33,635	\$ (197,770) 1,161,182 (45,495) 124,187 - 25,257	\$	(20,678) - 39 (1) -
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 1,274,103	\$ 1,067,361	\$	(20,640)

	EDWOOD ANITARY				INTERNAL SERVICE
SEW	SEWER SERVICE TOTAL			FUNDS	
\$	981,233	\$	9,474,807	\$	7,774,478
	(563,513)		(4,181,867)		(3,123,813)
	-		(2,554,396)	_	(3,980,345)
	417,720		2,738,544		670,320
	30,000		1 622 000		30,000
	(30,000)		1,623,000 (1,698,000)		(10,000)
	(30,000)		(1,000,000)		25,958
	-		441,550		-
	-		41,494		-
	-		408,044	_	45,958
	(544,983)		(1,074,823)		-
	(185,000)		(1,080,541)		_
	(106,693)		(365,392)		-
	-		(1,991,668)		(2,660)
	-		-		-
	(926 676)		(4.512.220)		(2.660)
	(836,676)		(4,512,339)	_	(2,660)
	11,566		122,254	_	76,682
	(407,390)		(931,797)		790,300
\$	1,428,302	\$	8,101,855	\$	7,503,560
\$	1,020,912	\$	7,170,058	\$	8,293,860
\$	1,020,912	\$	6,856,312	\$	8,293,860
Ψ	1,020,712	Ψ	313,746	Ψ	6,273,600
\$	1,020,912	\$	7,170,058	\$	8,293,860
\$		\$	240,728	\$	-
	2,600,000		8,815,000		-
\$	258,241	\$	230,510	\$	759,776
	209,356		2,352,506		195,784
	(17,592)		(16,023)		56,616
	(32,285)		125,536		(170,810)
	- -		46,015		- (171,046)
\$	417,720	\$	2,738,544	\$	670,320

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

### AGENCY FUND

Cash and Investments
Receivables:

3,577,297

3,577,297

Accounts, net

Total assets \$ 3,577,297

LIABILITIES

ASSETS:

Liabilities:

Total liabilities

daomiles.	
Accounts payable	\$ 126,295
Building Permit Suspense	17,720
Contractor Escrow Payable	-
Miscellaneous Trust Liabilities	3,425,457
Water Deposits	-
Deposit Suspense	 7,825

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Grants Pass, Oregon, have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

### THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Grants Pass is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and eight-member council. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable, as defined under GASB Statement 39. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the City. As of June 30, 2010, the City had three blended component units requiring disclosure. The blended component units have a June 30 year end. There is one discretely presented component unit.

The City reports the following blended component units:

<u>Parkway Redevelopment Agency ("The Agency")</u> – The Agency is governed by a board comprised of the City Council and the Mayor of Grants Pass.

<u>Harbeck-Fruitdale Sewer District ("The District")</u> – The District is governed by a board comprised of the City Council and the Mayor of Grants Pass.

<u>Redwood Sanitary Sewer Service District ("The Service District")</u> – The Service District is governed by a board comprised of the City Council and the Mayor of Grants Pass.

The City reports the following discretely presented component unit:

Josephine County-City of Grants Pass Solid Waste Agency ("The Solid Waste Agency") – The Solid Waste Agency is governed by a board comprised of representatives of each government, not more than one of which shall be an elected member of each governing board. The City appoints 3 of the 6 board members and the City has managerial responsibilities. By agreement, the City has managing jurisdiction and shall report the Agency as a component unit for audit and budgetary purposes.

Complete financial statements for each of these component units may be obtained at the City's Administrative offices located at the following address:

City of Grants Pass 101 N.W. "A" Street Grants Pass, Oregon 97526

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and the fiduciary fund, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be measurable to accrue as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund accounts for all financial resources and expenditures of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The principal revenue source is property taxes.

<u>Solid Waste Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the municipal portions of franchise management for the two solid waste franchises in the City. The principal revenue is charges for services.

<u>Bancroft Bond Fund</u> – This fund accounts for funds received from property owners to satisfy assessments against their property.

<u>Transportation Projects Fund</u> – This fund accounts for well-maintained street and drainage systems in addition to new street and sidewalk construction and major maintenance such as street overlays and seals. The principal revenue sources are utility fees, gas tax, and system development charges.

<u>Land and Building Projects Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the purchase of property, construction of buildings and major repair and replacement projects for the City's park land and facilities. The principal revenue sources are intergovernmental revenue, general obligation bonds and system development charges.

<u>Parkway Redevelopment Agency Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the general administration of the Agency and for the acquisition and rehabilitation of blighted and deteriorated areas within the designated urban renewal areas. The primary funding source is property tax revenue and proceeds from the issuance of bonds.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Sewer Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the operations of the Sewer Fund which is financed primarily through user charges to the general public.

<u>Water Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the revenues and expenses of the City's water utility. The primary revenue source is fees for service.

<u>Harbeck-Fruitdale Sewer District</u> - This fund accounts for sanitation services to properties within the boundaries of the District. The principal revenue source is assessments.

<u>Redwood Sanitary Sewer Service District</u> - This fund accounts for sanitation infrastructure to properties within the boundaries of the District. The principal revenue source is user charges.

Additionally, the government reports the following funds:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - The internal service funds account for the fleet operations, support services, administrative services and insurance services that are provided to the other departments and agencies on a cost reimbursement basis.

<u>Fiduciary Fund (Agency Fund)</u> – This fund accounts for the City's monies held for others and the City's role is purely custodial. This includes pass-through grants, deposits, donations for organizations and funds collected for other governments.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided and 2) operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds, and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for the same purpose, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

### **BUDGETS**

The City, the Agency, the District, the Service District and the Solid Waste Agency budget all funds as required by Oregon State Budget Law. The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Levels of control established by the resolution for the General, Capital Projects, Proprietary and Internal Service Funds are by department, function or program. The levels of control established by the resolution for the Solid Waste Fund are field operations, general program operations, capital projects and other expenditures. Expenditure budgets are appropriated at the following object levels for each of the remaining funds, personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, interfund transactions, debt service and operating contingency.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Unexpected additional resources or appropriations may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget. Original and supplemental budgets require hearings before the public, publications in newspapers, and approval by the City Council. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control. Such transfers require approval by passing a Council resolution or ordinance authorizing the transfer. All budget amendments are subject to the limitations put forth in the Oregon Revised Statues, Chapters 294.305 through 294.565 (Oregon Budget Law). Supplemental appropriations, permitted by Oregon Budget Law, were authorized by the City Council during the fiscal year.

Budget amounts presented herein are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council. There were three supplemental budgets and several transfers of appropriations. Budget appropriations lapse at year end.

The City, the Agency, the District, the Service District and the Solid Waste Agency budgets are on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgeted intergovernmental revenues between the Agency, the District and the City are accounted for as transfers on a GAAP basis.

The City also utilized encumbrances as a method of controlling budgeted appropriations and line item budget control. Encumbrances, which are purchase commitments to acquire goods or services yet to be received, are recognized as charges against budgeted appropriations during the year. At year end, any outstanding encumbrances are canceled and the charges against budgeted appropriations for these encumbrances are reversed. Encumbrances are not recognized as expenditures for budgetary or generally accepted accounting principles purposes in these basic financial statements.

Expenditures of the various funds were within authorized appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2010.

### **ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY

### **Cash and Investments**

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the balance sheet as "cash and investments."

### **Receivables and Payables**

Activity between funds that are representative of lending and borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to \ from other funds.". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are levied as of July 1 on property assessed as of January 1<sup>st</sup>. The tax levy is due November 15, with an optional payment method of 1/3 due November 15, 1/3 due January 15, and 1/3 due March 15. Taxes paid in full before November 15 are provided a 3 percent discount. The billings are considered delinquent after the appropriate due date, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

Notes and contracts receivable are recorded at par. Interest assessed is recorded as revenue when the payment becomes due.

Receivables for federal and state grants, and state, county and local shared revenue are recorded as revenue in all funds as earned. The receivables for state, county and local shared revenue are recorded in accounts receivable.

Investment earnings (e.g., accrued interest receivable) are recorded as revenue in all fund types as earned on investments.

### **Restricted Assets**

Certain assets in various governmental funds are classified as restricted assets because their use is completely restricted for the repayment of outstanding bonds, system expansion, construction projects or other legal requirements.

### Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized when projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

Buildings	20-50 years
Supply and distribution systems, including utility plant	20-75 years
Equipment	5-20 years

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Capitalized Interest**

Interest is capitalized on capital assets acquired with tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period. For the year ended June 30, 2010, no interest was capitalized on capital assets.

### Grants

Unreimbursed expenditures due from grantor agencies are reflected in the basic financial statements as receivables and revenues. Grant revenues are recorded at the time eligible expenditures are incurred. Cash received from grantor agencies in excess of related grant expenditures is recorded as a liability in the balance sheet and statement of net assets.

### **Compensated absences**

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. The City has a policy to pay a percentage of unpaid sick leave upon retirement or termination of employment in good standing, only after 10 years of continuous service by the employee. All vacation and sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, and proprietary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is not reported in governmental funds in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 <u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>, unless the compensated absences have matured (due to resignation or retirement).

### **Long-term obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### **Workers' Compensation Insurance**

The City is self-insured for workers' compensation. Premiums are paid to the Insurance Service Fund from operating divisions and are available to pay claims, claims reserves and administrative costs of the program. Estimated claims of \$39,480 have been accrued as a liability of the fund and are included in accounts payable.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Fund equity/Net assets

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Net assets comprise the various net earnings from operations, nonoperating revenues, expenses and contributions of capital. Net assets are classified in the following three categories.

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – consists of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – consists of external constraints placed on net asset use by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets – consists of all other net assets that are not included in the other categories previously mentioned.

### **Reservations of Net Assets and Fund Balances**

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

### **Statement of Cash Flows**

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund types deposit monies into a common cash and investment pool of the City. The funds use this pool as a demand deposit account and, accordingly, all amounts in the pool are considered cash and cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents include investments with an original maturity date of three months or less at date of purchase. In addition, all unrestricted cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents are grouped together for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Investments at June 30, 2010 (recorded at fair value) consisted of:

Deposits with Financial Instituations:

Petty Cash	\$ 1,300
Demand Deposits	29,072,452
Investments	 17,370,482
Total	\$ 46,444,234
-	
Unrestriced	\$ 38,647,584
Restricted	2,944,755
Fiduciary Fund	3,577,297
Component Unit	 1,274,598
Total	\$ 46,444,234

### **INVESTMENTS**

No more than the stated percentage of the overall portfolio will be invested in each of the following categories of securities:

U.S. Treasury Obligations	85%
Local Government Investment Pool	75%
Certificates of Deposit (CD)	50%
Bankers' Acceptances (BA's)	25%
Repurchase Transactions	25%
US Agency Notes	75%
A1/P1 Rated Commercial Paper	25%

There were no known violations of legal or contractual provisions for investments.

As of June 30, 2010, the City had the following investments and maturities.

		Investment Maturities (in months)		
<u>Investment Type</u>	Fair Value	Less than 3	3-17	18-59
US Government Securities	\$ 10,566,586	-	3,509,085	7,057,501
State Treasurer's investment pool	6,803,897	6,803,897		-
Total	\$ 17,370,483	6,803,897	3,509,085	7,057,501
Total	\$ 17,370,483	6,803,897	3,509,085	7,05

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Investments are valued at fair value as required by GASB 31. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized. As of June 30, 2010 the fair value of the position in the LGIP is 99.56% of the value of the pool shares as reported in the Oregon Short Term Fund audited financial statements. There were no known violations of legal or contractual provisions for deposits and investments during the fiscal year.

The Oregon State Treasury administers the LGIP. It is an open-ended no-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision or public corporation of the State that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any fund. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment options of the LGIP. The fund is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The State's investment policies are governed by Oregon Revised Statutes and the Oregon Investment Council (Council). The State Treasurer is the investment officer for the Council and is responsible for all funds entrusted to the Office of the State Treasurer.

### **Interest Rate Risk**

In general, the City's portfolio shall be managed by purchasing securities and holding them until their specified maturity date. However, under certain market conditions, when it becomes advantageous, the Investment Officer may sell securities prior to their maturity date and reinvest the proceeds in higher yielding instruments.

Oregon Revised Statutes require investments to not exceed a maturity of 18 months, except when the local government has adopted a written investment policy that was submitted to and reviewed by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board (OSTFB). The City's policy is that 100% of all operating funds shall mature within 36 months and the policy has been reviewed by the OSTFB.

The City limits investment maturities as follows for operating funds:

Within one business day 15% minimum Under 180 days 50% minimum Under 360 days 75% minimum

To the extent possible, the City of Grants Pass shall attempt to match its investments with anticipated future cash flow requirements. The maximum maturity shall be the anticipated use of the cash or 36 months, whichever is shorter, unless:

- ➤ The funds are being accumulated for a specific purpose, including future construction projects, and upon approval of the Council, the maximum maturity date matches the anticipated use of the funds (ORS 294.135).
- ➤ If this investment policy has been submitted for review by the Oregon Short-Term Fund (OSTF) Board and in accordance with ORS 294.135(1)(a), debt service reserves may be invested to a maturity date not exceeding five years.

### **Credit Risk**

Neither the Oregon Revised Statutes nor the City's investment policy limits investments as to credit rating for securities purchased from U.S. Government Agencies. The City's investments in U.S. Government Agencies were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investor Service. The State Pool is unrated.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Oregon Revised Statutes require bankers' acceptances to be guaranteed by and carried on the books of, a qualified financial institution, eligible for discount by Federal Reserve System, and issued by a qualified financial institution whose short-term letter of credit rating is rated in the highest category by one or more nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

Deposits consist of bank demand deposits. The carrying amount of deposits is \$28,137,997. The total bank balance per the bank statements is \$29,155,573. Of these deposits, \$2,260,849 is covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder is collateralized by the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP). Oregon Revised Statutes and City Policy require depository institutions to maintain on deposit, with the collateral pool manager, securities having a value not less than 10% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are well capitalized, 25% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are undercapitalized or assigned to pledge 110% by the Office of the State Treasurer.

### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

To avoid incurring unreasonable risks inherent to over-investing in specific instruments or in individual financial institutions, the City's investment policy sets maximum limits on the percentage of the portfolio that can be invested in any one type of security. At June 30, 2010 the City was in compliance with all percentage restrictions.

Oregon Revised Statutes require no more than 25 percent of the moneys of local government to be invested in bankers' acceptances of any qualified financial institution. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required by law to be collateralized.

### 3. ASSESSMENTS RECEIVABLE

Assessments receivable represent the uncollected amounts levied against benefited properties for the costs of local improvements. Since the assessments are liens against the properties, an allowance for uncollectible amounts is not deemed necessary. Assessments are generally payable over a period of ten to twenty years and bear interest at 7% to 10.64%. At June 30, 2010, the City's delinquent assessments receivable totaled \$61,862.

### 4. NOTES AND CONTRACTS RECEIVABLE

Notes and Contracts Receivable consisted of the following at June 30, 2010:

 CDBG - HUD Loans Receivable
 \$ 175,451

 Other Notes Receivable
 1,064,981

 \$ 1,240,432

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **5. CAPITAL ASSETS**

The changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 are as follows:

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS				
	June 30, 2009	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2010	
Capital Assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 62,754,276	\$ 313,965	\$ -	\$ 63,068,241	
Construction in Progress	17,194,884	3,236,737	13,597,169	6,834,452	
Total, not being depreciated	79,949,160	3,550,702	13,597,169	69,902,693	
Buildings	4,582,759	6,082,270		10,665,029	
Improvements	7,452,714	1,452,936	_	8,905,650	
Machinery & Equipment	5,813,561	2,939,009	1,263,088	7,489,482	
Infrastructure	68,786,272	7,555,140		76,341,412	
Total, being depreciated	86,635,306	18,029,355	1,263,088	103,401,573	
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings	2,350,975	199,182	-	2,550,157	
Improvements	3,244,804	315,155	-	3,559,959	
Machinery & Equipment	3,648,048	529,238	168,826	4,008,460	
Infrastructure	13,976,664	1,196,618	25,000	15,148,282	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	23,220,491	2,240,193	193,826	25,266,858	
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, net	63,414,815	15,789,162	1,069,262	78,134,715	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 143,363,975	\$ 19,339,864	\$ 14,666,431	\$ 148,037,408	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

	Governmental
	Funds
Transportation	\$ 169,912
Parks	170,088
Public Safety	1,619,978
General Government	41,424
Development	150,879
Building	51,940
Solid Waste	35,972
	\$ 2,240,193

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **5. CAPITAL ASSETS**

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS				
	June 30, 2009	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2010	
Capital Assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 853,812	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 853,812	
Construction in Progress	1,617,984	1,427,214	581,870	2,463,328	
Total, not being depreciated	2,471,796	1,427,214	581,870	3,317,140	
Buildings	6,486,852	-	-	6,486,852	
Improvements	1,798,082	25,029	-	1,823,111	
Machinery & Equipment	12,946,019	-	-	12,946,019	
Infrastructure	104,229,453	1,458,320	96,300	105,591,473	
Total, being depreciated	125,460,406	1,483,349	96,300	126,847,455	
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings	2,082,677	167,121	-	2,249,798	
Improvements	811,617	81,246	-	892,863	
Machinery & Equipment	3,561,377	547,305	-	4,108,682	
Infrastructure	26,489,939	1,610,839	30,763	28,070,015	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	32,945,610	2,406,511	30,763	35,321,358	
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, net	92,514,796	(923,162)	65,537	91,526,097	
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 94,986,592	\$ 504,052	\$ 647,407	\$ 94,843,237	

# 6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLE/ PAYABLE AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2010, are as follows:

	Due From Other Funds	Due To Other Funds		
General Fund	\$ 1,830,000	\$	-	
Solid Waste Fund	1,540,000		-	
Parkway Redevelopment	-		250,000	
Bancroft Bond Fund	-		1,540,000	
Land and Building Projects	-		1,580,000	
Nonmajor governmental Funds	-		146,205	
Internal Service Funds	146,205		-	
Total Funds	\$ 3,516,205	\$	3,516,205	

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLE/ PAYABLE AND TRANSFERS

In FY'07, the City used an interfund loan from the General fund to purchase property for future park use. This loan is to be paid back through the sale of City owned property held in the Lands and Building Fund, of which \$870,000 was paid back during FY'08 after a property sale and another \$50,000 in FY'10. The Bancroft Bond Fund has made internal borrowings totaling \$1,540,000 from the Solid Waste Capital Projects Fund for local improvement projects. The variation in the individual project costs subject to bonding together with timing elements made internal borrowing more cost effective then public financing. The repayment of the Bancroft Bond Fund borrowing will depend on the amounts and timing of payments made on assessment loans owed to the Fund. During FY'09, the Parkway Redevelopment Agency borrowed \$2,700,000 from a combination of the General Fund and the Transportation Capital Project Fund in order to complete the remaining projects in the Agency's 20-year voter approved plan. During FY'10 the final \$91,000 was paid back to the Transpiration Projects Fund and \$2.3 million was repaid to the General Fund leaving a balance of \$250,000 due. This loan is expected to be paid back to the City based on the progress of the Agency's remaining capital projects and will be fully paid back no later than three years from the date of the loan.

	<b>Transfers In</b>		T	ransfers Out
General Fund	\$	871,263		1,134,000
Solid Waste Fund		-		24,000
Bancroft Bond Fund		-		1,262,136
Transportation Capital Projects		2,567,906		-
Lands & Buildings Capital Projects		420,553		25,000
Parkway Redevelopment		4,129,862		4,129,862
Water Fund		314,557		723,725
Sewer Fund		880,949		896,664
Redwood Sanitary Sewer Fund		10,000		10,000
Nonmajor governmental Funds		313,000		1,418,173
Internal Service Funds		138,000		22,530
Total Funds	\$	9,646,090	\$	9,646,090

The allocation of Transient Room Tax receipts, a special revenue fund, to general governmental operating activities accounts for most of the monies transferred into the General Fund. The largest segments of General Fund transfers out represent funding of \$30,000 appropriated for Lands & Building Capital Projects while \$5,000 was transferred internally from planning to public safety. General Fund also received \$24,000 from the Solid Waste Fund for Code Enforcement trash clean-up. Transportation Projects received \$445,065 from Street Utility fees and the State Gas Tax Fund, \$45,000 from Lands & Buildings, and \$45,000 from the Water Fund. In addition to the transfer indicated above from the General Fund, Lands & Building Capital Projects received \$143,873 from Transient Room Tax and \$10,000 from the Property Management Fund, all appropriated as resources to a variety of projects. Equipment Replacement, an Internal Service Fund, received \$30,000 from the Sewer Fund for future vehicle purchases. The Parkway Redevelopment transfers in and out were all within the Redevelopment Agency's funds and were transfers to and from the debt service, debt reserve, and operational funds in order to accommodate the debt terms of the new loan from the City of Grants Pass and the new debt reserve requirements. The Sewer, Water, and Solid Waste Funds also had internal transfers primarily related to various capital projects.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Bonds outstanding consist of Public Safety General Obligation Bonds and Water Revenue Bonds. The Public Safety Bonds were issued June 20, 2007, at the original amount of \$9,820,000. In 2009-10 the City issued refunding bonds, to fully refund their 1998 Water Revenue Bonds and two Oregon DEQ loans. The total amount of the 2009 refunding were \$8,815,000. The refunding bonds resulted in a net present value savings of \$731,273.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
YEAR	PF	RINCIPAL	IN	TEREST	P	RINCIPAL	I	NTEREST
2010-2011	\$	630,000	\$	336,600	'	1,080,000		275,313
2011-2012		685,000		311,400		1,095,000		242,913
2012-2013		740,000		284,000		725,000		218,513
2013-2014		800,000		254,400		745,000		196,763
2014-2015		865,000		222,400		775,000		166,963
2016-2021		4,210,000		466,900		2,795,000		569,565
2021-2026						905,000		54,600
Premium/Disco	unt					433,004		
	\$	7,930,000	\$	1,875,700	\$	8,553,004	\$	1,724,630

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental General Obligation Bonds	2-4%	7,930,000
Business-Type Full Faith & Credit Bonds	2.0-4.0%	8,553,004

# **Unbonded Long-Term Debt**

Contracts payable in the Governmental funds consist of installment contracts related to property purchased by the City. The contracts mature at various dates through 2029.

Notes and contracts payable consist of the following:

Purpose	Interest Rates	A	Amount
Governmental Contracts Payable	4.99-6%	\$	90,000
		\$	90,000

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Future maturities of principal and interest on notes and contracts payable are as follows:

# NOTES & CONTRACTS PAYABLE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

		-		
YEAR	PRI	NCIPAL	IN	TEREST
2010-2011		22,500		4,050
2011-2012		22,500		3,038
2012-2013		22,500		2,025
2013-2014		22,500		1,013
2014-2015		-		-
2015-2020		-		-
2020-2025		-		-
	\$	90,000	\$	10,126

Long-Term Debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2010, is as follows:

# CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT

	 LIANGES IN	LUI	AG-TEKM D	CDI				
	Beginning					Ending	Γ	Oue Within
	Balance		Additions	<u> </u>	Reductions	Balance		One Year
Governmental Activities:								
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$ 8,490,000	\$	-	\$	560,000	\$ 7,930,000	\$	630,000
Post-Closure Care Costs	2,595,158		-		339,960	2,255,198		-
River Road Liability	250,000		-		21,100	228,900		-
Notes and Contracts Payable	662,803		-		572,803	90,000		22,500
Governmental activities								
Long-Term Debt	\$ 13,375,100	\$	-	\$	1,493,863	\$ 10,504,098	\$	652,500
Business-type Activities:								
Revenue Bonds Payable	\$ 1,540,000	\$	-	\$	1,540,000	\$ -	\$	-
Full Faith & Credit Bonds Payable	-		8,815,000		695,000	8,120,000		1,080,000
Less Unamortized Discount/Premium	(9,758)		442,762		-	433,004		-
Notes and Contracts Payable	9,258,169				9,258,169	_		-
Business-type Activities								
Long-Term Debt	\$ 10,788,411	\$	9,257,762	\$	11,493,169	\$ 8,553,004	\$	1,080,000

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City purchases commercial insurance for general, auto and property liability. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Insurance Services Fund is responsible for collecting interfund premiums from other City funds and departments, paying claim settlements and purchasing other specified insurance policies. Interfund premiums are based on the insured funds' claims experiences and exposure (number of staff/payroll).

The City is self-insured for workers' compensation claims. The activities of the workers' compensation program are accounted for in the Insurance Services Fund. The City carries stop-loss coverage for amounts over \$400,000, to a maximum of \$1,000,000. The City estimates losses based on actual claims and accident history. The claims liability of \$39,480 reported in the Insurance Services Fund at June 30, 2010 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The \$39,480 is considered to be due within the next year and is classified as such on the Statement of Net Assets.

Year		Changes		
Ending	Beginning	in	Payments	End of
June 30,	of Year	Estimates	of Claims	year
2010	75,823	(5,059)	31,284	39,480
2009	116,841	9,358	50,376	75,823
2008	56,715	118,173	58,047	116,841

# 9. STATEWIDE LOCAL GOVERNMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Description – Substantially all City employees are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for government units in the State of Oregon. Benefits generally vest after five years of continuous service. Retirement is allowed at age 58 with unreduced benefits, but retirement is generally available after age 55 with reduced benefits. Compulsory retirement age is 70. Retirement benefits are payable in lump sum or monthly amounts using several payment options. OPERS also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and other requirements are established by Oregon Revised Statutes, Chapter 238. OPERS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The stand-alone report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, P.O. Box 23700, Tigard, Oregon 97281-3700.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 9. STATEWIDE LOCAL GOVERNMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 6% of their annual covered salary. The City is required by ORS 238.225 to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the rate effective July 1, 2009 is 13.25% of salary covered under the plan for Tier 1 and Tier 2 employees and 8.04% and 11.65%% for employees covered under the Oregon Public Services Retirement Plan (OPSRP). The contribution requirement of plan members and their employers are established under ORS Chapter 238, and may be amended by an act of the Oregon legislature.

Annual Pension Cost – For the fiscal years ending June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008, the City's annual pension cost of \$1,644,586, 1,819,235 and \$1,644,586, respectively, was equal to the City's required and actual contributions. The required contributions and liabilities were determined as part of the December 31, 2009 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. Because all OPERS employers are required by law to submit the contributions adopted by the Retirement Board, and the employer contributions are calculated in conformance with the standards of Statement No. 27, there is no net pension obligation. The contributions actually made are equivalent to the annual pension cost. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include (a) a rate of return of 8.0% per year, net of investment and administrative expenses (assumed earnings rate for purposes of Tier One guaranteed interest credit); (b) wage growth of 4.25% per year, excluding merit or longevity increases; (c) projected post-retirement benefit increases of 2.0% per year; (d) demographic assumptions that have been chosen to reflect the best estimate of emerging experience of the members of OPERS; (e) consumer price inflation of 3.5% per year; and (f) future interest credits of 8.5% for Tier One and 8.0% for Tier Two. Unfunded actuarial liability is amortized as a level percentage of covered payroll over a thirty-year period on an open basis.

GASB Statement No. 27 disclosures are based on the actuarial assumptions and methods contained in the December 31, 2009 Actuarial Valuation of the PERS plan. The Actuarial Value of Assets is equal to Market Value. Liabilities and contributions are calculated using the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. The Unfunded Actuarial Liability is amortized as a level percentage of covered payroll over an open thirty year period.

				$\upsilon$		
Valuation				Funded	Covered	UAAL/
Date	AVA	AAL	UAAL	Percent	Payroll	Payroll
12/31/2005	44,007,862	50,076,056	(6,068,194)	88%	9,637,834	63%
12/31/2007	52,711,473	54,238,486	(1,527,013)	97%	11,433,157	13%
12/31/2009	45,516,785	58,455,182	(12,938,397)	78%	11,981,543	108%

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 10. DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The City offers its employees optional deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plans, available to all City employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plans, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. Monies accumulated by the City under its deferred compensation plans have been deposited with various financial institutions. The City has adopted GASB Statement 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. The City has little administrative involvement and does not perform the investing functions for this plan, therefore, this plan is not shown in the City's financial statements.

# 11. OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

# **Plan Description**

Explicit Employer Benefits – The City provides postretirement health care benefits, as per labor contracts and the Personnel Rules and Regulations, for retirees. The benefit varies depending upon date of employment. The City pays 92.5 percent of the medical insurance premium for four years following the retirement of an employee, or until the employee dies, reaches age 65, or enters employment where insurance is provided. The employee must be eligible and receiving Oregon Public Employees Retirement Systems (OPERS) benefits. Employees hired after January 1, 2001 and covered under the Grants Pass Police Association labor contract and the Teamsters Local Union #223 are eligible for 50% City paid medical insurance benefits for only six months following retirement. Like wise members of the International Association of Firefighters, Local 3564 hired after October 5, 2002 have the same reduced benefit. Under Oregon law, retirees retain the right to continue their health insurance benefits under the City's group plan, with no distinction made for costs or services available. Thus once the City's financial obligation ends, a retiree may elect to continue the group benefit coverage at his own expense. The City finances these expenses as they are incurred in the respective fund where the retiree had worked. The City did not establish an irrevocable trust (or equivalent arrangement) to account for the plan.

Implicit Employer Benefits - The City operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan that provides postemployment health, dental, vision and life insurance benefits to eligible employees and their spouses. There are active and retired members in the plan. Benefits and eligibility for members are established through the collective bargaining agreements. The City's post-retirement healthcare plan is established in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 243.303. ORS stipulated that for the purpose of establishing healthcare premiums, the rate must be based on all plan members, including both active employees and retirees. The difference between retiree claims cost, which because of the effect of age is generally higher in comparison to all plan members, and the amount of retiree healthcare premiums represents the City's implicit employer contribution. The City did not establish an irrevocable trust (or equivalent arrangement) to account for the plan. Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and (2) actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective. There is no separate audited GAAP basis audited financial statements for this OPEB plan.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 11. OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

<u>Funding Policy</u> – The benefits from this program are paid either by the employer as described above or by the retired employees on a self-pay basis and the required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you go financing requirements. There is no obligation on the part of the City to fund these benefits in advance.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation - The City's annual other postemployment benefit cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance within the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the OPEB obligation at the end of the year:

	2010	2009
Annual required contribution	\$ 706,257	\$ 563,664
Interest on net pension obligation	18,186	-
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(28,526)	
Annual pension cost	695,917	563,664
Contributions made	(232,958)	(159,539)
Increase in net pension obligation	462,959	404,125
NPO (Asset) at beginning of year	 404,125	<u> </u>
NPO (Asset) at end of year	\$ 867,084	\$ 404,125
		<del></del>
Percentage of APC contributed	33.5%	28.3%
8		

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – The annual required contribution (ARC) for the current year was determined as part of the August 1, 2008 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. The objective of this method is to fund each participant's benefits under the plans as they accrue. The unfunded accrued liability is amortized over an open period of 30 years as a percentage of payroll. The actuarial assumptions included (a) a rate of return on investment of present and future assets of 4.5% compounded annually and a payroll growth rate of 3.75%; (b) a 30% assumption of participants who elect self-pay retiree medical coverage and an 80% assumption of participants who elect coverage upon retirement are also assumed to elect spouse coverage until the spouse reaches 65; (c) medical costs would increase at 10 percent inflation for the current year, grading down .5% a year to an annual rate of 5 percent. The demographic assumptions, such as mortality rates, disability incidence rates, retirement rates and withdrawl rates, are the same as those used by Oregon PERS.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 11. OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

<u>Funding Status and Funding Progress</u> – As of June 30, 2010, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$4,571,871, and the actuarial value of assets was zero, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$4,571,871. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$12,392,685, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 36.9%. The schedule of funding progress shows an ARC of \$232,958 for 2008-09, three year trend is not presented since this is the first year of the required actuarial valuation.

# 12. FUND BALANCE DEFICITS AND OVEREXPENDITURES

The Bancroft Bond Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$1,360,828. The City anticipates that the deficit balances will be liquidated by transfers from other funds and future revenues.

# 13. LANDFILL/CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

The Merlin Landfill is a municipal solid waste landfill regulated by Federal regulations, 40 CFR 258, Subpart F and the State of Oregon statutes contained in ORS 340-094. The Landfill is maintained under the specific terms of an Oregon Solid Waste Disposal Site Closure Permit No. 159, with an expiration date of June 30, 2017. In July 2001, the City purchased insurance for closure and post-closure costs. State laws and regulations required the City to place a final cover on its Merlin landfill site after it stopped accepting trash in December 2000. This cap was completed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. The Remedial Investigation and Risk Assessment reports have been completed and approved by the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ). The City received a Record of Decision (ROD) from the DEQ on January 3, 2006 that guides the City in the remedial actions necessary to mitigate the risk due to the groundwater contamination. The current value of post closure care costs is \$2,255,198. This is an estimate and subject to changes resulting from inflation, deflation, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

# 14. PROPERTY TAX LIMITATIONS

The State of Oregon has a constitutional limit on property taxes for schools and nonschool government operations. The limitation provides that property taxes for nonschool operations are limited to \$10.00 for each \$1,000 of property market value. This limitation does not apply to taxes levied for principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt.

An additional limit reduces the amount of operating property tax revenues available to the City. This reduction was accomplished by rolling property values for 1997-98 back to their 1995-96 values less 10% and limiting future tax value growth of each property to no more than 3% per year, subject to certain exceptions. Taxes levied to support bonded debt are exempted from the reductions. The Constitution also sets restrictive voter approval requirements for most tax and many fee increases and new bond issues.

# 15. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

At June 30, 2010, the City had entered into several capital construction projects with various vendors. The outstanding commitments for these projects at June 30, 2010 are \$126,275.

At June 30, 2010 there was \$482,870 of unspent bond proceeds in the Land and Buildings Project Fund for the two new Public Safety Stations. This amount affects the Net Asset calculation on the Statement of Net Assets, because this cash is restricted for capital purposes.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 16. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Changes in governmental compensated absences are as follows:

					Amount Due
	June 30, 2009	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2010	within one year
Vacation and Sick					
Leave Payable	\$ 1,402,404	\$ 710,030	\$519,059	\$ 1,593,375	\$ 300,000

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Individual Major Governmental Fund Statements

# WHERE THE ROGUE RIVER RUNS



City of Grants Pass

# JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

<u>GENERAL FUND</u>

	GENERAL	FUN!	<u>D</u>				VARIANCE
DEVICALIES.	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	. <u></u>	ACTUAL		TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES: Taxes Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures Interest on Investments Miscellaneous	\$ 16,332,734 244,341 2,032,396 754,557 232,144 164,000 79,250	\$	16,332,734 244,341 2,032,396 754,557 232,144 164,000 79,250	\$	16,935,301 262,289 1,685,569 831,545 300,528 169,881 2,454,169	\$	602,567 17,948 (346,827) 76,988 68,384 5,881 2,374,919
Total Revenues	 19,839,422	_	19,839,422	_	22,639,282		2,799,860
EXPENDITURES: Mayor and Council Public Safety Field Services Public Safety Support Services Crisis Support Services Street Lighting Code Enforcement Park Maintenance Services Aquatic Services Recreation Services Planning Services Planning Services Building and Safety Services Economic Development Downtown Development Tourism Promotion General Program Operations Debt Service Contingency	188,817 11,595,055 3,462,116 41,242 305,500 220,425 1,396,815 116,457 138,604 783,314 600,984 131,361 289,714 290,829 81,000 199,284 830,000		188,817 11,595,055 3,462,116 41,242 305,500 220,425 1,396,815 116,457 138,604 783,314 600,984 136,361 289,714 290,829 225,000 200,284 680,000	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	158,565 11,094,059 3,120,551 39,618 275,517 207,972 1,318,829 97,721 130,820 609,382 472,525 135,748 286,427 267,828 197,807 200,076		30,252 500,996 341,565 1,624 29,983 12,453 77,986 18,736 7,784 173,932 128,459 613 3,287 23,001 27,193 208 680,000
Total Expenditures	 20,671,517		20,671,517		18,613,445		2,058,072
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (832,095)		(832,095)		4,025,837		4,857,932
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Sale of Assets Interfund Loans Transfers Out	849,607 1,000 - (35,000)		849,607 1,000 - (35,000)	(1)	815,027 4,968 - (35,000)		(34,580) 3,968
Total other financing uses	 815,607		815,607	(1)	784,995	-	(30,612)
·							
Net Change in Fund Balance	(16,488)		(16,488)		4,810,832		4,827,320
Beginning Fund Balance	 3,034,563		3,034,563		3,556,946		522,383
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 3,018,075	\$	3,018,075	\$	8,367,778	\$	5,349,703
Reconciliation to GAAP Fund Balance Interfund Loans Total GAAP Fund Balance (1) Appropriation Level				\$	1,830,000 10,197,778		

# CITY OF GRANTS PASS <u>JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON</u> SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS

# For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	SOLID WASTE FUND								VARIANCE TO FINAL
REVENUES:		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	ı		ACTUAL		BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Licenses and Permits	\$	1,500	\$	1,500		\$	2,690	\$	1,190
Intergovernmental Charges for Services		444,596		444,596			397,635		(46,961) (49,586)
Interest on Investments		332,653 75,800		332,653 75,800			283,067 23,818		(51,982)
Miscellaneous Revenue		15,600		15,600			16,899		1,299
Misconalicous revenue	-	13,000		13,000			10,077		1,277
Total Revenues	-	870,149		870,149	į.		724,109	_	(146,040)
EXPENDITURES:									
Environmental Waste Fees		224,000		224,000	(1)		224,819		(819)
Field Operations		26,716		26,716	(1)		19,718		6,998
Post-closure		107,393		107,393	(1)		73,317		34,076
General Program Operations		22,441		22,441	(1)		9,400		13,041
Capital Outlay		2,738,422		2,738,422	(1)		59,132		2,679,290
Debt Service		366,772		371,772	(1)		371,423		349
Contingency		13,169	_	8,169	(1)		-		8,169
Total Expenditures		3,498,913		3,498,913	ı		757,809		2,741,104
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,628,764)		(2,628,764)			(33,700)		2,595,064
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In		38,000		38,000			38,000		-
Loan Proceeds Transfers Out		(68,000)		(68,000)			(62,000)		6,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(30,000)		(30,000)			(24,000)		6,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,658,764)		(2,658,764)			(57,700)		2,601,064
· ·							, , ,		
Beginning Fund Balance		2,863,790	_	2,863,790			1,435,454	_	(1,428,336)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	205,026	\$	205,026	ı	\$	1,377,754	\$	1,172,728
Reconciliation to GAAP Equity									
Interfund Loan						\$	1,540,000		
GAAP Equity						\$	2,917,754		

(1) Appropriation Level

# CITY OF GRANTS PASS <u>JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON</u> NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The budgetary basis for required supplementary information is the same as GAAP, except for interfund loans which are accounted for as "other financing sources" for budgetary purposes and is considered loans for GAAP.

# WHERE THE ROGUE RIVER RUNS



City of Grants Pass

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Combining, Individual Fund, and Other Financial Schedules

# WHERE THE ROGUE RIVER RUNS



City of Grants Pass

# CITY OF GRANTS PASS <u>JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON</u> SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS

	<u>GENER</u>	AL OBLIGAT	ION I	BOND			,	VARIANCE	
REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		_	ACTUAL		TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
Taxes Interest on Investments	\$	924,357 1,000	\$	924,357 1,000	\$	927,772 52	\$	3,415 (948)	
Total Revenues		925,357		925,357		927,824		2,467	
EXPENDITURES:									
Materials and Services Debt Service Contingency		919,000 -		919,000	(1) (1) (1)	919,000 -		- - -	
Total Expenditures		919,000		919,000		919,000			
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		6,357		6,357		8,824		2,467	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Bond Proceeds Transfers Out		- -		-	(1)	- -		- -	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_		-	<u> </u>				
Net Change in Fund Balance		6,357		6,357		8,824		2,467	
Beginning Fund Balance		37,994		37,994		60,113		22,119	
Ending Fund Balance	\$	44,351	\$	44,351	\$	68,937	\$	24,586	

<sup>(1)</sup> Appropriation Level

# JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

		WARIANGE		
REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
	ф. 120.000	ф 120,000 ф	274.550	Φ 244.550
Special Assessments Interest on Assessments Interest on Investments	\$ 130,000 30,000	\$ 130,000 \$ 30,000 =	374,550 68,268 (264)	\$ 244,550 38,268 (264)
Total Revenues	160,000	160,000	442,554	282,554
EXPENDITURES:				
Materials and Services Debt Service Contingency	105,000 64,300 700	105,000 (1) 64,300 (1) 700 (1)	20,481	84,519 64,300 700
Total Expenditures	170,000	170,000	20,481	149,519
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(10,000)	(10,000)	422,073	432,073
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Bond Proceeds Transfers Out	480,000 (470,000)	480,000 (470,000) (1)	- -	(480,000) 470,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,000	10,000		(10,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	422,073	422,073
Beginning Fund Balance	-	-	(242,901)	(242,901)
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u> <u>\$</u>	179,172	\$ 179,172
Reconciliation to GAAP Equity				
Interfund Loan		<u>\$</u>	(1,540,000)	
GAAP Equity		<u>\$</u>	(1,360,828)	

# (1) Appropriation Level

# JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS FUND									
REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)					
Intergovernmental Charges for Services Interest on Investments Trust Receipts Contributions Miscellaneous Revenues  Total Revenues	\$ 1,285,000 910,000 79,000 - 15,000 - 2,289,000	\$ 1,285,000 910,000 79,000 - 15,000 - 2,289,000	\$ 1,722,748 479,142 129,153 16,219 1,659 125,104 2,474,025	\$ 437,748 (430,858) 50,153 16,219 (13,341) 125,104 185,025					
EXPENDITURES:									
Contingency Capital Outlay	10,754,188	10,754,188 (1	3,096,021	7,658,167					
Total Expenditures	10,754,188	10,754,188	3,096,021	7,658,167					
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(8,465,188)	(8,465,188)	(621,996)	7,843,192					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In Transfers Out	1,075,065	1,075,065	573,807	(501,258)					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,075,065	1,075,065	573,807	(501,258)					
Net Change in Fund Balance	(7,390,123)	(7,390,123)	(48,189)	7,341,934					
Beginning Fund Balance	7,390,123	7,390,123	8,033,585	643,462					
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,985,396	\$ 7,985,396					

Reconciliation to GAAP Equity

<sup>(1)</sup> Appropriation Level

# JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

LAND AND BUILDING PROJECTS FUND									
REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVERVOES.									
Intergovernmental Charges for Services Interest on Investments Contributions Miscellaneous	\$	2,717,330 307,500 45,000 20,000	\$	2,717,330 307,500 45,000 20,000	\$	106,037 141,517 49,290 	\$	(2,611,293) (165,983) 4,290 (20,000) 11,248	
Total Revenues		3,089,830		3,089,830		308,092		(2,781,738)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Capital Outlay		7,858,038		7,908,038 (1)		1,884,659	_	6,023,379	
Total expenditures		7,858,038		7,908,038		1,884,659		6,023,379	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(4,768,208)		(4,818,208)		(1,576,567)	_	3,241,641	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Loan Proceeds Transfers In Sale of Assets Transfers Out		189,138 925,000 (50,000)		189,138 925,000 (50,000) (1)	·	183,873 (50,000)		(5,265) (925,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,064,138		1,064,138	_	133,873	_	(930,265)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,704,070)		(3,754,070)		(1,442,694)		2,311,376	
Beginning Fund Balance		3,704,070		3,704,070		5,736,954	_	2,032,884	
Ending Fund Balance	\$		\$	(50,000)	\$	4,294,260	\$	4,344,260	
Reconciliation to GAAP Fund Balance Interfund Loans						(1,580,000)			
Total GAAP Fund Balance					\$	2,714,260			

<sup>(1)</sup> Appropriation Level

# CITY OF GRANTS PASS <u>JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON</u> SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS

PARK	WAYR	EDEVELOPM	ENT A	GENCY				
REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET			FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental		70.650		70.650		251,677		251,677
Interest on Investments		78,650		78,650		28,160		(50,490)
Trust Receipts Miscellaneous		4 500		4 500		115,365		115,365
Wiscenaneous		4,500		4,500		5,380		880
Total revenues		83,150		83,150		400,582		317,432
EXPENDITURES:								
Materials and Services		39,430		39,430	(1)	24,742		14,688
Capital Outlay		350,000		350,000	(1)	21,712		350,000
Tax Turnover		1,621,104		1,621,104	(1)	1,576,784		44,320
Debt Service		-,,		-,,	(-)	-,,		,===
Principal		2,720,260		2,720,260	(1)	2,484,761		235,499
Interest		199,284		199,284	(1)	200,076		(792)
Contingency				<u> </u>	(1)	<u> </u>		
Total Expenditures		4,930,078		4,930,078		4,286,363		643,715
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(4,846,928)		(4,846,928)		(3,885,781)		(326,283)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Loan Proceeds		-		-		-		
Transfers In		2,812,441		2,812,441		2,541,744		(270,697)
Sale of Assets		-		-		-		-
Transfers Out		(2,812,441)		(2,812,441)	(1)	(2,541,744)		270,697
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				-	. <u>-</u>			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(4,846,928)		(4,846,928)		(3,885,781)		961,147
Beginning Fund Balance		4,846,898		4,846,898		4,722,428		(124,470)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	(30)	\$	(30)	\$	836,647	\$	836,677
Reconciliation to GAAP Fund Balance Interfund Loans Total GAAP Fund Balance					\$	(250,000) 586,647		

# CITY OF GRANTS PASS JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS								
	TRANSIENT ROOM TAX FUND			STREET UTILITY FUND	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND				
ASSETS:									
Cash and Investments Prepaid Items Receivables	\$	-	\$	396,987 232	\$	925,320			
Intergovernmental Accounts, net Notes		- -		116,003 131,762		- - 175,451			
Grants Accrued Interest Restricted Assets		-		-		-			
Cash and Cash Equivalents Notes and Taxes Receivable Accrued Interest Receivable		- - -		- - -		- - -			
Total Assets	\$		\$	644,984	\$	1,100,771			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:									
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Salaries, withholdings and taxes payable Due To Other Funds Deferred Revenue	\$	- - - -	\$	57,509 15,081 -	\$	150 - - - 175,451			
Total Liabilities				72,590		175,601			
Fund Balances: Unreserved				572,394		925,170			
Total fund balances				572,394		925,170			
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$		\$	644,984	\$	1,100,771			

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS									
	HOUSING & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND		W	STORM 'ATER & EN SPACE FUND	TOTAL				
	\$	973,314	\$	694,649	\$	2,990,270 232			
		-		-		116,003			
		26,005		-		131,762 201,456			
		609		-		-			
		609		-		609			
		-		82,818 35,256		82,818 35,256			
				5,967		5,967			
	\$	999,928	\$	818,690	\$	3,564,373			
	\$	-	\$	-	\$	57,659 15,081			
		-		146,205		146,205			
		26,005		35,256		236,712			
		26,005		181,461		455,657			
		973,923		637,229		3,108,716			
		973,923		637,229		3,108,716			
	\$	999,928	\$	818,690	\$	3,564,373			

# JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS								
	TRANSIENT ROOM TAX FUND	STREET UTILITY FUND	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND						
REVENUES:									
Taxes Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Charges for Services Interest on Investments Industrial and Other Loans Miscellaneous Revenues	\$ 940,765 - - - 392 -	\$ 9,070 1,468,065 790,973 2,991 - 4,565	\$ - - - - 8,828 10,126 4,259						
Total Revenues	941,157	2,275,664	23,213						
EXPENDITURES:									
Development Field Operations Debt Service Capital Outlay	16,257 - - -	1,545,768 - -	2,236						
Total Expenditures	16,257	1,545,768	2,236						
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures	924,900	729,896	20,977						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	(USES)								
Transfers In Sale of Assets Transfers Out	(924,900)	107 (478,807)	- - -						
Total Other Financing Sources	(U (924,900)	(478,700)							
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	251,196	20,977						
Beginning Fund Balance		321,198	904,193						
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ 572,394	\$ 925,170						

	SPECIAL REV	ENILIE	EUNDC				
HOUSING & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND			STORM WATER & PEN SPACE FUND	 TOTAL			
\$	-	\$	-	\$ 940,765			
	-		-	9,070			
	-		101,358	1,569,423			
	9,542		54,710 6,905	845,683 28,658			
	3,037		0,903	13,163			
	549		2,662	12,035			
	317		2,002	 12,033			
	13,128		165,635	 3,418,797			
	30,000		- - -	48,493 1,545,768			
	_		109	109			
	30,000		109	 1,594,370			
	(16,872)		165,526	1,824,427			
	-		-	-			
	-		-	107			
	(5,000)			 (1,408,707)			
	(5,000)			 (1,408,600)			
	(21,872)		165,526	415,827			
	995,795		471,703	 2,692,889			
\$	973,923	\$	637,229	\$ 3,108,716			

# JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS

# For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

# TRANSIENT ROOM TAX FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
Taxes Interest	\$ 975,002	\$ 975,002	\$ 940,765 392	\$ (34,237) 392
Total Revenues	975,002	975,002	941,157	(33,845)
EXPENDITURES:				
Materials and Services	16,257	16,257	(1) 16,257	
Total Expenditures	16,257	16,257	16,257	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	958,745	958,745	924,900	(33,845)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers Out	(958,745)	(958,745)	(924,900)	33,845
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(958,745)	(958,745)	(924,900)	33,845
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
Beginning Fund Balance				
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

<sup>(1)</sup> Appropriation Level

# JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

# For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

# STREET UTILITY FUND

REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET			FINAL BUDGET			ACTUAL		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVEROES.									
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	\$	15,000 1,417,230	\$	15,000 1,417,230		\$	9,070 1,468,065	\$	(5,930) 50,835
Charges for services		726,200		726,200			790,973		64,773
Interest on investments		3,500		3,500			2,991		(509)
Trust Receipts		2.700		2.700			4.565		1.065
Miscellaneous		2,700		2,700			4,565	_	1,865
Total Revenues		2,164,630		2,164,630			2,275,664		111,034
EXPENDITURES:									
Street and drainage services		1,189,817		1,189,817	(1)		1,083,203		106,614
Support services		111,066		111,066	(1)		110,435		631
General operations		444,233		442,405	(1)		352,130		90,275
Contingency		106,912		106,912	(1)		-		106,912
Total Expenditures		1,852,028		1,850,200			1,545,768		304,432
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		312,602		314,430			729,896		415,466
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Sale of Assest		_		-			107		107
Transfers Out		(483,065)		(483,065)	(1)		(478,807)		4,258
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(483,065)		(483,065)			(478,700)		4,365
Net Change in Fund Balance		(170,463)		(168,635)			251,196		419,831
Beginning Fund Balance		327,515		327,515			321,198		(6,317)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	157,052	\$	158,880		\$	572,394	\$	413,514

<sup>(1)</sup> Appropriation Level

# JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS

# For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

# COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND

							ARIANCE TO FINAL
	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental Charges for Services Interest on Investments	\$ 800,000 200 24,150	\$	800,000 200 24,150	\$	8,828	\$	(800,000) (200) (15,322)
Loan Repayments Contributions	 13,308 6,650		13,308 6,650	. <u> </u>	10,126 4,259		(3,182) (2,391)
Total Revenues	 844,308		844,308	. <u> </u>	23,213		(821,095)
EXPENDITURES:							
Materials and Services Capital Outlay Contingencies	 101,000 800,000 350,000		101,000 800,000 350,000	(1)	2,236		98,764 800,000 350,000
Total Expenditures	 1,251,000		1,251,000	_	2,236		1,248,764
Net Change in Fund Balance	(406,692)		(406,692)		20,977		427,669
Beginning Fund Balance	 802,820		802,820	. <u> </u>	904,193		101,373
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 396,128	\$	396,128	\$	925,170	\$	529,042

<sup>(1)</sup> Appropriation Level

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

## HOUSING AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET ORIGINAL **FINAL POSITIVE** BUDGET **BUDGET ACTUAL** (NEGATIVE) **REVENUES:** Charges for Services \$ \$ \$ \$ Interest on Investments 45,000 45,000 9,542 (35,458)Industrial and Other Loan Payments 13,250 13,250 3,037 (10,213)Miscellaneous Revenues 450 450 549 99 58,700 Total Revenues 58,700 13,128 (45,572)EXPENDITURES: Materials and Services 200,000 200,000 (1) 30,000 170,000 Contingencies 100,000 100,000 (1) 100,000 30,000 **Total Expenditures** 300,000 300,000 270,000 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (241,300) (241,300) (16,872) 224,428 OTHER FINANCING USES: Transfers Out (5,000)(5,000)(1)(5,000)Total Other Financing Uses (5,000)(5,000)(5,000)Net Change in Fund Balance (246,300) (246,300) 224,428 (21,872)Beginning Fund Balance 969,282 969,282 995,795 26,513

722,982

722,982

973,923

250,941

**Ending Fund Balance** 

<sup>(1)</sup> Appropriation Level

# CITY OF GRANTS PASS <u>JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON</u> SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	STORM '	WATER AND	OPEI	N SPACE				
REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET			ACTUAL		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	_	\$	101,358	\$	101,358
Charges for Services	•	90,000	\$	90,000	\$	54,710	\$	(35,290)
Interest on Investments		1,000		1,000		6,905		. , ,
Miscellaneous		-				2,662		2,662
Total Revenues		91,000		91,000		165,635		74,635
EXPENDITURES:								
Stormwater Maintenance		_		-		-		-
Customer Services		-		-		-		-
General Program Operations		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay		505,923		505,923	(1)	109		505,814
Debt Service		-		-		-		-
Contingency		-				-		
Total Expenditures		505,923		505,923		109		505,814
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(414,923)	_	(414,923)		165,526		580,449
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		_		_		_		_
Interfund Loan Proceeds		_		_		-		-
Transfers Out		-		-	(1)	-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				-		_		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(414,923)		(414,923)		165,526		580,449
Beginning Fund Balance		425,486		425,486		617,908	-	192,422
Ending Fund Balance	\$	10,563	\$	10,563	\$	783,434	\$	772,871
Reconciliation to GAAP Equity								
Interfund Loans					\$	(146,205)		
GAAP Equity					\$	637,229		

# (1) Appropriation Level

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

# ACTUAL AND BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	WATER FUND							VARIANCE TO FINAL
DEVENUES.		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	_	BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:								
Charges for Services SDC Receipts Taxes Interest on Investments	\$	4,340,091 714,500 - 64,500	\$	4,340,091 714,500 - 64,500	\$	4,070,664 234,671 1 71,447	\$	(269,427) (479,829) 1 6,947
Trust Receipts		55,000		55,000		24,337		(30,663)
Miscellaneous Revenues		108,360		108,360		19,105		(89,255)
Total Revenues		5,282,451		5,282,451	_	4,420,225		(862,226)
EXPENDITURES:								
Treatment Services		1,476,079		1,476,079	(1)	1,367,363		108,716
Distribution Services		1,213,393		1,213,393	. ,	993,873		219,520
Customer Services		396,955		396,955	. ,	370,020		26,935
General Operations		330,299		330,299	(1)	295,471		34,828
Debt Service Principal		355,000		255 000	(1)	769,000 /	(2)	(412,000)
Interest		69,123		355,000 69,123		768,000 ( 53,155	(2)	(413,000) 15,968
Capital Outlay		3,323,917		3,323,917	. ,	1,172,516		2,151,401
Contingency		323,198		323,198		1,172,510		323,198
Total Expenditures		7,487,964		7,487,964	`	5,020,398		2,467,566
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,205,513)		(2,205,513)	_	(600,173)		1,605,340
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Sale of Assets Net Revenue from Issuance of Debt Transfers In		5,000 - 605,166		5,000 - 605,166		85 22,460 605,166		(4,915) 22,460
Transfers Out		(677,166)		(677,166)	(1)	(650,166)		27,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(67,000)		(67,000)		(22,455)	_	44,545
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,272,513)		(2,272,513)		(622,628)		1,649,885
Beginning Fund Balance		3,648,071		3,648,071		3,933,660		285,589
Ending Fund Balance	\$	1,375,558	\$	1,375,558	\$	3,311,032	\$	1,935,474
Reconciliation to Net Assets								
Capital Assets, net General Obligation Bonds Payable Deferred Revenue						51,564,785 (782,312) 158,612		
Total Net Assets					\$	54,252,117		

<sup>(1)</sup> Appropriation Level

<sup>(2)</sup> Appropriations budget only exceeded due to costs and expenditures of a new bond issue, which per ORS 294.326(5) and ORS 294.483(2) excess expenditures for bonds issued during the current budget period to refund previously issued bonds are allowed.

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS

	SEWER FUND									VARIANCE TO FINAL
REVENUES:		ORIGINAL BUDGET	_	FINAL BUDGET		A	CTUAL	-	(	BUDGET POSITIVE NEGATIVE)
Charges for Services	\$	4,383,052 624,345	\$	, ,		\$	4,349,984		\$	(33,068)
SDC Receipts Intergovernmental		275,000		624,345 275,000			206,879 311,699			(417,466) 36,699
Interest on Investments		65,200		65,200			39,199			(26,001)
Trust Receipts		5,000		5,000			2,095			(2,905)
Miscellaneous		37,600		37,600			63,085			25,485
Total Revenues		5,390,197	_	5,390,197			4,972,941	•		(417,256)
EXPENDITURES:					•					
EAFENDITURES.										
Treatment Services		1,576,493		1,576,493	(1	)	1,512,290			64,203
Jo-Gro		558,004		558,004	(1	)	501,848			56,156
Collection Services		621,601		621,601	(1	)	589,918			31,683
Customer Services		279,607		279,607	(1	)	262,507			17,100
General Operations		364,280		364,280	(1	)	390,286	(2)		(26,006)
Debt service:										-
Principal		294,848			(1		797,070			(502,222)
Interest		200,402		200,402			205,158	(2)		(4,756)
Capital Outlay	#	3,242,268		3,242,268			912,107			2,330,161
Contingency		368,902	_	368,902	(1	)		-		368,902
Total Expenditures		7,506,405	_	7,506,405			5,171,184	-		2,335,221
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,116,208)	_	(2,116,208)			(198,243)	_		1,917,965
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers In		987,834		987,834			987,834			_
Net Revenue from Issuance of Debt		-		-			117,230			117,230
Transfers Out		(1,017,834)		(1,017,834)	(1	)	(1,017,834)	_		<u> </u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(30,000)	_	(30,000)			87,230	_		117,230
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,146,208)		(2,146,208)			(111,013)			2,035,195
Beginning Fund Balance		2,740,034	_	2,740,034			3,038,052	_		298,018
Ending Fund Balance	\$	593,826	\$	593,826		\$	2,927,039	_	\$	2,333,213
Reconciliation to Net Assets										
Capital Assets, net							34,190,700			
Dissolution of Fruitdale Harbeck							5,978			
Deferred Revenue							162,827			
Interfund Loans										
General Obligation Bonds Payable							(5,225,120)	_		
Total Net Assets						\$	32,061,424	=		

<sup>(1)</sup> Appropriation Level

<sup>(2)</sup> Appropriations budget only exceeded due to costs and expenditures of a new bond issue, which per ORS 294.326(5) and ORS 294.483(2) excess expenditures for bonds issued during the current budget period to refund previously issued bonds are allowed.

# JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS

<u>H</u>	IARBECK-FR	UITDALE S	EWER	DISTRICT				
REVENUES:		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	TO B PO	ARIANCE D FINAL UDGET DSITIVE EGATIVE)
Special Assessments	\$	2,200	\$	2,200	\$	4,107	\$	1,907
Interest	Ψ	10	Ψ	10	Ψ	42	Ψ	32
Miscellaneous		0		0		0		0
Total Revenues		2,210		2,210		4,149		1,939
EXPENDITURES:								
General program operations		600		600	(1)	54		546
Debt Service		1,800		1,800		386		1,414
Contingency		24		24	(1)	0		24
Total Expenditures		2,424		2,424		440		1,984
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(214)		(214)		3,709		3,923
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers In		0		0		0		0
Transfers Out		0		0		0		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0		0		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		(214)		(214)		3,709		3,923
Beginning Fund Balance		214		214		2,269		0 2,055
Ending Fund Balance	\$	0	\$	0	\$	5,978	\$	5,978
Reconciliation to Net Assets								
Capital Assets, net						0		
Dissolution of Fruitdale Harbeck						(5,978)		
Deferred Revenue						0		
Notes Payable						0		
Net Assets					\$	0		

<sup>(1)</sup> Appropriation Level

# JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS

REDW	OOD S	ANITARY SE	WEI	R DISTRICT					
DEVENUE	ORIGINAL BUDGET			FINAL BUDGET	. <u>-</u>	ACTUAL		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES:									
Charges for Services Interest on Investments	\$	963,000 26,000	\$	963,000 26,000	\$	998,825 11,566	\$	35,825 (14,434)	
Total Revenues		989,000		989,000	_	1,010,391	_	21,391	
EXPENDITURES:									
Collection Pump and Conveyance System Customer Services General Program Operations Capital Outlay		96,893 310,120 42,824 91,497 30,000		96,893 310,120 42,824 91,497 30,000	(1) (1) (1)	89,258 295,161 42,933 103,875 0	(2)	7,635 14,959 (109) (12,378) 30,000	
Debt service: Principal Interest Contingency		322,627 127,591 255,571		322,627 127,591 255,571	(1)	801,195 106,693 0	(2)	(478,568) 20,898 255,571	
Total Expenditures		1,277,123		1,277,123	_	1,439,115	_	(161,992)	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures									
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Transfers In Net Revenue from Issuance of Debt Transfers Out		30,000		30,000 - (30,000)	_	30,000 71,212 (30,000)	_	71,212	
Total Other Financing Sources				-		71,212	_	71,212	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(288,123)		(288,123)		(357,512)		(69,389)	
Beginning Fund Balance		1,195,794	_	1,195,794		1,488,070	_	292,276	
Ending Fund Balance	\$	907,671	\$	907,671	\$	1,130,558	\$	222,887	
Reconciliation to Net Assets									
Capital Assets, net Deferred Revenue General Obligation Bonds Payable					\$	9,087,752 80,540 (2,545,633)			
Total Net Assets					\$	7,753,217			

<sup>(1)</sup> Appropriation Level

<sup>(2)</sup> Appropriations budget only exceeded due to costs and expenditures of a new bond issue, which per ORS 294.326(5) and ORS 294.483(2) excess expenditures for bonds issued during the current budget period to refund previously issued bonds are allowed.

# CITY OF GRANTS PASS JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

				11200,2010					
	OI	FLEET PERATIONS FUND		SUPPORT SERVICES FUND	ADI	MINISTRATIVE SERVICES FUND	NSURANCE SERVICES FUND	TOTAL	
ASSETS:									
Current assets									
Cash and Investments	\$	3,794,672	\$	879,611	\$	936,100	\$ 2,683,477	\$	8,293,860
Prepaid Items		1,867		23,601		-	10,000		35,468
Receivables									
Accounts, net		-		36,706		244	-		36,950
Accrued interest  Due from other funds		-		-		-	146,205		146 205
Due from other funds						<u> </u>	 140,203		146,205
Total current assets	_	3,796,539	_	939,918		936,344	2,839,682		8,512,483
Capital assets, net		1,403,422		389,837		13,041	-		1,806,300
Total assets	\$	5,199,961	\$	1,329,755	\$	949,385	\$ 2,839,682	\$	10,318,783
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS:									
LIABILITIES:									
Current Liabilities									
Accounts Payable	\$	19,162	\$	50,842	\$	82,348	\$ 36,477	\$	188,829
Salaries, withholdings and taxes payable		63,311		237,024		322,914	3,863		627,112
Pending Claims		-		-		-	39,480		39,480
Due to other funds		-		-		-	 		
Total Current Liabilities		82,473		287,866		405,262	79,820		855,421
Total Liabilities		82,473		287,866		405,262	79,820		855,421
NET AGGETTG									
NET ASSETS Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt		1,403,422		389,837		13,041			1,806,300
Unrestricted	ı	3,714,066		652,052		13,041 531,082	2,759,862		7,657,062
Chicalitica		3,717,000		032,032		331,002	2,137,002		7,037,002
Total Net Assets		5,117,488	_	1,041,889		544,123	2,759,862		9,463,362
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	5,199,961	\$	1,329,755	\$	949,385	\$ 2,839,682	\$	10,318,783

# JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	OP	FLEET ERATIONS FUND	SUPPORT SERVICES FUND	AD	MINISTRATIVE SERVICES FUND	NSURANCE SERVICES FUND	TOTAL		
OPERATING REVENUES:									
Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$	1,399,862 3,171	\$ 2,519,414 17,579	\$	2,827,314 5,750	\$ 932,787 11,985	\$	7,679,377 38,485	
Total Operating Revenues		1,403,033	 2,536,993	_	2,833,064	944,772	_	7,717,862	
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Salaries, Wages, and Benefits Operating Supplies Repairs and Maintenance Utilities		307,724 266,805 23,306 675	1,476,714 36,530 120,636 110,005		1,970,228 40,398 1,559 7,422	54,633 3,268		3,809,299 347,001 145,501 118,102	
Professional Services General, Administrative and Engineering Depreciation		346 400,467 156,589	33,521 503,467 37,746		579,736 323,645 1,449	43,490 457,727		657,093 1,685,306 195,784	
Total Operating Expenses		1,155,912	 2,318,619		2,924,437	559,118		6,958,086	
Total Operating Income (Loss)		247,121	218,374		(91,373)	385,654		759,776	
NONOPERATING INCOME (LOSS)									
Gain (Loss) on the Sale of Assets Intergovernmental Interest Income		13,012 - 34,779	7,403		12,946 9,280	25,220		13,012 12,946 76,682	
Total nonoperating income (expense)		47,791	 7,403		22,226	25,220		102,640	
Income, (Loss) Before Operating Transfers	S	294,912	225,777		(69,147)	410,874		862,416	
TRANSFERS Transfers In Transfers Out		30,000	(10,000)		- -	- -		30,000 (10,000)	
Total Transfers		30,000	 (10,000)		<u> </u>			20,000	
Change in Net Assets		324,912	215,777		(69,147)	410,874		882,416	
Beginning Net Assets		4,792,576	 826,112	_	613,270	2,348,988	_	8,580,946	
Ending Net Assets	\$	5,117,488	\$ 1,041,889	\$	544,123	\$ 2,759,862	\$	9,463,362	

# WHERE THE ROGUE RIVER RUNS



City of Grants Pass

# JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	OF	FLEET PERATIONS FUND	SUPPORT SERVICES FUND		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:					
Cash Received from Customers	\$	1,430,463	\$	2,522,799	
Cash Paid to Suppliers		(683,594)		(832,679)	
Cash Paid to Employees		(301,845)		(1,612,626)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		445,024		77,494	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities					
Intergovernmental Revenue		_		-	
Gain (Loss) on the Sale of Assets		13,012		-	
Interfund Loan		-		-	
Transfers In		30,000		-	
Transfers Out		-		(10,000)	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		43,012		(10,000)	
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		24,137		(12,306)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital financing activities		24,137		(12,306)	
Cash flows from investing activities					
Interest on Investments		34,779		7,403	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments		546,952		62,591	
Cash and investments, beginning of year		3,247,720		817,020	
Cash and investments, end of year	\$	3,794,672	\$	879,611	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities					
Operating Income	\$	247,121	\$	218,374	
Depreciation and Amortization		156,589		37,746	
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables		27,430		(14,194)	
Increase (Decrease) in Payables		8,005		(28,520)	
Increase (Decrease) in Payroll Liabilities		5,879		(135,912)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	445,024	\$	77,494	

	INISTRATIVE ERVICES		INSURANCE SERVICES		
	FUND		FUND		TOTAL
\$	2,834,695	\$	986,521	\$	7,774,478
	(926,714)		(680,826)		(3,123,813)
	(2,011,588)		(54,286)		(3,980,345)
	(103,607)		251,409		670,320
	12,946		-		12,946
	-		-		13,012
	-		-		-
	-		-		30,000
	12.046				(10,000)
	12,946		<del>-</del>		45,958
	(14.401)				(2.660)
-	(14,491)			-	(2,660)
	(14,491)	_			(2,000)
	9,280		25,220		76,682
	(95,872)		276,629		790,300
	1,031,972		2,406,848		7,503,560
\$	936,100	\$	2,683,477	\$	8,293,860
\$	(91,373)	\$	385,654	\$	759,776
	1,449		-		195,784
	1,631		41,749		56,616
	26,046		(176,341)		(170,810)
	(41,360)	_	347		(171,046)
\$	(103,607)	\$	251,409	\$	670,320

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS

	FLEET OPERATIONS FUND									
REVENUES:		ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET			ACTUAL		TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
Intergovernmental Charges for Services Interest on Investments Miscellaneous	\$	235,803 1,370,454 21,793 20,000	\$	235,803 1,370,454 21,793 20,000	\$	1,399,862 34,779 3,171	\$	(235,803) 29,408 12,986 (16,829)		
Total Revenues		1,648,050		1,648,050		1,437,812		(210,238)		
EXPENDITURES:										
Garage Operations Equipment Replacement Operations Contingency		832,151 753,742 85,353		832,151 753,742 85,353	(1)	686,377 288,809		145,774 464,933 85,353		
Total Expenditures		1,671,246	_	1,671,246		975,186		696,060		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(23,196)		(23,196)		462,626		485,822		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:										
Transfers In Sale of Assets Transfers Out		30,000		30,000		30,000 13,012		13,012		
Total Other Financing Sources		30,000		30,000		43,012		13,012		
Net Change in Fund Balance		6,804		6,804		505,638		498,834		
Beginning Fund Balance		1,743,479		1,743,479		3,208,428		1,464,949		
Ending Fund Balance	\$	1,750,283	\$	1,750,283	\$	3,714,066	\$	1,963,783		
Reconciliation to Net Assets										
Capital Assets, net						1,403,422				
Total Net Assets					\$	5,117,488				

<sup>(1)</sup> Appropriation Level

### $\frac{\text{JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON}}{\text{SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE}}$ ACTUAL AND BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS

	SUPPORT SERVICES	FUND		
DEVENIES	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental Charges for Services Interest on Investments Miscellaneous Revenues	\$ 1,000 2,652,564 13,492 10,020	\$ 1,000 \$ 2,652,564 13,492 10,020	2,519,414 7,403 17,579	\$ (1,000) (133,150) (6,089) 7,559
Total Revenues	2,677,076	2,677,076	2,544,396	(132,680)
EXPENDITURES:				
Property Management Engineering Services Community Development Management Information Technology Debt Service Contingency	530,035 986,108 682,567 566,785	530,035 (1) 986,108 (1) 682,567 (1) 566,785 - (1) 109,376 (1)	485,209 858,486 459,245 490,240	44,826 127,622 223,322 76,545 - 109,376
Total expenditures	2,874,871	2,874,871	2,293,180	581,691
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(197,795)	(197,795)	251,216	449,011
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE (USES) Transfer In Interfund Loans Transfers Out	(10,000)	- (10,000) (1)	(10,000)	- - -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(207,795)	(207,795)	241,216	449,011
Beginning Fund Balance	307,795	307,795	410,836	103,041
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000 \$	652,052	\$ 552,052
Reconciliation to Net Assets Interfund Loans Capital Assets, net Total Net Assets		<del>-</del> \$	389,837	

<sup>(1)</sup> Appropriation Level

### JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental Charges for Services Interest on Investments Miscellaneous Revenues	\$ 8,050 3,026,707 8,750	\$ 8,050 3,026,707 8,750	\$ 12,946 2,827,314 9,280 5,750	\$ 4,896 (199,393) 530 5,750
Total Revenues	3,043,507	3,043,507	2,855,290	(188,217)
EXPENDITURES:				
Management Services Legal Services Finance Services General Program Operations Human Resources Contingency	787,079 349,328 1,438,514 243,885 391,076 476,431	1,428,514 ( 243,885 (	1) 348,829 1) 1,349,060 1) 207,593 1) 398,465	153,548 499 79,454 36,292 2,611 476,431
Total expenditures	3,686,313	3,686,313	2,937,478	748,835
Net Change in Fund Balance	(642,806)	(642,806)	(82,188)	560,618
Beginning Fund Balance	642,806	642,806	613,270	(29,536)
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 531,082	\$ 531,082
Reconciliation to Net Assets Capital Assets, net			13,041	
Total Net Assets			\$ 544,123	

<sup>(1)</sup> Appropriation Level

### $\frac{\text{JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON}}{\text{SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE}}$ ACTUAL AND BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS

	WARANGE.			
REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Intergovernmental Charges for Services Interest on Investments	\$ - 952,637 31,251	\$ - 952,637 31,251	\$ - 932,787 25,220	\$ - (19,850) (6,031)
Miscellaneous			11,985	11,985
Total Revenues	983,888	983,888	969,992	(13,896)
EXPENDITURES:				
General Insurance Services Benefits Administration	473,932 46,800	473,932 (1) 46,800 (1)		79,478 17,369
Workers' Compensation Insurance Contingency	375,407 350,000	375,407 (1) 350,000 (1)		240,174 350,000
Total expenditures	1,246,139	1,246,139	559,118	687,021
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(262,251)	(262,251)	410,874	673,125
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE (USES) Interfund Loans		_	_	_
Transfer In	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out		- (1)		<u> </u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<del>-</del>	<u> </u>		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(262,251)	(262,251)	410,874	673,125
Beginning Fund Balance	2,045,150	2,045,150	2,202,783	157,633
Prior Period Adjustment				
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 1,782,899	\$ 1,782,899	\$ 2,613,657	\$ 830,758
Reconciliation to Net Assets Interfund Loans		-	146,205	
Total Net Assets		<u>.</u>	\$ 2,759,862	

<sup>(1)</sup> Appropriation Level

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Balance at June 30, 2009		 Additions	I	Deductions	Balance at June 30, 2010	
Assets  Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable	\$	3,369,109	\$ 3,577,297	\$	3,369,109	\$	3,577,297
Total Assets	\$	3,369,109	\$ 3,577,297	\$	3,369,109	\$	3,577,297
<b>Liabilities</b> Due to Others	\$	3,369,109	\$ 3,577,297	\$	3,369,109	\$	3,577,297

# SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES OF TAXES UNCOLLECTED

GENERA	I AND	WATER	FUNDS

				GENER	RAL A	AND WATER	FUN	<u>NDS</u>				
TAX YEAR	UI —	IMPOSED LEVY OR BALANCE NCOLLECTED AT 7/1/09		DEDUCT ISCOUNTS	AD	JUSTMENTS TO ROLLS		ADD INTEREST	]	CASH OLLECTIONS BY COUNTY IREASURER	UNS	BALANCE COLLECTED OR EGREGATED AT 6/30/10
Current: 2009-10	\$	15,247,413	\$	376,246	\$	0	\$	7,781	\$	14,177,029	\$	701,919
D V.									,			
Prior Years: 2008-09		607,966		0		(29,062)		15,390		295,726		298,568
2007-08		211,254		0		(1,677)		10,197		93,018		126,756
2006-07		79,903		0		7,654		11,679		68,470		30,766
2005-06		17,360		0		(7,993)		1,545		7,485		3,427
2004-05		1,937		0		(83)		296		1,148		1,002
Prior		7,570		0		(3,027)		684		1,890		3,337
Total Prior		925,990		0		(34,188)		39,791		467,737		463,856
Total All												
Funds	\$	16,173,403	\$	376,246	\$	(34,188)	\$	47,572	\$	14,644,766	\$	1,165,775
RECONCILIATI  Cash Collections Accrual of Receiv June 30, 200 June 30, 201 Miscellaneou	by Count vables: 9		ve								\$	14,644,766 (152,461) 174,692 6,319
Total Re	avanua										\$	14,673,316
1 Otal Ke	venue										φ	14,073,310

### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Grants Pass' comprehensive annual report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	83
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	90
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	97
<b>Demographic and Economic Information</b>	
These schedules offer demographics and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	106
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	113

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules in derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

### NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT

For the last eight fiscal years\* (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year

	_	2003	_	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Governmental Activities										
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt Restricted for Capital Purposes	\$	61,446,389	\$	70,817,161 \$	41,109,766 \$	94,714,953 \$	109,719,868 \$	129,195,607 \$ 3,706,534	133,844,008 \$ 1,524,619	138,145,695 482,870
Unrestricted		15,919,809		18,056,168	57,569,142	20,457,257	37,053,641	26,433,560	28,878,112	30,945,320
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	77,366,198	\$	88,873,329 \$	98,678,908 \$	115,172,210 \$	146,773,509 \$	159,335,701 \$	164,246,739 \$	169,573,885
Business-Type Activities										
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt Restricted	\$	61,220,836	\$	62,607,143 \$	66,870,761 \$	71,185,429 \$	76,870,093 \$	82,828,074 \$	84,254,981 \$	86,290,233
Unrestricted		7,128,214		8,969,442	11,226,231	11,829,156	13,009,932	11,255,966	11,529,197	10,670,206
Total business-type activities net assets	\$	68,349,050	\$	71,576,585 \$	78,096,992 \$	83,014,585 \$	89,880,025 \$	94,084,040 \$	95,784,178 \$	96,960,439
Primary government										
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	\$	122,667,225	\$	133,424,304 \$	107,980,527 \$	165,900,382 \$	186,589,961 \$	212,023,742 \$	218,098,989 \$	224,435,928
Restricted for Capital Purposes		-		-	-	-	-	3,706,534	1,524,619	482,870
Unrestricted		23,048,023		27,025,610	68,795,373	32,286,413	50,063,573	37,689,465	40,407,309	41,615,526
Total primary government net assets	\$	145,715,248	\$	160,449,914 \$	176,775,900 \$	198,186,795 \$	236,653,534 \$	253,419,741 \$	260,030,917 \$	266,534,324

<sup>\*</sup>The reporting of these statistics began after GASB 34 implementation, therefore only eight years are reported.

### CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

For the last eight fiscal years (unaudited) Fiscal Year										
Expenses		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	
Governmental Activities										
Public Safety	\$	6,861,932 \$	8,967,348 \$	11,308,389 \$	8,505,477 \$	13,897,740 \$	12,104,326 \$	15,715,693 \$	16,622,773	
Transportation		1,511,761	1,672,361	1,357,134	1,007,261	1,662,747	1,430,601	1,720,308	1,668,081	
Building		644,421	862,341	1,110,231	765,541	1,178,647	910,259	806,483	496,906	
Parks		1,139,412	361,174	1,518,671	1,135,134	1,666,934	1,450,608	2,063,311	1,714,511	
Development		2,639,705	2,493,017	2,392,553	2,815,350	2,099,393	3,278,657	2,789,112	1,534,263	
General Government		246,978	245,936	143,923	193,264	226,893	218,905	228,948	1,039,310	
Solid Waste		325,399	378,738	2,050,240	(139,183)	787,168	1,474,560	178,512	284,876	
Interest		149,460	364,393	173,982	339,344	212,221	445,088	504,102	657,027	
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		13,519,068	15,345,308	20,055,123	14,622,188	21,731,743	21,313,004	24,006,469	24,017,747	
Business- Type Activities										
Water		2,643,028	2,908,859	3,397,559	3,660,103	3,795,099	3,019,237	4,171,634	3,837,597	
Sewer		3,394,601	3,606,999	5,015,385	4,544,046	4,673,214	5,617,811	5,486,284	5,567,558	
Interest		416,330	547,767	***						
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses		6,453,959	7,063,625	8,412,944	8,204,149	8,468,313	8,637,048	9,657,918	9,405,155	
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	19,973,027 \$	22,408,933 \$	28,468,067 \$	22,826,337 \$	30,200,056 \$	29,950,052 \$	33,664,387 \$	33,422,902	
Program Revenues Governmental Activities										
Charges for Service:	\$	3,097,391 \$	4,786,614 \$	6,946,869 \$	9,180,248 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	
Transportation		-	-	=	=	23,214,300	3,541,708	2,532,870	1,679,342	
General Government		-	-	=	=	5,281,710	1,161,947	506,123	360,782	
Other		-	-	=	=	2,127,083	1,938,835	1,396,315	1,923,164	
Operating Grants and Contributions		59,361	274,952	377,726	2,239,659	142,581	184,284	256,481	2,189,745	
Capital Grants						398,285		339,749	2,600	
Dedicated Property Taxes		7,435,680	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Total Governmental Activities Revenues		10,592,432	5,061,566	7,324,595	11,419,907	31,163,959	6,826,774	5,031,538	6,155,633	
Business-Type Activities										
Charges for Service:		7,579,395	8,364,037	8,781,698	10,341,297	-	-	-	-	
Water						5,052,827	4,461,350	4,312,938	4,041,855	
Sewer						6,281,328	5,940,872	5,332,252	5,360,977	
Operating Grants and Contributions		-	-	-	1,761,536	2,873,646	1,010,140	909,274	240,729	
Total Business-Type Activities Revenues		7,579,395	8,364,037	8,781,698	12,102,833	14,207,801	11,412,362	10,554,464	9,643,561	
Total Primary Government Revenues	\$	18,171,827 \$	13,425,603 \$	16,106,293 \$	23,522,740 \$	45,371,760 \$	18,239,136 \$	15,586,002 \$	15,799,194	
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental Activities	\$	(2,926,636) \$	(10,283,742) \$	(12,730,528) \$	(3,202,281) \$	9,432,217 \$	(14,486,230) \$	(18,974,931) \$	(17,862,114)	
Business-Type Activities	Ψ	1,125,436	1,300,412	368,754	3,898,684	5,739,488	2,775,314	896,546	238,406	
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$	(1,801,200) \$	(8,983,330) \$	(12,361,774) \$	696,403 \$	15,171,704 \$	(11,710,916) \$	(18,078,385) \$	(17,623,708)	

### CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (continuted)

		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
General Revenues and Other Changes in N	Net Asse	ets							
Governmental Activities									
Taxes	\$	2,936,236 \$	11,035,419 \$	11,922,037 \$	14,003,723 \$	16,153,726 \$	18,241,381 \$	17,808,752 \$	18,913,372
Licenses and Permits		58,381	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Intergovernmental		4,264,905	3,636,796	3,805,599	3,727,927	3,551,395	5,071,345	3,928,465	3,359,165
Fines and Forfeitures		156,635	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Special Assessments		893,573	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Interest		421,389	307,318	535,698	914,546	1,459,814	1,856,733	896,915	550,250
Interest on Assessments		187,030	50,633	****	****	****	****	****	****
Trust Receipts		7,723	153,920	222,376	204,401	77,560	233,637	38,805	131,584
Contributions		6,450	6,168,301	5,520,142	****	****	****	****	****
Industrial Payments		68,572	100,441	36,716	29,835	69,068	7,151	24,446	13,163
Sale of Assets		460,857	171,194	****	****	****	****	****	****
Miscellaneous		395,065	76,351	51,624	749,580	735,071	1,985,656	799,012	152,842
Transfers		623,055	377,096	441,915	65,571	122,447	(347,481)	389,574	68,884
Total Governmental Activities	\$	10,479,871 \$	22,077,469 \$	22,536,107 \$	19,695,583 \$	22,169,081 \$	27,048,422 \$	23,885,969 \$	23,189,260
Business-Type Activities									
Taxes	\$	867 \$	380 \$	146 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Intergovernmental		171,211	212,002	240,625	260,966	275,843	257,045	327,430	315,658
Special Assessments		12,252	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Interest		132,832	107,273	168,727	361,315	559,754	407,972	225,424	145,702
Trust Receipts		39,559	113,339	91,044	176,422	100,445	67,968	522,714	467,982
Contributions		1,888,150	1,553,530	5,831,783	****	****	****	****	****
Sale of Assets		39,291	(70,560)	****	****	****	****	****	****
Miscellaneous		165,437	388,255	261,243	285,777	312,358	350,236	117,598	77,397
Transfers		(623,055)	(377,096)	(441,915)	(65,571)	(122,447)	347,481	(389,574)	(68,884)
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	1,826,544 \$	1,927,123 \$	6,151,653 \$	1,018,909 \$	1,125,953 \$	1,430,702 \$	803,592 \$	937,855
Total Primary Government	\$	12,306,415 \$	24,004,592 \$	28,687,760 \$	20,714,492 \$	23,295,034 \$	28,479,124 \$	24,689,561 \$	24,127,115
Change in Net Assets									
Governmental Activities	\$	7,553,235 \$	11,793,727 \$	9,805,579 \$	16,493,302 \$	31,601,298 \$	12,562,192 \$	4,911,038 \$	5,327,146
Business-Type Activities		2,951,980	3,227,535	6,520,407	4,917,593	6,865,441	4,206,016	1,700,138	1,176,261
Total Primary Government	\$	10,505,215 \$	15,021,262 \$	16,325,986 \$	21,410,895 \$	38,466,739 \$	16,768,208 \$	6,611,176 \$	6,503,407

<sup>\*</sup> Dedicated property taxes are reported in General Revenue under Taxes in 2004.

NOTE: The reporting of these statistics began after GASB 34 implementation, therefore only eight years are reported.

<sup>\*\*</sup> From 2004 forward this revenue is reported as Charges for Services in Program Revenues.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> From 2005 forward the interest expense is recorded in the activity in which it was expensed.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> From 2005 forward the interest and interest on assessments is combined and the sale of assests is in miscellaneous.

<sup>\*\*\*\*\*</sup>From 2006 forward this revenue is reported as Charges for Services in Program Revenues.

### PROGRAM REVENUE BY FUNCTION

For the last eight fiscal years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year

	 2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Program Revenues								
Governmental Activities								
Public Safety *	\$ 6,335,774 \$	792,525 \$	529,560 \$	484,070 \$	343,114 \$	488,697 \$	873,106 \$	766,545
Transportation	1,442,317	2,063,175	3,182,643	6,353,654	23,224,198	3,541,968	2,532,870	3,503,448
Building	909,784	1,155,723	1,394,747	1,241,980	903,800	835,566	335,550	317,067
Parks	15,814	36,387	19,550	827,167	4,750	452,763	134,809	27,095
Development	1,564,195	655,463	1,311,569	290,772	1,061,950	20,758	312,071	357,221
General Government	6,556	10,745	552,682	1,876,329	5,281,710	1,161,947	506,123	898,500
Solid Waste	 317,992	347,548	333,844	345,935	344,437	325,075	337,009	285,757
Subtotal Governmental activities	10,592,432	5,061,566	7,324,595	11,419,907	31,163,959	6,826,774	5,031,538	6,155,633
Business- Type Activities								
Water	3,615,418	4,000,671	4,114,400	5,854,617	7,029,744	5,204,874	4,736,238	4,186,369
Sewer	 3,963,977	4,363,366	4,667,298	6,248,216	7,178,057	6,207,488	5,818,226	5,457,192
Subtotal Business-Type Activities	7,579,395	8,364,037	8,781,698	12,102,833	14,207,801	11,412,362	10,554,464	9,643,561
Total Primary Government	\$ 18,171,827 \$	13,425,603 \$	16,106,293 \$	23,522,740 \$	45,371,760 \$	18,239,136 \$	15,586,002 \$	15,799,194

NOTE: The reporting of these statistics began after GASB 34 implementation, therefore only eight years are reported.

<sup>\*</sup> In FY'03 Public Safety program revenue included Dedicated Property Taxes. From FY'04 forward Property Taxes are recorded in the General Revenues section of the Statement of Activities.

### FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the last eight fiscal years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year														
	-	2003		2004	. =	2005	· <del>-</del>	2006	· <u>-</u>	2007	. =	2008	 2009		2010
General Fund															
Reserved	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$ _	\$	-
Unreserved		2,727,493	_	2,423,670	_	3,019,923	_	4,438,485	-	5,581,614	-	7,482,929	 7,736,946	_	10,197,778
Total General Fund	\$	2,727,493	\$	2,423,670	\$	3,019,923	\$_	4,438,485	\$	5,581,614	\$	7,482,929	\$ 7,736,946	\$	10,197,778
All Other Governmental Funds															
Reserved	\$	945,262		(1,381,330)		(1,493,576)		(2,391,514)		(1,500,626)	\$	3,706,534	\$ 1,584,732	\$	551,807
Unreserved, reported in:		5 2 40 2 50		5 600 510		5.050.540		5 6 4 5 6 0 O		5.500.115		5 coo o 1 t	5 660 040		6 0 <b>2</b> 6 <b>47</b> 0
Special Revenue Funds		5,240,358		5,637,517		5,767,543		5,645,630		5,728,115		5,692,914	5,668,343		6,026,470
Capital Projects Funds		5,160,440		7,573,454		8,942,175		7,810,238		20,735,290		12,204,633	12,788,348		10,803,433
Debt Service Funds		(1,916,214)	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-		(1,386,260)	(1,782,901)		(1,360,828)
Total All Governmental Funds	\$	9,429,846	\$_	14,253,311	\$	16,236,065	\$_	15,502,839	\$	30,544,393	\$	27,700,750	\$ 25,995,468	\$	26,218,660

NOTE: The reporting of these statistics began after GASB 34 implementation, therefore only eight years are reported.

### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (4)

# For the last ten fiscal years (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)												
-	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010		
Revenues (1)												
Taxes	7,898,609	8,441,907	10,380,444	11,093,602	11,854,212	14,006,903	16,118,499	18,143,991	17,450,007	18,803,838		
Licenses and Permits	606,322	585,282	734,950	898,559	1,076,622	1,020,253	711,524	492,375	286,445	274,049		
Intergovernmental	2,458,884	2,386,793	4,256,934	3,844,673	4,128,652	5,387,371	4,045,054	5,225,029	4,312,300	5,733,089		
Charges for Services	2,133,777	1,200,539	2,287,356	3,299,013	4,970,440	5,002,020	3,889,361	3,505,815	2,827,772	2,580,954		
Fines and Forfeitures	160,455	183,753	156,635	164,852	163,055	200,322	233,887	253,766	237,776	300,528		
Special Assessments	102,060	222,021	521,448	517,331	428,056	591,532	1,051,627	202,536	795,947	374,550		
Interest			544,835	311,951	443,858	779,618	1,275,934	1,672,282	794,905	497,016		
Other Revenues (2)	1,247,145	470,661	376,610	369,895	473,826	561,775	277,830	1,299,891	229,240	330,241		
Total Revenues	14,607,252	13,490,953	19,259,212	20,499,876	23,538,721	27,549,794	27,603,716	30,795,685	26,934,392	28,894,265		
Expenditures (1)												
General Governmental	270,208	177,193	160,190	110,938	113,413	238,166	190,691	237,401	549,079	1,953,637		
Public Safety	6,527,609	7,117,745	7,629,926	8,536,933	9,129,171	10,350,614	11,826,804	12,596,250	14,008,746	14,737,717		
Field Operations	2,612,715	2,453,511	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Community Development	1,488,285	1,599,375	3,037,279	2,428,001	1,934,013	3,439,641	1,786,695	3,393,756	2,486,875	1,372,620		
Debt Service (3)	91,882	93,305										
Principal			403,861	481,496	462,466	669,499	714,972	1,328,521	1,466,960	1,110,305		
Interest			165,631	152,928	173,982	149,304	225,289	467,588	462,106	674,031		
Solid Waste		6,842,294	377,602	1,884,141	392,357	399,179	376,302	369,431	352,704	327,254		
Capital Outlay	713,738	382,517	5,414,335	4,786,154	9,132,159	9,499,093	3,703,899	11,752,279	6,674,210	4,989,921		
Transportation			949,597	996,651	1,084,732	1,240,225	1,405,089	1,529,698	1,526,810	1,545,768		
Building			697,950	792,896	893,389	938,973	999,912	961,444	716,102	472,525		
Parks			1,076,203	1,115,138	1,225,688	1,389,164	1,417,736	1,512,891	1,615,733	1,547,370		
Total Expenditures	11,704,437	18,665,940	19,912,574	21,285,276	24,541,370	28,313,858	22,647,389	34,149,259	29,859,325	28,731,148		

### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) (4)

For the last ten fiscal years (Unaudited)												
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010		
Loan Proceeds				1500000			9,998,031	-	-	-		
Sale of Assets			470471	966,789	2,624,201	4,842	1,195	878,942	910,239	5,075		
Operating Transfer In			4325468	3,064,292	3,801,142	4,109,259	3,331,276	2,760,935	8,302,583	4,152,451		
Operating Transfers Out			-3803419	(2,649,709)	(3,451,142)	(4,083,259)	(3,245,276)	(3,129,937)	(7,993,171)	(4,097,451)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			992520	2,881,372	2,974,201	30,842	10,085,226	509,940	1,219,651	60,075		
Net Change in Fund Balances			207120.08	1,878,723	2,210,137	4,987,169	15,041,553	(2,843,634)	(1,705,282)	223,192		
Debt Service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures			4.00%	4.31%	4.55%	5.22%	5.22%	8.72%	9.08%	8.13%		

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds in years 1996-2002, from 2003 on, includes all governmental funds.

Source: Annual financial statements of the City of Grants Pass

 $<sup>(2)\ 1995\ \</sup>hbox{--}\ 2002\ Includes\ net\ miscellaneous\ revenue,\ primarily\ interest.}$ 

<sup>(3)</sup> Principal and Interest component of Debt Service shown seperately beginning with fiscal year 2003.

<sup>(4)</sup> This statistical page was reformatted for Fiscal Year 2004 and newly required information begins with Fiscal Year 2003.

### TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS(1)

# For the last ten fiscal years (Unaudited)

Fiscal					
Year				Transient	
Ended				Room	
June 30,	Property	Business	Franchise	Tax	Total
2001	5,375,396	245,783	1,590,649	686,781	7,898,609
2002	5,689,844	264,897	1,708,606	778,561	8,441,907
2003	7,438,564	257,322	1,761,362	923,195	10,380,443
2004	8,047,184	265,026	1,869,265	912,507	11,093,982
2005	8,705,901	289,165	1,931,515	927,631	11,854,212
2006	10,556,145	307,492	2,140,490	1,002,776	14,006,903
2007	12,450,442	305,103	2,351,245	1,046,936	16,153,726
2008	14,411,920	320,413	2,484,617	1,024,431	18,241,381
2009	14,102,746	313,194	2,422,366	970,446	17,808,752
2010	15,198,417	299,697	2,364,958	940,765	18,803,837

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds in years 1994-2002, from 2003 on, includes all governmental funds.

Source: Annual financial statements and internal accounting reports of the City of Grants Pass

### PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

For the last ten fiscal years (Unaudited)

Current Tax Total Uncollected Collections Collections Taxes Fiscal as a as a as a Year Current Total Percentage Uncollected Percentage Taxes Percentage Delinquent Ended Tax of Current of Current Levied by of Current Taxes Tax Delinquent June 30, Collections Collected Collections Assessor Levy Levy Taxes Levy 2001 5,475,944 5,069,343 93% 319,633 5,388,976 98% 435,506 8% 2002 5,816,331 93% 297,333 98% 414,740 7% 5,415,158 5,712,491 2003 288,342 6,252,061 5,851,379 94% 6,139,722 98% 404,297 6% 2004 6,804,725 6,386,298 94% 275,413 6,661,711 98% 377,548 6% 2005 7,427,728 6,943,714 93% 274,297 7,218,011 399,011 97% 5% 2006 9,171,224 8,639,674 94% 259,400 8,899,074 97% 409,395 4% 2007 10,326,444 239,558 11,019,070 94% 10,566,002 96% 525,089 5% 2008 12,892,015 12,159,160 94% 270,092 12,429,252 96% 650,461 5% 2009 14,204,620 13,285,125 94% 321,578 13,606,703 96% 925,990 7%

467,737

14,644,766

96%

1,165,775

8%

Source: Annual financial statements and internal accounting reports of the City of Grants Pass

93%

14,177,029

15,247,413

2010

<sup>\*</sup>does not include the Parkway Redevelopment Fund

### CONSOLIDATED TAX RATES

(Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value)

# For the last ten fiscal years (Unaudited)

Fiscal					
Year			Debt		Parkway
Ended		General	Service	Water	Redevelopment
June 30,	Total	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
2001	4.98	4.98	-	-	-
2002	4.98	4.98	-	-	-
2003	4.98	4.98	-	-	-
2004	5.02	5.02	-	-	-
2005	5.02	5.02	-	-	-
2006	5.62	5.62	-	-	-
2007	5.62	5.62	-	-	-
2008	6.13	5.62	0.51	-	-
2009	6.12	5.62	0.50	-	-
2010	6.32	5.92	0.40	-	-

Source: Annual financial statements and internal accounting reports of the City of Grants Pass

### CONSOLIDATED TAX LEVIES

# For the last ten fiscal years (Unaudited)

Fiscal					
Year			Bond		Parkway
Ended		General	Debt/Service	Water	Redevelopment
June 30,	Total	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
2001	6,674,921	5,475,944	-	-	1,198,977
2002	7,003,863	5,816,331	-	-	1,187,532
2003	7,585,739	6,252,061	-	-	1,333,678
2004	8,188,825	6,804,725	-	-	1,384,100
2005	8,997,490	7,427,728	-	-	1,569,762
2006	10,852,219	9,171,224	-	-	1,680,995
2007	12,824,629	11,019,070	-	-	1,805,559
2008	14,851,145	11,767,092	1,124,923	-	1,959,130
2009	14,204,620	13,044,673	1,159,947	-	-
2010	15,247,413	14,285,977	961,436	-	-

Source: Josephine County

### ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

For the last ten fiscal years (Unaudited)

Eigeal	Total		Tor the	iast teli iiscai yeai	is (Chaudheu)			
Fiscal Year	Total Direct			Assessed Value			Real	
Ended	Tax		Manufactured				Market	Ratio
June 30,	Rate	Real	Structures	Personal	Utilities	Total	Value	AV/MV
2001	4.00	27/4	27/1	27/4	27/4	1 100 00 7 1 50	27/4	27/4
2001	4.98	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,180,905,168	N/A	N/A
2002	4.98	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,253,169,191	N/A	N/A
2003	4.98	1,248,663,492	8,847,293	54,853,501	36,910,015	1,349,274,301	1,551,801,287	87%
2004	5.02	1,339,676,064	9,073,729	61,591,847	35,872,823	1,446,214,463	1,770,587,377	82%
2005	5.02	1,462,610,024	10,415,063	64,628,666	41,658,105	1,579,311,858	2,173,784,655	73%
2006	5.62	1,619,998,222	11,063,590	66,854,676	31,005,555	1,728,922,043	2,689,529,405	64%
2007	5.62	1,938,382,246	22,362,100	72,828,353	31,735,000	2,065,307,699	3,690,578,756	56%
2008	6.13	2,074,687,531	22,939,620	76,015,525	33,386,700	2,207,029,376	3,940,725,214	56%
2009	6.12	2,181,783,170	22,901,740	79,434,508	34,380,420	2,318,499,838	3,817,384,012	61%
2010	6.33	2,262,030,421	22,032,290	77,411,818	48,140,570	2,409,615,099	3,258,983,323	74%

Source: Josephine County N/A - Not Available

### REAL PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

(Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value)

For the last ten fiscal years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Parkway Redevelopment Fund	Water Fund	Total (4)	Josephine County	School District No.7	(	Rogue Community College	Education Service District	4H Extension	Total	Measure 5 Total (2)
2001	4.98	-	-	-	4.98	1.52	7.23	(3)	0.51	0.35	0.05	15.04 (2)	12.18
2002	4.98	-	-	-	4.98	0.96	7.14	(3)	0.51	0.35	0.05	14.39 (2)	11.53
2003	4.98	-	-	-	4.98	0.93	7.06	(3)	0.51	0.35	0.05	14.28 (2)	11.54
2004	5.02	-	-	-	5.02	0.88	6.83	(3)	0.51	0.35	0.05	13.64 (2)	11.44
2005	5.02	-	-	-	5.02	0.85	7.16	(3)	0.51	0.35	0.05	13.94 (2)	11.44
2006	5.62	-	-	-	5.62	0.83	6.67	(3)	0.51	0.35	0.05	14.03 (2)	11.64
2007	5.62	-	-	-	5.62	0.81	6.48	(3)	0.51	0.35	0.05	13.82 (2)	11.64
2008	5.62	0.51	-	-	6.13	0.80	6.41	(3)	0.51	0.35	0.05	14.25 (2)	11.64
2009	5.62	0.50	-	-	6.12	0.79	6.21	(3)	0.51	0.35	0.05	14.03 (2)	11.65
2010	5.93	0.40	-	-	6.33	0.77	6.43	(3)	0.51	0.35	0.05	14.44 (2)	11.96

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes Urban Renewal Agencies

Districts may levy local option levies or bond repayment levies in addition to the permanent rates with voter approval.

Source: Josephine County

<sup>(2)</sup> Rate limited due to effect of Measure 5

<sup>(3)</sup> Ballot Measure 50 approved by voters on May, 1997, recalculated taxing districts' levies into permanent tax rates.

<sup>(4)</sup> While Josephine County assesses personal property tax, the City's property tax base is entirely real property and does not include personal property.

### SPECIAL ASSESSMENT COLLECTIONS

For the last ten fiscal years (Unaudited)

						Ratio
Fiscal	Assessments	Additional				Collections to
Year	Outstanding	Assessments	Assessments		Assessments	Outstanding
Ended	Beginning	Made	Collected	Adjustments	Outstanding	Assessments
June 30,	of Year	During Year	During Year	During Year	End of Year	During Year
2001	287,915	199,203	82,807	(7,329)	396,982	24.2%
2002	396,982	677,646	155,975	(4,783)	913,870	23.8%
2003	913,870	863,628	532,230	2,760	1,248,028	49.2%
2004	1,248,028	101,418	517,741	(82,271)	749,434	51.8%
2005*	749,434	566,527	457,152	12,609	871,418	52.5%
2006	871,418	1,563,448	561,900	0	1,872,966	30.0%
2007*	1,872,966	11,692	963,791	0	920,867	104.7%
2008	920,867	1,260,672	162,020	(2,895)	2,016,624	8.0%
2009	2,016,624	43,362	818,310	(11,500)	1,230,176	66.5%
2010	1,230,176	0	374,550	0	855,626	43.8%

Source: Internal accounting reports of the City of Grants Pass

<sup>\*</sup> Correction made to ending balance in 2005 and 2007. Additions by ordinance not included in Additional Assessments total.

### RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

For the last ten fiscal years (Unaudited)

	Governmental Activities							Busi	ness-	Type Activ	ities		_				
		Urban		Gen	eral	Solid	Waste				2009			-	Total	Percentage	
Fiscal		Renewal	Bancroft	Oblig	ation	Age	ency	Wa	iter	Re	efunding	S	RF		Primary	of Personal	Per
year		Bonds	Bonds	Bor	nds	Lo	an	Во	nds		Bonds	Lo	ans	Go	overnement	Income	Capita
2001	\$	3,070,000	\$ 175,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,8	45,000	\$	_	\$ 5,7	746,346	\$	12,836,346	2.43%	306
2002		2,735,000	90,000		-		-	3,6	000,000		-	6,0	007,072		12,432,072	2.31%	271
2003		2,425,000	-		-		-	3,3	45,000		-	5,7	769,771		11,539,771	2.07%	482
2004		2,070,000	-		-	1,50	0,000	3,0	80,000		-	5,5	523,312		12,173,312	2.06%	491
2005		1,695,000	-		-	1,419	9,991	2,8	00,000		-	12,1	42,747		18,057,738	2.78%	710
2006		1,300,000	-		-	1,15	4,991	2,5	05,000		-	10,9	923,053		15,883,044	1.93%	519
2007		885,000	-	9,82	0,000	86	4,991	2,2	00,000		-	10,4	128,215		24,198,206	2.75%	774
2008		455,000	-	9,19	0,000	60	1,705	1,8	80,000		-	9,7	796,518		21,923,223	2.32%	679
2009		-	-	8,49	0,000	359	9,737	1,5	40,000		-	9,2	201,369		19,591,106	1.96%	590
2010		-	-	7,93	0,000		-		-	8	3,120,000		-		16,050,000	1.61%	483

N/A - information not available

Source: Internal accounting reports of the City of Grants Pass

# RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA

# For the last ten fiscal years (Unaudited)

									Ratio of	
						Gross			Net Bonded	
Fiscal				Less Debt	Less Debt	Bonded Debt	Less Debt		Debt per	Net
Year		Assessed	Gross	Payable from	Payable from	Payable from	Service	Net	Dollar	Bonded
Ended		Value	Bonded	Enterprise	Nonenterprise	General	Monies	Bonded	Assessed	Debt
June 30,	Population	(In \$1,000)	Debt (1)	Revenue (2)	Revenue (3)	Revenue	Available	Debt	Value	per Capita
2004	22.450	4 400 00 7	5 04 5 000	2045000	2 050 000				0.000/	
2001	23,170	1,180,905	6,915,000	3,845,000	3,070,000	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2002	23,670	1,253,169	6,335,000	3,600,000	2,735,000	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2003	23,870	1,349,274	5,770,000	3,345,000	2,425,000	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2004	24,470	1,446,214	5,150,000	3,080,000	2,070,000	-	-	-	0.00%	
2005	25,423	1,579,312	4,495,000	2,800,000	1,695,000	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2006	30,930	1,728,922	3,805,000	2,505,000	1,300,000	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2007	31,740	2,065,308	3,085,000	2,200,000	885,000	9,820,000	-	9,820,000	0.47%	\$309
2008	32,290	2,207,029	2,335,000	1,880,000	455,000	9,190,000	-	9,190,000	0.42%	\$285
2009	33,225	2,318,500	1,540,000	1,540,000	-	8,490,000	-	8,490,000	0.37%	\$256
2010	33,225	2,409,615	8,120,000	8,120,000	-	7,930,000	-	7,930,000	0.33%	\$239

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes General Obligation improvement bonds

Source: Internal accounting reports of the City of Grants Pass

<sup>(2)</sup> These amounts are being repaid by Enterprise revenue

<sup>(3)</sup> These amounts are being repaid by tax increment revenue

### LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

For the last ten fiscal years (Unaudited)

### Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2010

Total Real Market Value as of June 30, 2010 \$ 3,258,983,323 Less Non-Profit Housing -2,416,800 3,256,566,523 Debt limit, 3% of total assessed value - ORS 287.004 97,696,996 Amount of debt applicable to debt limit Total bonded debt, including special assessment bonds \$ 16,050,000 and public safety general obligation bonds Less Other deductions allowed by law Special assessment and revenue bonds 8,120,000 Total deductions 8,120,000 Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit 7,930,000

Legal debt margin

<sup>\*</sup>Total Real Market Vlaue as defined in ORS 308.207

	Fiscal Year										
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	
Debt limit	35,427,155	37,595,076	40,521,044	43,386,434	47,379,356	90,246,736	110,642,556	114,449,016	114,449,016	97,696,996	
Total net debt applicable to limit	3,070,000	2,735,000	2,425,000	2,070,000	1,695,000	1,300,000	10,705,000	9,645,000	8,490,000	7,930,000	
Legal debt margin	32,357,155	34,860,076	38,096,044	41,316,434	45,684,356	88,946,736	99,937,556	104,804,016	105,959,016	89,766,996	
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt lmiit	9.58%	8.67%	7.27%	5.98%	4.77%	3.58%	1.44%	9.68%	7.42%	8.12%	

89,766,996

Sources: Josephine County and annual financial statements of the City of Grants Pass

### COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT

As of June 30, 2010

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	Gross Property-Tax Backed Debt	Percentage Applicable to City of Grants Pass	Amount Applicable to City of Grants Pass
Overlapping:			
Counties:			
Josephine	17,758,288	38.12%	6,769,459
School Districts:			
Grants Pass School District No. 7	10,795,000	82.81%	8,939,340
Three Rivers School District	45,105,000	5.68%	2,561,964
Community Colleges: Rogue Community College	20,125,000	9.79%	1,970,238
Direct:	Sub-total	Overlapping Debt	20,241,000
City of Grants Pass			7,930,000
Total			\$ 28,171,000

Source: State of Oregon - Office of the Treasurer Debt Management Information System

# RATIO OF ANNUAL GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES TO GENERAL EXPENDITURES

For the last ten fiscal years (Unaudited)

Year of Maturity	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service	Total General Expenditures (1)	Debt Service as a Percentage of General Expenditures
2001	-	-	-	11,704,437	N/A
2002	-	-	-	18,665,940	N/A
2003	-	-	-	19,892,574	N/A
2004	-	-	-	21,285,276	N/A
2005	-	-	-	24,541,370	N/A
2006	-	-	-	28,313,858	N/A
2007	-	-	-	22,647,389	N/A
2008	630,000	390,445	1,020,445	34,149,259	2.99%
2009	700,000	387,000	1,087,000	29,918,325	3.63%
2010	560,000	359,000	919,000	28,731,148	3.20%

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds in 2001-2002, from 2003 on it includes all governmental funds.

Source: Annual financial statements of the City of Grants Pass

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUE BOND COVERAGE WATER BONDS

For the last ten fiscal years (Unaudited)

Fisca Yea		Gross	Direct Operation	Net Revenue Available				
Ende	ed	Revenue	Expenditures	for Debt	Debt S	ervice Requireme	ents	
June 3	30,	(1)	(2)	Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
						_	_	
2001	(3)	3,549,285	1,617,606	1,931,679	235,000	176,165	411,165	4.70
2002	(3)	3,619,296	1,822,033	1,797,263	245,000	169,614	414,614	4.33
2003	(3)	3,730,443	1,809,437	1,921,006	255,000	157,200	412,200	4.66
2004	(3)	4,219,848	2,891,158	1,328,690	265,000	147,473	412,473	3.22
2005	(3)	4,385,147	3,376,904	1,008,243	280,000	134,895	414,895	2.43
2006	(3)	5,070,651	3,669,862	1,400,789	295,000	123,058	418,058	3.35
2007	(3)	5,412,155	3,777,173	1,634,982	305,000	111,430	416,430	3.93
2008	(3)	4,948,172	3,080,175	1,867,997	320,000	96,989	416,989	4.48
2009	(3)	4,760,706	4,160,585	600,121	340,000	82,836	422,836	1.42
2010	(4)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes total operating revenue, interest income and taxes on a budgetary basis

Source: Annual financial statements of the City of Grants Pass

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes total operating expenses, except for depreciation

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes revenues and expenses from Water Fund only

<sup>(4)</sup> In December 2009 the pledged revenue water bonds were refunded with a full faith and credit offering.

### SCHEDULE OF BONDS AND BOND INTEREST TRANSACTIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2010

						Bond Tr	ransactions		
	Interest Rates	Date of Issue		Outstanding June 30, 2009	Issued	Called	Matured	Paid	Outstanding June 30, 2010
General Obligation Bonds									
2009 Full Faith & Credit Refunding Supported Bonds	2.0-4.0%	12/22/2009	\$ 8,815,000	\$ -	\$ 8,815,000	\$ -	\$ 695,000	\$ 695,000	\$ 8,120,000
2007 Public Safety	4%	6/20/2007	9,820,000	8,490,000			560,000	560,000	7,930,000
Revenue Bonds									
1998 Water Revenue	3.9-4.5%	08/01/98	\$ 4,080,000	\$ 1,540,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 340,000	\$ 1,540,000	\$ -
Total Bonds				\$ 10,030,000	\$ 8,815,000	\$ -	\$ 1,595,000	\$ 2,795,000	\$ 16,050,000
					Interest Co	oupons			
	Interest	Date		Outstanding			Outstanding		
	Rates	of Issue		June 30, 2009	Matured	Paid	June 30, 2010		
General Obligation Bonds									
Supported Bonds									
1992 A Water Refunding	3.10-5.85%	4/01/92		\$ 4,616	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,616		
2007 Public Safety	4%	6/20/07		-	359,000	359,000	=		
2009 Public Works Debt Refunding	2.0-4.0%	12/22/2009			127,736	127,736			
Revenue Bonds									
1998 Water Revenue	3.9-4.5%	08/01/98			38,401	38,401			
Bancroft Improvement Bonds									
Series of 1982	9.75-15.00%	6/01/82		731	-	-	731		
Series of 1990	7.00-15.00%	11/1/90		3,617			3,617		
Total Bonds				\$ 8,964	\$ 525,137	\$ 525,137	\$ 8,964		

### SCHEDULE OF FUTURE DEBT SERVICE

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Governmen	tal Activities	Proprietary Activities							
		igation Bond ty Facilities		General Obligation Bond 2009 Refunding						
	Genera	al Fund	Water I	Fund	Wastewa	iter Fund	Redwood Sar	itary Sewer	Parkway Rec	levelopment
Year of										
Maturity	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2010 2011	620,000	226 600	200,000	10.200	220,000	101 212	200,000	74.000	250,000	7.500
2010-2011	630,000	336,600	380,000	19,200	320,000	181,313	380,000	74,800	250,000	7,500
2011-2012	685,000	311,400	390,000	7,800	320,000	171,713	385,000	63,400		
2012-2013	740,000	284,000			330,000	162,813	395,000	55,700		
2013-2014	800,000	254,400			340,000	152,913	405,000	43,850		
2014-2015	865,000	222,400			355,000	139,313	420,000	27,650		
2015-2016	930,000	187,800			360,000	128,663	430,000	15,050		
2016-2017	1,010,000	141,300			375,000	116,063				
2017-2018	1,095,000	90,800			385,000	101,063				
2018-2019	1,175,000	47,000			400,000	85,663				
2019-2020					415,000	69,663				
2020-2021					430,000	53,400				
2021-2022					445,000	36,200				
2022-2023					460,000	18,400				
2023-2024					.00,000	10,.00				
2024-2025										
2025-2026										
2026-2027										
2027-2028										
2028-2030										
	7,930,000	\$1,875,700	\$770,000	\$27,000	\$4,935,000	\$1,417,180	\$2,415,000	\$280,450	\$250,000	\$7,500

### PROPERTY VALUES, CONSTRUCTION VALUES AND BANK DEPOSITS

For the last ten fiscal years (Unaudited)

	Comr	nercial	Resi	dential						
	Constru	ction (1)	Constru	action (1)						
Fiscal		<u> </u>		_	Bank					
Year					Deposits	P	Property Value (3)			
Ended	Number of		Number of		(in \$1,000)					
June 30,	Units	Value	Units	Value	(2)	Commercial	Residential	Nontaxable		
-					·					
2001	52	50,110,899	247	31,564,269	753,956	(4)	(4)	(4)		
2002	59	17,771,045	239	32,332,952	835,906	(4)	(4)	(4)		
2003	45	18,098,182	274	49,745,662	901,476	(4)	(4)	(4)		
2004	31	4,991,043	463	77,950,022	959,242	(4)	(4)	(4)		
2005	32	33,579,289	470	79,408,188	1,038,152	(4)	(4)	(4)		
2006	17	19,666,915	508	80,933,576	1,030,196	(4)	(4)	(4)		
2007	32	18,799,032	278	40,407,617	1,179,020	(4)	(4)	(4)		
2008	17	9,751,549	185	27,184,422	1,120,845	(4)	(4)	(4)		
2009	11	2,181,625	77	13,038,727	1,196,459	(4)	(4)	(4)		
2010	12	4,304,679	62	9,809,456	1,210,261	(4)	(4)	(4)		

- Source: (1) City Building Division
  - (2) FDIC, Credit Union not included
  - (3) City's value, per Josephine County
  - (4) Information not currently available

### **DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS**

For the last ten fiscal years (Unaudited)

Fiscal		Personal							
Year		Income**						School	
Ended	Population	(thousands of		Per Capita		Median	I	Enrollment	Unemployment
June 30,	(1)	dollars)		Income (2)		Age (2)		(3)	Rate (2)
2001	23,670	528,503,760		22,328		N/A		5,396	7.1%
2002	23,870	537,647,880		22,524		N/A		5,347	8.2%
2003	24,470	557,793,650		22,795		N/A		5,535	8.7%
2004	24,790	590,944,020		23,838		39.7		5,596	7.3%
2005	26,085	650,220,795		24,927		39.4		5,707	7.2%
2006	30,930	824,841,240		26,668		38.2		5,779	6.9%
2007	31,740	881,419,800		27,770		43.5		5,655	6.7%
2008	32,260	944,798,620		29,287		44.6		5,647	7.3%
2009	33,225	999,009,300	*	30,068	*	44.6		5,486	14.7%
2010	33,225	999,009,300	**	30,068	**	44.6	**	5,801	14.3%

N/A = Information not available

Sources: (1) Portland State University Center of Population and Research

- (2) City of Grants Pass Economic Development Department & Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA.gov)
- (3) Grants Pass School District No. 7

Note: The City of Grants Pass does not have a large enough population to be considered an MSA (metropolitan service area). Annual gathering of statistics is not done by the U.S. Census Bureau, the Bureau of Economic Analysis, or the Oregon Employment Department. Therefore, Per Capita Income and Unemployment are reported at the Josephine County level. We believe this is a statistically valid estimate.

<sup>\*</sup>Data from BEA.gov only available through 2007. 2008 and 2009 estimates provided by the Economic Development Department based on Oregon index change from the American Community Survey (Census.gov)

<sup>\*\*</sup>Per Capita Income x Population

## INSURANCE AND SURETY BONDS IN FORCE

June 30, 2010 (Unaudited)

Company	Policy Number	Amount	Coverage	Policy Term	Premium
City - County Insurance Services	08LGSP	\$ 2,000,000	Comprehensive general liability	7/01/2009- 6/30/2010	\$ 229,841
City - County Insurance Services	09APDGSP	Various	Auto physical damage	7/01/2009 - 6/30/2010	22,450
City - County Insurance Services	09PGSP	5,000,000	Property insurance (includes earthquake and flood)	7/01/2009 - 6/30/2010	64,787
Western Surety	24781224	50,000	Public Official Bond Finance Director	6/22/2010 - 6/22/2011	175
Western Surety	24779104	50,000	Public Official Bond City Manager	6/17/2010 - 6/17/2011	175
Life Insurance Company of North America	SPS900303	30,000	Volunteer accident	7/01/2009 - 6/30/2010	585
City - County Insurance Services	09EQGP	5,000,000	Excess earthquake	7/01/2009 - 6/30/2010	2,500
Safety National Casualty	AGC-3B02-OR	1,000,000	Excess workers' compensation	7/01/2009 - 6/30/2010	38,116
American International Specialty Lines	PLS1957953	10,000,000	Pollution Legal Liability	12/31/2001 - 12/31/2011	200,000
American International Specialty Lines	EPP1957147	13,000,000	Solid waste-closure/post- closure	7/01/2001 - 7/01/2031	6,756,809
City - County Insurance Services	09LGSP	1,500,000	Auto Liability Coverage	7/01/2009 -7/01/2010	31,884
City - County	09CGSP	200,000	Excess Crime	7/01/2009 - 6/30/2010	978

## JOSEPHINE COUNTY PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Eight\*\* Years Ago (Unaudited)

			2010			2003	
				Percentage	'		Percentage
				of Total			of Total
		Approximate		County	Approximate		County
Employer	Type of Business	Employment	Rank	Employment	Employment	Rank	Employment
Three Rivers Community Hospital	* Health Care	700	1	1.99%	750	1	2.13%
Grants Pass School District No. 7	* Education	700	2	1.99%	650	5	1.85%
Three Rivers School District	Education	638	3	1.81%	670	4	1.90%
Master Brand Cabinets	* Wood products manufacturing	625	4	1.78%	510	6	1.45%
Wal-Mart	* Department Store	500	5	1.42%	330	7	0.94%
Josephine County	* Government	459	6	1.30%	700	3	1.99%
Fire Mountain Gems	* Catalog Sales	400	7	1.14%	225	9	0.64%
Rogue Community College	Education	350	8	0.99%	715	2	2.03%
Diversified Collection Services	* Collections agency	225	9	0.64%			
City of Grants Pass	* Government	207	10	0.59%			
Rogue Valley Door	* Wood products manufacturing				255	8	0.72%
Highland House Nursing Center	* Health Care				210	10	0.60%
Royale Gardens	* Health Care				210	10	0.60%
Total employees		4,804	-	13.65%	5,225	_	14.85%
	Total Employment	35,186	=		22,120	-	

<sup>\*</sup> Indicates businesses within the Grants Pass city limits.

Note: The employment numbers are very fluid and therefore are approximate numbers based on the data available at time of request.

Source: City of Grants Pass Economic Development Department

<sup>\*\*</sup>The reporting of these statistics began after GASB 34 implementation, therefore only eight years ago reported instead of nine.

## TEN LARGEST TAXPAYERS

WITHIN CITY LIMITS

Current Year and Eight\* Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2010			2003		
				Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
		City		Assessed	City		Assessed
Name	Type of Business	Assessed Value	Rank	Value	Assessed Value	Rank	Value
Auerbach Grants Pass LLC & Freeman Grants Pass LLC	Commercial	\$ 17,075,600	1	0.69%	\$ -		-
Masterbrand Cabinets	Industrial	17,400,900	2	0.70%	5,760,190	10	0.43%
Charter	Utility	14,176,740	3	0.57%			
Lynn-Ann Development LLC	Developer	13,600,666	4	0.55%	-		-
Grants Pass FMS LLC	Commercial	13,345,550	5	0.54%	-		-
Wal-Mart Stores Inc.	Commercial	13,097,545	6	0.53%	7,120,444	6	0.53%
QWEST Corporation	Utility	12,807,600	7	0.52%	21,789,540	1	1.61%
Albertson's Inc.	Commercial	11,146,383	8	0.45%	-		-
BRE/SW Spring Village LLC	Commercial	10,697,700	9	0.43%	-		-
Pacificcorp (PP&L)	Utility	10,854,000	10	0.44%	7,038,700	7	0.52%
TP Grants Pass LLC	Industrial				-		-
Johnson, Carl D	Commercial				7,186,030	5	0.53%
Grant Kent Partners LP	Commercial				11,281,710	2	0.84%
Zak Realty	Commercial				10,581,537	3	0.78%
Jensen, Robert A & Shirley Y	Commercial				7,415,458	4	0.55%
Hillebrand Children Riverwwod Apts	Rental				6,328,184	8	0.47%
Marquis Suites	Sr Housing				5,941,473	9	0.44%
Total of top-ten taxpayers		134,202,684		5.42%	90,443,266		6.70%
Other Taxpayers		2,344,444,275		94.58%	1,260,258,195		93.30%
	Total City Assessed Value	\$ 2,478,646,959		100.00%	\$ 1,350,701,461		100.00%

<sup>\*</sup>The reporting of these statistics began after GASB 34 implementation, therfore only eight years ago reported instead of nine.

Source: Joesphine County Assessor

### OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

		r ending June 30 audited)	th		
		2003	2004	2005	2006
Public Safety				-	-
Traffic stops	(1)			5,519	6,318
Warnings issued	(1)			3,870	4,232
Citations issued	(1)	6,381	5,469	5,180	4,416
Calls for service - Police Reactive**	(1)	27,146	28,209	25,562	27,703
Calls for service - Police Proactive**	(1)			15,424	13,232
Calls for service - Fire	(1)	3,491	3,426	3,190	3,126
Businesses inspected	(1)	439	557*	249**	839
Business self-inspections	(1)	455	503*	454**	614
Citizen Public Safety Academy attendance	(1)	52	52	50	40
Student Public Safety Academy attendance	(1)				
Transportation					
Street overlays (square yards)	(4)	73,830	52,648	41289**	0***
Street overlays (tons of asphalt)	(4)	8,561	8,773	7506**	0***
Chip Seal	(4)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Signage additions	(4)	143	141	279**	177
Signage replacements	(4)	339	135	189**	352
Miles of restriping	(4)	12.17	13.14	7.34**	12.3
Building					
Total Permits issued	(2)	3,900	5,154	5,606	5,334
New single family permits	(2)	205	325	361	362
New multi-family permits	(2)	31	59	44	54
New commercial permits	(2)	16	17	31	17
Total Inspections	(2)	11,695	14,024	15,507	17,043
Parks					
Swimming pool attendance	(5)	10,664	9,601	16,464	11,555
Rental of facilities	(5)	154	200	199	207
Number of games scheduled	(5)	1,577	1387*	1,458	1,727
Development					
Total land use applications	(2)	250	289	325	347
Subdivision final plats	(2)	12	20	29	20
Commercial site plan review	(2)	55	53	51	56
Water					
New connections	(2)	291	482	561	581
Number of consumers	(3)	8,869	9,158	9,521	10,038
Total water produced (1000s of gallons)	(4)	1,755,727	1,779,523	1,766,136	1,800,673
Average daily production (gallons)	(4)	4,850,000	5,166,992	4,959,750	5,007,417
Wastewater					
Wastewater treated (1000s of gallons)	(4)	2,151,709	2,029,600	2,114,400	2,569,300
Sludge to co-compost (yards)	(4)	6,868	6,800	5,617	6,725
Greenwaste received (cubic yards)	(4)	31,752	37,495	43,961	37,081
Woodwaste received (cubic yards)	(4)	40,591	43,103	50,871	61,916
JO-GRO <sup>134</sup> sales (cubic yards)	(4)	7,035	7,471	5,248	5,754

### Sources

- (1) City Public Safety Department
- (2) City Community Development Department
- (3) City Administrative Services Department
- (4) City Public Works Department
- (5) City Parks and Community Services Department

### Notes:

NOTE: The reporting of these statistics began after GASB 34 implementation, therefore only eight years are reported. Police calls for service 2005 forward only available by calendar year. (e.g. 2009 data = calendar 2008)

<sup>\*</sup> The 2004 Business Inspection numbers are from January 1 through September 30, 2004. The Little League played games at Rogue Community College in 2004 which lowered usage of All Sports Park.

<sup>\*\* 2005</sup> forward Calls for Service restated in FY09 per Public Safety audit of calls.

The Business Inspection numbers are from January 1 through August 31, 2005. In the Transportation section, the numbers are calculated from January 1 through October 11, 2005.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>In FY'06 it was decided to postpone overlays until the next year to have additional funding for a major project on Washington Blvd.in FY'07.

## **OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Continued**

For fiscal year ending June 30th (Unaudited)

	(Unai	idited)			
		2007	2008	2009	2010
Dublic Cofety				-	
Public Safety	(1)	6755	7.500	0.220	10.710
Traffic stops	(1)	6,755	7,580	8,229	10,712
Warnings issued	(1)	4,340	5,278	7,699	7,813
Citations issued	(1)	4,119	4,082	1,915	2,425
Calls for service - Police Reactive**	(1)	29,950	29,316	27,429	39,647
Calls for service - Police Proactive**	(1)	15,104	15,424	14,658	17,341
Calls for service - Fire	(1)	3,591	3,698	3,659	3,742
Businesses inspected	(1)	1,295	1,342	1,470	1,451
Business self-inspections	(1)	607	67	48	57
Citizen Public Safety Academy attendance	(1)	29	28	26	25
Student Public Safety Academy attendance	(1)	30	27	25	27
Transportation					
Street overlays (square yards)	(4)	30,369	21,700	27,283	96,628
Street overlays (tons of asphalt)	(4)	7,228	2,411	n/a	13,588
Chip Seal	(4)	n/a	2,178	1,573	1,680
Signage additions	(4)	121	91	131	59
Signage replacements	(4)	265	185	505	364
Miles of restriping-longitudinal	(4)	203	25	27	25
whies of restriping-longitudinal	(4)	20	23	21	23
Building					
Total Permits issued	(2)	3,804	2,857	1,225	1,130
New single family permits	(2)	234	166	75	58
New multi-family permits	(2)	20	6	1	1
New commercial permits	(2)	32	17	11	13
Total Inspections	(2)	12,366	10,609	6,409	3,988
Tour hispections	(2)	12,500	10,007	0,100	3,700
Parks					
Swimming pool attendance	(5)	18,083	19,748	18,409	22,583
Rental of facilities	(5)	232	214	239	239
Number of games scheduled	(5)	1,575	1,563	1,916	1,752
Development					
Total land use applications	(2)	221	163	121	104
Subdivision final plats	(2)	22	7	6	5
Commercial site plan review	(2)	49	30	22	30
•	(-)				
Water					
New connections	(2)	308	175	167	79
Number of consumers	(3)	10,413	10,545	10,533	10,614
Total water produced (1000s of gallons)	(4)	2,114,600	2,017,090	1,971,250	1,910,534
Total water billed (1000s of gallons)	(4)	n/a	n/a	1,780,787	1,559,451
Average daily production (gallons)	(4)	5,809,341	5,565,092	5,384,083	5,263,200
Wastewater					
Wastewater treated (1000s of gallons)	(4)	2,252,000	2,122,830	1,898,600	2,103,800
Sludge to co-compost (yards)	(4)	7,631	7,267	7,770	6,498
Greenwaste received (cubic yards)	(4)	37.764	38,807	37,869	36,032
Woodwaste received (cubic yards)	` '	58,028	48,453	34,769	30,920
JO-GRO <sup>134</sup> sales (cubic yards)	(4)				,
JO-GRO sales (cubic yards)	(4)	5,748	6,530	9,733	7,094

## Sources:

- (1) City Public Safety Department
- (2) City Community Development Department
- (3) City Administrative Services Department
- (4) City Public Works Department(5) City Parks and Community Services Department

### CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

For the last eight years. (Unaudited)

		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Public Safety									
Police stations	(1)	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	4
Sub-stations	(1)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
Marked Patrol Units	(5)	9	9	9	10	11	11	11	11
Un-marked Patrol Units	(1)					11	11	11	11
K-9 units	(5)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Motorcycles	(5)	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3
Specialty Vehicles	(1)					7	7	7	7
T3	(1)					1	1	2	2
Equipment Trailers	(1)					5	5	5	5
Fire stations	(1)	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
Pumpers	(1)	3	3	3	3	3	3	6	6
Ladder Trucks	(1)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Wildland Engine	(1)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Transportation									
Streets (miles)	(2)	99	102	105	106	131	145	162	166
Streetlights	(4)	1,165	1,452	1,460	1,517	1,537	1,550	1,788	1,790
City Owned				118	125	125	133	183	183
PP&L Owned				1,342	1,392	1,412	1,417	1,605	1,607
Traffic signals	(4)	6	6	7	7	8	9	9	9
Parks									
Number of parks-developed	(5)	12	13	14	15	15	21	17	24
Number of parks-undeveloped								15	8
Acreage of parks-developed	(5)	116	128	134	134	134	445	151.92	194.76
Acreage of parks-undeveloped								355.36	312.52
Swimming pools	(5)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Playgrounds	(5)	6	7	7	8	9	11	11	11
Baseball/softball fields	(5)	10	10	12	12	12	12	12	12
Soccer fields	(5)	4	4	4	5	6	5	5	5
Tennis courts	(5)	12	12	14	14	14	14	15	14
Water									
Water mains (miles)	(4)	157	153	172	175	180	184	186	187
Fire hydrants	(4)	1,063	1,295	1,359	1,472	1,489	1,569	1,602	1,608
Storage capacity (millions of gallons)	(4)	19.2	19.2	19.2	19	19	19	19	19
Reservoirs	(4)	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Wastewater									
Sanitary sewers (miles)	(4)	160	153	166	167	168	170	170	170
Storm drains (miles)	(4)	32	36	101	103	104	105	105	105
Lift stations	(4)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Pumping Station (includes RSSSD)	(4)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Treatment capacity (millions of gallons)	(4)	4	4	4	4	6.4*	6.4*	6.4*	6.4*

<sup>\*</sup>The City Wastewater Plant's hydraulic capacity permit is for 4.0 MGD. Parametrix, consultant for the Wastewater Treatment Plant, conducted a capacity analysis after Phase 1 of the plant upgrade at DEQ's request and it was determined the capacity was actually 6.4 MGD.

### Sources:

- (1) City Public Safety Department
- (3) City Administrative Services Department
- (2) City Community Development Department
- (4) City Public Works Department
- (5) City Parks and Community Services Department

NOTE: The reporting of these statistics began after GASB 34 implementation, therefore only seven years are reported.

## MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS

June 30, 2010 (Unaudited)

Date of Incorporation -1887

Form of government - Council/Manager

		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Area	(2)	Acres - 5,562	Acres - 5,856	Acres - 6,166	Acres - 7,026				
Number of police and officers	(1)	42	40	41	43	44	44	41	46
Number of firefighters and officers	(1)	17	17	17	17	17	19	27	27
Employees (Permanent) Classified service Exempt	(3) (3)	168 9	168 9	165 9	169 9	187.5 9	217 10	194 10	180 27

### Sources:

- (1) City Public Safety Department
- (2) City Community Development Department
- (3) City Administrative Services Department

NOTE: The reporting of these statistics began after GASB 34 implementation, therefore only seven years are reported.

## STAFF ALLOCATION BY ACTIVITY\*

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009*	2010
Department/Activity										_
Administration										
Management	4.75	4.75	4.90	5.90	5.90	5.90	5.90	6.90	6.70	5.75
Information Technology	_	_	2.00	2.00	3.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Finance	15.00	15.00	13.00	13.00	14.00	15.00	15.00	16.00	15.00	13.00
Legal	0.85	0.85	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.75	0.75	1.34	1.34
Risk Insurance	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.41	0.41
Human Resources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.00	2.50	2.50
Economic Development	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Tourism Development	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Downtown	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Downtown	23.40	23.40	24.50	25.50	27.50	25.00	21.95	26.95	26.95	24.00
Community Development	23.10	23.10	21.50	23.50	27.50	25.00	21.75	20.73	20.73	24.00
Management Management	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	8.00	4.80	5.00
Engineering	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	9.20	9.00	10.00	8.50	6.50
Planning	9.00	9.00	11.00	14.00	7.00	9.00	8.00	11.00	5.00	4.00
Building & Safety	-	-	-	-	7.00	6.00	6.00	7.00	2.00	2.00
Building & Safety	22.00	23.00	25.00	28.00	29.00	31.20	30.00	36.00	20.30	17.50
Parks and Community Services	22.00	23.00	23.00	20.00	27.00	31.20	30.00	30.00	20.50	17.50
Information Services	_	_	_	_	0.00	3.55	2.65	4.45	3.95	3.95
Park Maintenance	6.35	6.30	6.30	6.30	6.40	6.40	6.45	8.00	6.65	6.85
Property Management	1.25	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.00	1.05	0.90	1.25	1.30	1.30
Aquatics	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.10
Street Maintenance	6.50	7.45	7.45	6.45	7.50	6.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Recreation	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.45	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.30	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.35	0.55	0.40	3.30	3.05	3.05
Garage Operations	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.35	0.33	0.33	0.40	0.60	0.70	0.70
Equipment Repair Tourism Development	0.30	-	-	-	0.40	0.43	2.00	1.85	1.85	1.85
	-	-	-	-	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.45	1.45	1.45
Downtown	15.00	16.00	16.00	15.00	16.00	19.00	14.30	21.35	19.40	19.40
Dealed: - Wd	13.00	10.00	10.00	13.00	10.00	19.00	14.30	21.33	19.40	19.40
Public Works	1 15	5.00	5.40	5.40	5.40	5 17	4.20	5.04	6.46	6.46
Water Treatment	4.45 6.95	5.00 7.00	5.40 8.00	5.40 8.00	8.00	5.17 8.44	4.39 8.98	5.94 8.93	8.30	8.30
Water Distribution	3.95				4.00			5.94		5.16
Wastewater Collection	9.12	4.00	4.00 8.25	4.00	8.75	4.44 8.84	5.98	3.94 8.88	5.16	
Wastewater Treatment		7.75		8.25			8.73		7.41	9.91
JO-GRO ™	3.33	3.25	3.35	3.35	3.85	3.91	3.91 1.00	4.05	4.11	2.61 1.00
Capital Projects	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Solid Waste	1.30	1.10	-	-	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.10	0.10
Storm Water	-	-	-	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00
Street Maintenance	20.10	- 20.10	20.00	20.00			6.70	6.76	7.56	7.56
D.111 G.0	30.10	29.10	30.00	30.00	31.00	31.80	39.70	41.65	40.10	41.10
Public Safety	£1.50	50.50	54.50	50.50	54.50	50.00	co 00	60.00	(7.75	72.50
Field Operations	51.50	52.50	54.50	52.50	54.50	59.00	60.00	68.00	67.75	73.50
Support Operations	26.00	26.00	27.00	26.00	26.00	28.00	26.00	31.00	25.60	29.10
Code Enforcement	- 77.50	70.50	- 01.50	70.50	- 00.50	1.00	3.05	2.05	1.00	0.00
	77.50	78.50	81.50	78.50	80.50	88.00	89.05	101.05	94.35	102.60
m . 1	169.00	170.00	177.00	177.00	104.00	105.00	105.00	227.00	201.10	204.60
Total	168.00	170.00	177.00	177.00	184.00	195.00	195.00	227.00	201.10	204.60

<sup>\*</sup> Actual full-time positions reported through 2008. As of 2009 reporting FTE for all permanent positions.

This information is provided by the City's Human Resources Department.

# WATER UTILITY TEN LARGEST REVENUE SOURCES

Current Year and Eight\* Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2010				2003		
	Annual			Percent of	Annual			
	Consumption	Annual		Total	Consumption	Annual		Percent of
Customer (classification)	Units (100 hcf)	Revenue**	Rank	Revenue	Units (100 hcf)	Revenue**	Rank	Total Revenue
City of Grants Pass (public)	155,604	\$ 145,188	1	3.50%	67,471	\$ 95,239	1	2.93%
Three Rivers Hospital (commercial)	28,366	38,288	2	0.92%	27,433	37,096	4	1.14%
Riverwood Apts. (multi-family)	20,105	23,692	3	0.57%	19,869	30,052	5	0.93%
School District 7 (public)	19,207	22,223	4	0.54%	54,955	69,797	2	2.15%
Timber Products (commercial)	16,400	20,540	5	0.49%	27,133	25,422	7	0.78%
Josephine County (public)	16,213	29,246	6	0.70%	34,178	59,434	3	1.83%
Omley (commercial)	23,160	11,865	7	0.29%				
Westlake Village (residential PUD)	13,616	11,804	8	0.28%				
Royal Gardens (retirement)	12,138	7,813	9	0.19%				
Cathedral Hills (residential PUD)	15,896	7,426	10	0.18%				
State of Oregon (public)					20,018	28,352	6	0.87%
Grants Pass Shopping Center (commercial)					15,540	24,948	8	0.77%
Grants Pass Hardwoods (commercial)					27,618	22,185	9	0.68%
Spring Pointe/Spring Village (commercial)					12,949	20,819	10	0.64%
Sub-total	320,705	318,085		7.66%	307,164	413,344	-	12.74%
All other sources	_	3,834,180	ı	92.34%	<u>-</u>	2,831,815	•	87.26%
Total Water Revenues	9	4,152,265		100.00%		\$ 3,245,159		100.00%

hcf = hundred cubic feet

<sup>\*</sup>The reporting of these statistics began after GASB 34 implementation, therfore only eight years ago reported instead of nine.

<sup>\*\*</sup> While consumption may be similar, revenue can vary due to class and size of service.

## UTILITY STATISTICS

## WATER USAGE CUSTOMER ANALYSIS

For the last ten fiscal years (Unaudited)

## Number of Accounts

Fiscal Year Ended June					Fire	Outside City	
30,	Residential	Multi-Family	Commercial	Public	Protection	Surcharge	Total
2000	5,814	721	967	145	77	40	7,764
2001	6,094	722	980	120	76	85	8,077
2002	6,333	743	995	170	95	176	8,512
2003	6,553	766	1,027	173	97	252	8,868
2004	6,780	808	1,046	168	100	255	9,157
2005	6,909	874	1,095	189	116	270	9,453
2006	7,400	940	1,138	172	123	233	10,006
2007	7,708	948	1,134	181	135	207	10,313
2008	7,869	945	1,159	152	132	97	10,354
2008*	7,966	977	1,175	188	135	166	10,607
2009	8,042	1,002	1,194	186	141	100	10,665
2010	7,957	1,007	1,176	118	140	94	10,492
			Water Consu	mption (hcf)			
Fiscal Year							
Ended June	Double at 1	Madel Essella	C	D. LT.	Fire	Outside City	T-4-1
30,	Residential	Multi-Family	Commercial	Public	Protection	Surcharge	Total
2000	939,679	314,895	529,133	162,411	1,682	8,004	1,955,804
2001	972,185	314,311	517,178	164,882	705	14,141	1,983,402
2002	966,914	304,344	504,619	179,148	367	34,393	1,989,785
2003	1,026,069	308,281	516,551	200,821	278	46,200	2,098,200
2004	1,103,582	322,686	521,548	202,270	431	51,244	2,201,761
2005	1,268,695	354,590	576,633	225,770	1,858	51,326	2,478,872
2006	1,777,033	429,727	800,893	264,922	2,405	50,162	3,325,142
2007	1,761,357	440,405	783,055	278,658	1,639	35,471	3,300,585
2008	1,637,651	350,760	581,247	223,662	470	35,153	2,828,943
2009	1,315,314	366,406	574,795	235,366	443	23,051	2,515,375
2010	1,172,178	356,442	547,589	217,613	564	33,370	2,327,756

## **Water and Sewer Rates**

## Water and Sewer Rates from 1993 through November 1, 2005

	Wat	ter <sup>(1)</sup>		Sewer		
	Monthly Base Rate first 500 cf <sup>(2)</sup>	Commodity Charge Per 100 cf above 500 cf	Monthly Service Charge	Volume Charge		
Residential	\$12.30	0.87	\$4.31	\$1.50 X awwc <sup>(3)</sup>		
Multifamily	\$12.30	0.55	\$4.31	\$1.50 X awwc <sup>(3)</sup>		
Commercial	\$12.30	0.57	\$4.31	\$1.50 X awc <sup>(4)</sup>		
Public	\$12.30	0.71	\$4.31	\$1.50 X awc <sup>(4)</sup>		

- (1) Additional monthly charges may apply depending on geographical elevation in which service is provided (service level charge) and whether the fire protection charge applies.
- (2) Rate is based on the 3/4 inch meter which is the most common meter used

## Water Rates as of February, 2006

#### Add'l Unit Monthly Chrg for multi-Meter Size Base Rate family & PUD 8.30 3/4 " or less 3.10 18.50 3.10 34.90 1.5" 3.10 2" 56.00 3.10 3" 108.00 3.10 4" 179.00 3.10 6" 340.00 3.10 8" 541.00 3.10 10' 838.00 3.10

Single Family Residential							
0-10 11-25 unit >26 units							
\$0.77	\$0.98	\$1.16					

Customer Class		
Multi-Family & PUD	\$	0.76
Commercial/Public		0.91
Irrigation-All Classes		1.32
Standby-All Classes		1.32

Service Level Charge		
Service Level	Per Unit Chrg	
1	0	
2	\$0.09	
3	\$0.19	
4	\$0.28	
5	\$0.37	

## Sewer Rates as of October, 2005

Class	Per	Month
	•	
Residential		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	10.60
Volume Charge x awwc		2.18
Multi-Family		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	10.60
Volume Charge x awwc		2.18
Commercial Normal Stren	gth	
Monthly Service Charge	\$	10.60
Volume Charge x awc		2.18
Commercial High Strength	1	
Monthly Service Charge	\$	10.60
Volume Charge x awc		2.18
Public		
r ublic		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	10.60

(3) awwc: average winter water consumption

(4) awc: actual water consumption

## **Water and Sewer Rates**

Annually the water and sewer rates will be increased by the 12-month average of Cost of Living Index which is 3.43% for 2007.

## Water Rates as of January 1, 2007

Meter Size	Monthly Base Rate	Add'l Unit Chrg for multi- family & PUD
3/4 " or less	\$ 8.58	\$ 3.21
1"	19.13	3.21
1.5"	36.10	3.21
2"	57.92	3.21
3"	111.70	3.21
4"	185.14	3.21
6"	351.66	3.21
8"	559.56	3.21
10"	866.74	3.21

Single Family Residential			
0-10 11-25 unit >26 units			
\$0.77	\$0.98	\$1.20	

Customer Class		
Multi-Family & PUD	\$	0.79
Commercial/Public		0.94
Irrigation-All Classes		1.37
Standby-All Classes		1.37

Service Level Charge		
Service Level	Per Unit Chrg	
1	0	
2	\$0.09	
3	\$0.20	
4	\$0.29	
5	\$0.38	

## Sewer Rates as of January 1, 2007

Class	Per Month	
Residential		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	10.96
Volume Charge x awwc	т.	2.25
Multi-Family		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	10.96
Volume Charge x awwc		2.25
Commercial Normal Strength		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	10.96
Volume Charge x awc		2.25
Commercial High Strength		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	10.96
Volume Charge x awc		3.15
Public		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	10.96
Volume Charge x awc		2.25

(3) awwc: average winter water consumption

(4) awc: actual water consumption

## **Water and Sewer Rates**

Annually the water and sewer rates will be increased by the 12-month average of Cost of Living Index which is 2.54% for 2008.

## Water Rates as of January 1, 2008

Meter Size	Monthly Base Rate	Add'l Unit Chrg for multi- family & PUD
3/4 " or less	\$ 8.80	\$ 3.29
1"	19.62	3.29
1.5"	37.02	3.29
2"	59.39	3.29
3"	114.54	3.29
4"	189.84	3.29
6"	360.59	3.29
8"	573.77	3.29
10"	888.76	3.29

Single Family Residential				
0-10	11-25 unit >26 units			
\$0.82	\$1.04	\$1.23		

Customer Class			
Multi-Family & PUD	\$	0.81	
Commercial/Public		0.96	
Irrigation-All Classes		1.40	
Standby-All Classes		1.40	

Service Level Charge		
Service Level	Per Unit Chrg	
1	0	
2	\$0.09	
3	\$0.21	
4	\$0.30	
5	\$0.39	

## Sewer Rates as of January 1, 2008

Class	Per Month	
Residential		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.24
Volume Charge x awwc		2.31
Multi-Family		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.24
Volume Charge x awwc		2.31
Commercial Normal Strength		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.24
Volume Charge x awc		2.31
Commercial High Strength		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.24
Volume Charge x awc		3.23
Public		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.24
Volume Charge x awc		2.31

(3) awwc: average winter water consumption

(4) awc: actual water consumption

## **Water and Sewer Rates**

Annually the water and sewer rates will be increased by the 12-month average of Cost of Living Index which is 4.45% for 2008.

## Water Rates as of January 1, 2009

Customer Service Charge*		
Meter Size	Monthly Base Rate	Add'l Unit Chrg for multi- family & PUD
3/4 " or less	\$ 9.19	\$ 3.44
1"	20.49	3.44
1.5"	38.67	3.44
2"	62.03	3.44
3"	119.64	3.44
4"	198.29	3.44
6"	376.64	3.44
8"	599.30	3.44
10"	928.31	3.44

Single Family Residential**			
1st 10 Units Units 11-25 All Units >25			
\$0.86	\$1.09	\$1.28	

Customer Class		
Multi-Family & PUD	\$	0.85
Commercial/Public		1.00
Interruptible Irrigation for		
Public Parks & Schools		0.86
Irrigation-All Classes		1.46
Standby-All Classes		1.46

Service Level Charge		
Service Level	Per Unit Chrg	
1	0	
2	\$0.10	
3	\$0.22	
4	\$0.31	
5	\$0.41	

## Sewer Rates as of January 1, 2009

		Per
Class	M	lonth
Class	14.	Ontin
Residential		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.74
Volume Charge x awwc**		2.41
Multi-Family		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.74
Volume Charge x awwc**		2.41
Commercial Normal Strength		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.74
Volume Charge x awc***		2.41
Commercial High Strength		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.74
Volume Charge x awc***		3.37
		•
Public		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.74
Volume Charge x awc***		2.41

\*\*awwc: average winter water consumption

\*\*\*awc: actual water consumption

<sup>\*</sup>Customer service charge does not include any water used. Water usage costs are based upon the following tables. Each Unit of water is equivalent to 748 gallons.

## **Water and Sewer Rates**

Effective March 1, 2009 the Cost of Living Index increase for 2009 was repealed by Council Action.

## Water Rates as of March 1, 2009

Customer Service Charge*		
Meter Size	Monthly Base Rate	Add'l Unit Chrg for multi- family & PUD
3/4 " or less	\$ 8.80 19.62	\$ 3.29 3.29
1.5"	37.02	3.29
2" 3"	59.39 114.54	3.29 3.29
4"	189.84	3.29
6" 8"	360.59 573.77	3.29 3.29
10"	888.76	3.29

Single Family Residential			
0-10   11-25 unit   >26 units			
\$0.82	\$1.04	\$1.23	

Customer Class		
Multi-Family & PUD	\$	0.81
Commercial/Public		0.96
Interruptible Irrigation for		
Public Parks & Schools		0.86
Irrigation-All Classes		1.40
Standby-All Classes		1.40

Service Level Charge		
Service Level	Per Unit Chrg	
1	0	
2	\$0.09	
3	\$0.21	
4	\$0.30	
5	\$0.39	

## Sewer Rates as of March 1, 2009

Class	N	Per Ionth
Residential		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.24
Volume Charge x awwc**		2.31
Multi-Family		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.24
Volume Charge x awwc**		2.31
Commercial Normal Strength		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.24
Volume Charge x awc***		2.31
Commercial High Strength		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.24
Volume Charge x awc***		3.23
Public		
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.24
Volume Charge x awc***		2.31

<sup>\*</sup>Customer service charge does not include any water used. Water usage costs are based upon the following tables. Each Unit of water is equivalent to 748 gallons.

<sup>\*\*</sup>awwc: average winter water consumption

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>awc: actual water consumption

Effective January 1, 2010 sewer rates were increased 6.29% (4.45% permanent and 1.84% thru December 31, 2011. Water rates remained unchanged.

## Water Rates as of January 1, 2010

#### Customer Service Charge\* Add'l Unit Monthly Chrg for multi-Base Rate family & PUD Meter Size 8.80 3.29 3/4 " or less 19.62 3.29 37.02 1.5" 3.29 2" 59.39 3.29 3" 3.29 114.54 4" 189.84 3.29 6" 360.59 3.29 3.29 8" 573.77 10" 888.76 3.29

Single Family Residential			
0-10 11-25 unit >26 units			
\$0.82	\$1.04	\$1.23	

Customer Class				
Multi-Family & PUD	\$	0.81		
Commercial/Public		0.96		
Interruptible Irrigation for				
Public Parks & Schools		0.86		
Irrigation-All Classes		1.40		
Standby-All Classes		1.40		

Service Level Charge			
Service Level	Per Unit Chrg		
1	0		
2	\$0.09		
3	\$0.21		
4	\$0.30		
5	\$0.39		

## Sewer Rates as of January 1, 2010

Class	N	Per Month	
Residential			
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.96	
Volume Charge x awwc**		2.45	
-			
Multi-Family			
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.96	
Volume Charge x awwc**		2.45	
Commercial Normal Strength			
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.96	
Volume Charge x awc***		2.45	
Commercial High Strength			
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.96	
Volume Charge x awc***		3.43	
Public			
Monthly Service Charge	\$	11.96	
Volume Charge x awc***		2.45	

\*\*awwc: average winter water consumption

\*\*\*awc: actual water consumption

<sup>\*</sup>Customer service charge does not include any water used. Water usage costs are based upon the following tables. Each Unit of water is equivalent to 748 gallons.

2009-2010 AUDITORS' COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES

- 12700 SW 72ND AVENUE TIGARD, OREGON 97223
- (503) 620-2632 FAX (503) 684-7523

## **Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulations**

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Grants Pass as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Compliance**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Grants Pass' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statues as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City of Grants Pass was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

## OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the internal controls over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Council Members and Management and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

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